

# Converting Colors

Android(4294721337)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294721337) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4294721337)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FC3F39
RGB	252, 63, 57
RGB Percent	99%, 25%, 22%
CMY	0.0118, 0.7529, 0.7765
CMYK	0.00, 0.75, 0.77, 0.01
HSL	2°, 97%, 61%
HSV	2°, 77%, 99%
XYZ	42.6609, 24.5459, 6.3602
YIQ	118.8270, 114.5700, 38.2020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

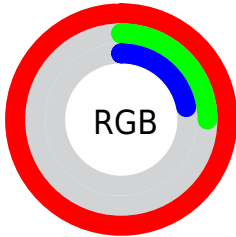
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	252, 63, 57
Decimal	16531257
CIE Lab	56.63, 69.76, 47.62
CIE LCh	57, 84.469, 34.319
Yxy	24.5459, 0.5799, 0.3337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294721337 (0xFFFC3F39)
YUV	118.8270, -30.4807, 116.7927
Hunter-Lab	49.5438, 67.0002, 27.0692

# Details

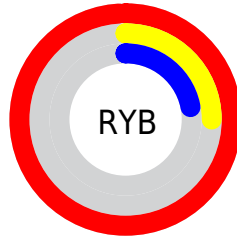
The Android color **4294721337** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **4281988860**, and the grayscale version is **4286019447**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294933609**, and **4290445324** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4294715168**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4294727506**.

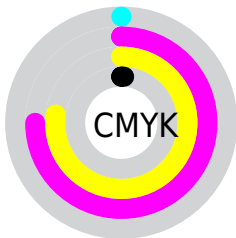
# Distribution



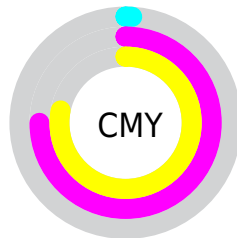
- Red (99%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294721337 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294721337 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294721337

 4294721337

4294967295

 4292547874

 4294933609

 4290445324

 4294941315

 4288282624

 4294948765

 4286185472

 4294956472

 4284153858

 4294964180

 4282187779

 4294967281

 4279828481

 4278190080

 4294721337

 4294721337

■ 4294715168

■ 4294727506

■ 4294708743

■ 4294733931

■ 4294707200

■ 4294740101

■ 4294746526

■ 4294752695

■ 4294759120

■ 4294765289

■ 4294770687

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294907521



4294721337



4292176640

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294721337



4278231875



4278226687

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



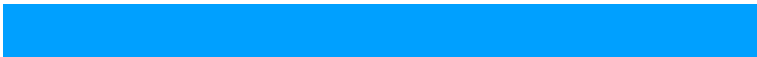
4294721337



4281988860

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278231295



4294721337



4278232977

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294721337



4283210240



4278232794



4287590143

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294721337



4289757184



4278232794



4278228735



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294721337



4294952644



4294719993



4286602588



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294721337



4294908178



4294745657



4286411120



4290577920



4282188288



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281988860



4279433471



4281964540



4285562237



4278237117



4278205245



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294721337 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

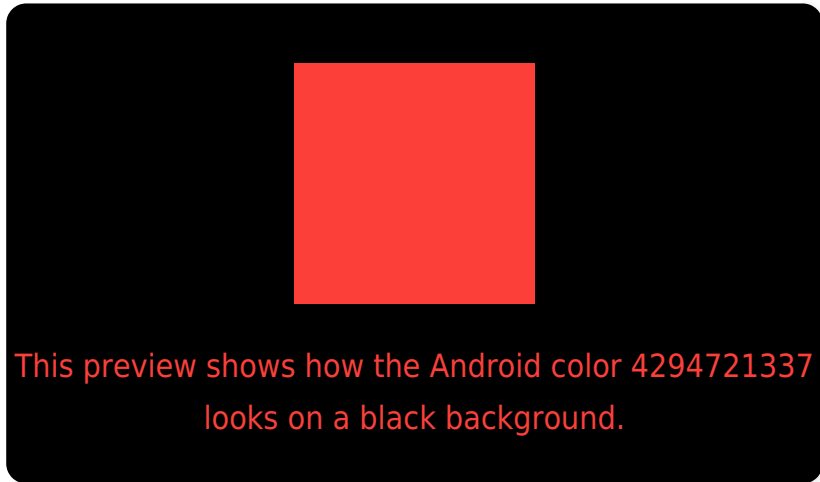
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294721337 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294721337.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294721337.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294721337

**Protanopia**  
4287989839

**Deuteranopia**  
4289429803



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294721337

**Protanomaly**  
4290407751

**Deuteranomaly**  
4291324208

**Tritanomaly**  
4294721085

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294721337

**Achromatopsia**  
4286019447

**Achromatomaly**  
4289160032

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294721337 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 63, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 63, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 63, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 63, 57) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294721337 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 63, 57) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 63, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 63, 57)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 63, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 63, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 63,  
57) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294721337 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 63, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252, 63,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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