

# Converting Colors

Android(4294564842)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294564842) contains.

<b>Android(4294564842)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4294564842)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9DBEA
RGB	249, 219, 234
RGB Percent	98%, 86%, 92%
CMY	0.0235, 0.1412, 0.0824
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.06, 0.02
HSL	330°, 71%, 92%
HSV	330°, 12%, 98%
XYZ	79.2497, 76.7433, 88.4779
YIQ	229.6800, 13.0650, 11.0250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

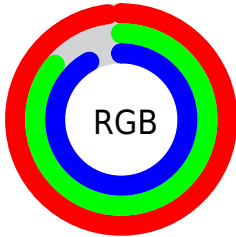
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	249, 219, 234
Decimal	16374762
CIE Lab	90.20, 12.83, -3.52
CIE LCh	90, 13.307, 344.645
Yxy	76.7433, 0.3242, 0.3139
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294564842 (0xFFF9DBEA)
YUV	229.6800, 2.1298, 16.9436
Hunter-Lab	87.6032, 8.1732, 1.4403

# Details

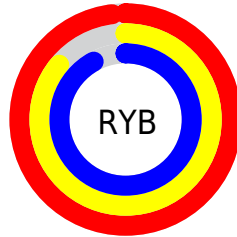
The Android color `4294564842` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4292606442`, and the grayscale version is `4293322470`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4290815154` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4294558430`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4294571254`.

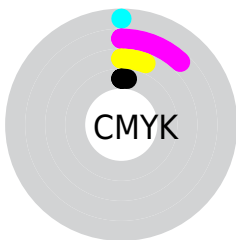
# Distribution



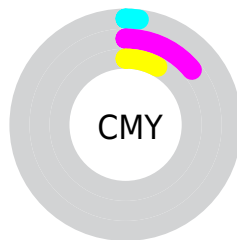
- Red (98%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294564842 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294564842 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294564842

 4294564842

4294967295

 4292657102

 4290815154

 4289039000

 4287328382

 4285618277

 4283973709

 4282460726

 4280948001

 4279762954

 4294564842

 4294564842

 4294558430

 4294571254

 4294552017

 4294574079

 4294545605

 4294539192

 4294532780

 4294526623

 4294520211

 4294513798

 4294508669

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4293779189



4294564842



4294892253

# Triad

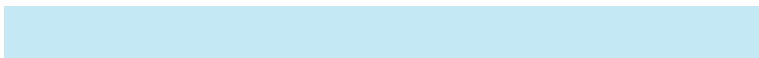
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294564842



4293387466



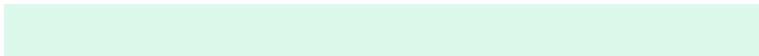
4291160564

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294564842



4292606442

# Split Complementary

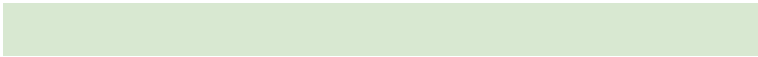
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291095529



4294564842



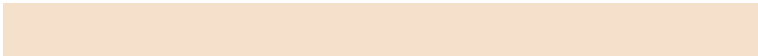
4292405457

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294564842



4294238411



4291554012



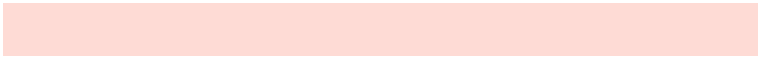
4291749627

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294564842



4294892501



4291554012



4291029745



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294564842



4294964730



4293581817



4286609788



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

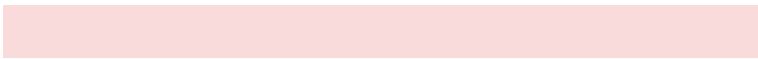
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294564842



4294958061



4294564827



4286410871



4290576478



4282187807



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294564842



4294958061



4292606457



4286410871



4290576478

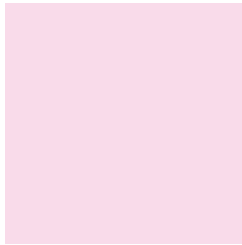


4282187807



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294564842 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

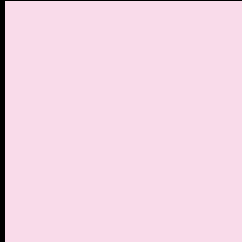
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294564842 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

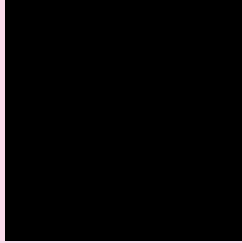
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294564842 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294564842.

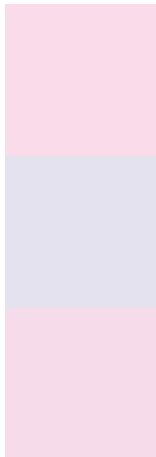


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294564842.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294564842

**Protanopia**  
4293190382

**Deuteranopia**  
4294368490



**Tritanopia**  
4294564844

# Trichromacy



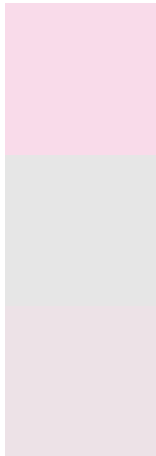
**Original Color**  
4294564842

**Protanomaly**  
4293713901

**Deuteranomaly**  
4294434026

**Tritanomaly**  
4294564843

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294564842

**Achromatopsia**  
4293322470

**Achromatomaly**  
4293780199

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294564842 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 219, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 219, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 219, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 219, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294564842 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

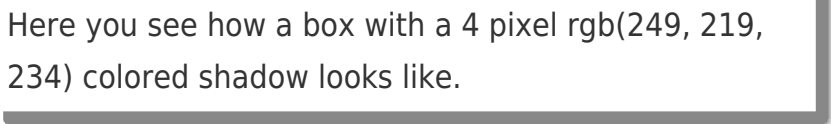
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 219, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 219, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 219, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 219, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 219, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 219,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294564842 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 219, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
219, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor