

# Converting Colors

Android(4294738437)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294738437) contains.

<b>Android(4294738437)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4294738437)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FC8205
RGB	252, 130, 5
RGB Percent	99%, 51%, 2%
CMY	0.0118, 0.4902, 0.9804
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.98, 0.01
HSL	30°, 98%, 50%
HSV	30°, 98%, 99%
XYZ	48.1549, 36.6717, 4.6839
YIQ	152.2280, 112.8370, -13.0110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

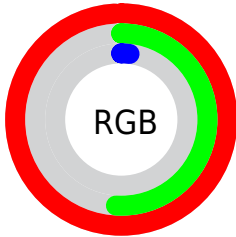
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">246, 252, 5</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16548357</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.03, 40.71, 73.08</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">67, 83.653, 60.877</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.6717, 0.5380, 0.4097</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294738437</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFC8205</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">152.2280, -72.5834, 87.5000</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.5571, 35.9678, 37.8041</a>

# Details

The Android color **4294738437** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9900**. The color can be described as dark saturated orange. A complement of this color would be **4278550524**, and the grayscale version is **4288256409**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294948939**, and **4290530816** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4294737920**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4294741534**.

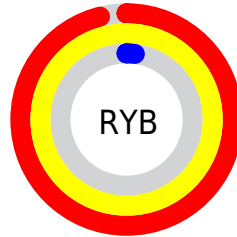
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (51%)

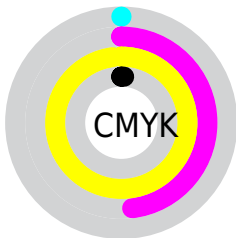
Blue (2%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (99%)

Blue (2%)

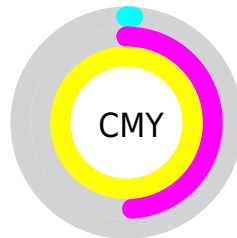


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294738437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294738437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4294738437



4294738437

4294967295



4292634624



4294948939



4290530816



4294956134



4288427264



4294963586



4286388736



4294967198



4284481536



4294967226



4282580992



4294967254



4280877057



4294967284



4278190080



4294738437



4294738437

4294737920

4294741534

4294744887

4294747985

4294751338

4294754435

4294757788

4294760885

4294764239

4294767336

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294925659



4294738437



4290945280

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294738437



4278240419



4288646911

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294738437



4278550524

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278234367



4294738437



4278240495

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294738437



4278239060



4278238719



4294862574

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294738437



4287803136



4278238719



4284979711



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294738437



4294957749



4294706561



4286605651



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294738437



4294934784



4294769669



4286412656



4290600704



4282195712



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278550524



4278222591



4278519292



4285560701



4278214077



4278197821



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294738437 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

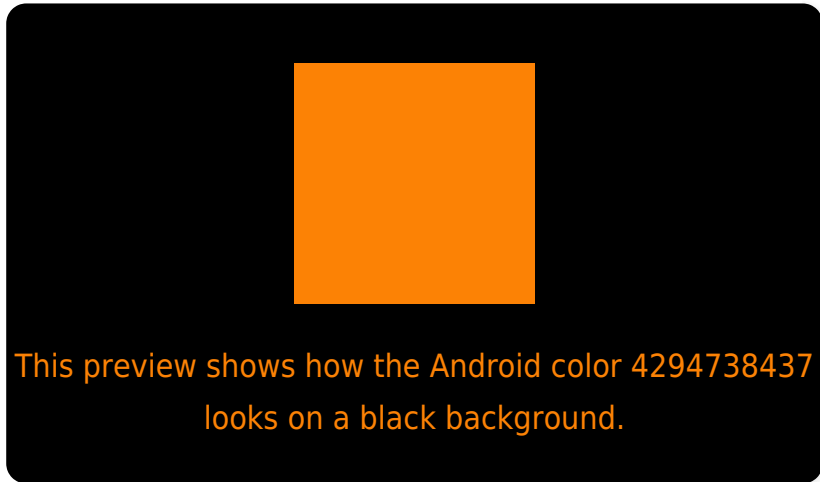
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294738437 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294738437.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294738437.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294738437

**Protanopia**  
4290290710

**Deuteranopia**  
4291795712



**Tritanopia**  
4294933122

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294738437

**Protanomaly**  
4291926032

**Deuteranomaly**  
4292841986

**Tritanomaly**  
4294868309

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294738437

**Achromatopsia**  
4288190616

**Achromatomaly**  
4290547811

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294738437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 130, 5)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 130, 5)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 130, 5) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 130, 5) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294738437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 130, 5) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 130, 5) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 130, 5)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 130, 5); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 130, 5);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 130,  
5) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294738437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 130, 5) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
130, 5) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor