

# Converting Colors

Android(4294678651)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294678651) contains.

<b>Android(4294678651)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4294678651)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FB987B
RGB	251, 152, 123
RGB Percent	98%, 60%, 48%
CMY	0.0157, 0.4039, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.51, 0.02
HSL	14°, 94%, 73%
HSV	14°, 51%, 98%
XYZ	54.5870, 44.3958, 24.4311
YIQ	178.2950, 68.3130, 11.9690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

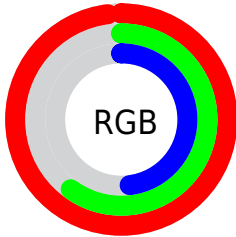
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">251, 160, 123</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16488571</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">72.49, 34.18, 31.04</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">72, 46.171, 42.245</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">44.3958, 0.4423, 0.3597</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4294678651 (0xFFFB987B)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">178.2950, -27.2604, 63.7623</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">66.6301, 29.6342, 24.9014</a>

# Details

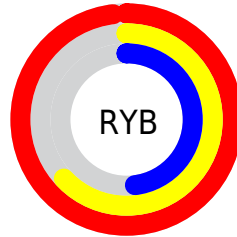
The Android color **4294678651** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **4286308091**, and the grayscale version is **4289967027**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294954928**, and **4290733130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4294673762**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4294683540**.

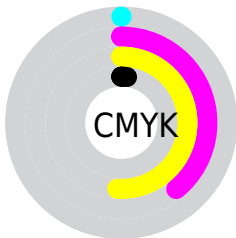
# Distribution



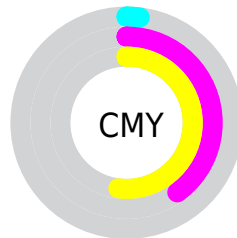
- Red (98%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294678651 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294678651 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294678651

 4294678651

4294967295

 4292705634

 4294954928

 4290733130

 4294962379

 4288760627

 4294967272

 4286853661

 4285012229

 4283170816

 4281466880

 4278517760

 4278190080

4294678651

4294678651

4294673762

4294683540

4294668617

4294688685

4294663728

4294693574

4294658583

4294698719

4294654208

4294703609

4294705151

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294938786



4294678651



4292978529

# Triad

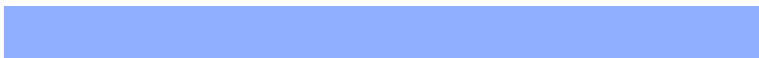
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294678651



4283614871



4287541503

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294678651



4286308091

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281056767



4294678651



4278241474

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294678651



4287479921



4278240745



4291600625

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294678651



4291407964



4278240745



4285773311

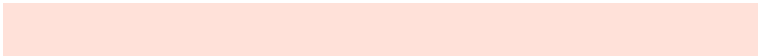


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294678651



4294959577



4294671327



4286606953



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294678651



4294936419



4294694779



4286411632



4290587392



4282191360



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286308091



4284734719



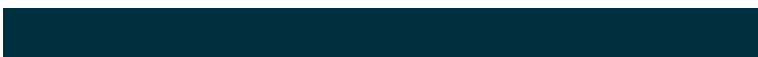
4286291963



4285561469



4278227645



4278202173



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294678651 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

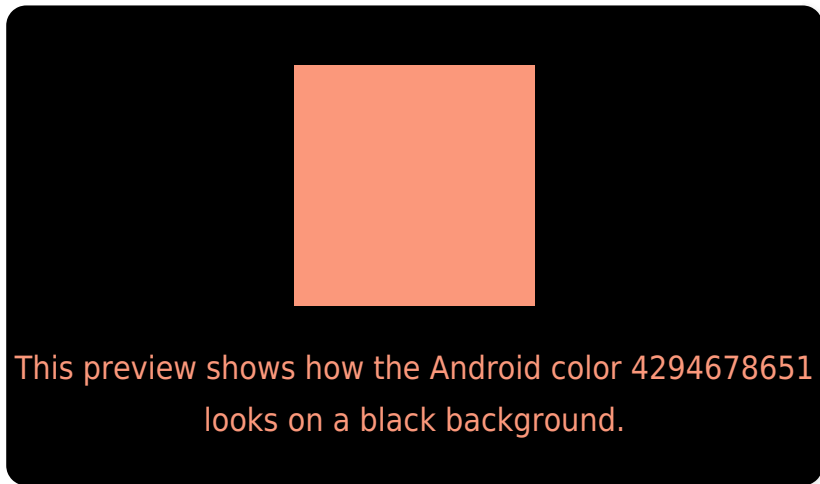
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294678651 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294678651.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294678651.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





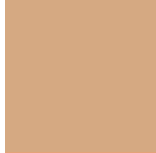
**Tritanopia**  
4294874014

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4294678651



**Protanomaly**

4292192642



**Deuteranomaly**

4293108600



**Tritanomaly**

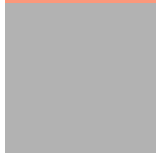
4294808977

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4294678651



**Achromatopsia**

4289901234



**Achromatomaly**

4291668382

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294678651 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 152, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 152, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 152, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 152, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294678651 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 152, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 152, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 152, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 152, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 152, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 152,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294678651 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 152, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
152, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor