

# Converting Colors

Android(4294793502)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294793502) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4294793502)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FD591E
RGB	253, 89, 30
RGB Percent	99%, 35%, 12%
CMY	0.0078, 0.6510, 0.8824
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.88, 0.01
HSL	16°, 98%, 55%
HSV	16°, 88%, 99%
XYZ	44.3147, 28.1211, 4.3206
YIQ	131.3100, 116.6830, 16.4190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

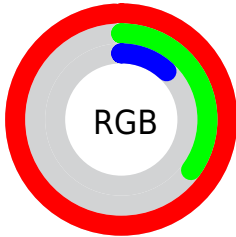
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">253, 110, 30</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16603422</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">60.00, 60.13, 62.81</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">60, 86.957, 46.250</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">28.1211, 0.5773, 0.3664</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294793502 (0xFFFD591E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">131.3100, -49.9458, 106.7221</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">53.0294, 56.3646, 32.2899</a>

# Details

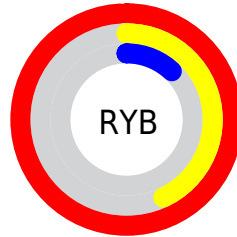
The Android color **4294793502** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **4280206077**, and the grayscale version is **4286874756**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294938962**, and **4290516992** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4294788613**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4294798391**.

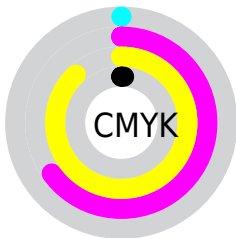
# Distribution



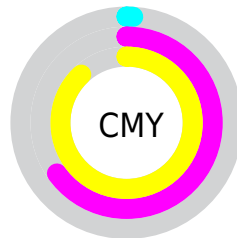
- Red (99%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (88%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294793502 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294793502 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4294793502



4294793502

4294967295



4292623360



4294938962



4290516992



4294946412



4288348160



4294953863



4286316544



4294961314



4284284928



4294967230



4282449923



4294967258



4280221697



4294967287



4278190080



4294793502



4294793502

■ 4294788613

■ 4294798391

■ 4294787840

■ 4294803025

■ 4294807914

■ 4294812547

■ 4294817437

■ 4294822326

■ 4294826959

■ 4294831848

4294836223

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294912363



4294793502



4291592192

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294793502



4278234985



4278226175

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294793502



4280206077

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278232319



4294793502



4278235578

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294793502



4278429702



4278235135



4291126524

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294793502



4288779008



4278235135



4278228735



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294793502



4294954685



4294778565



4286603864



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294793502



4294918912



4294821150



4286609011



4290720512

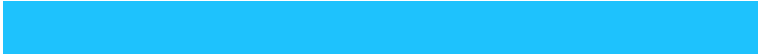


4282388736



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280206077



4278238463



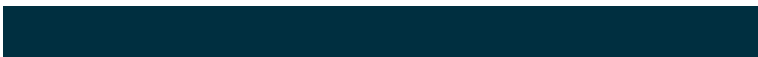
4280178429



4285758592



4278226367



4278202176



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294793502 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

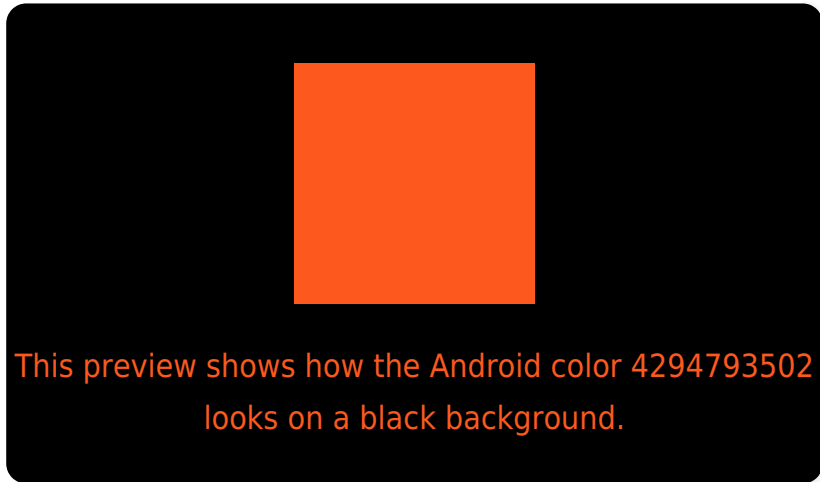
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294793502 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294793502.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294793502.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294793502

**Protanopia**  
4288844076

**Deuteranopia**  
4290218240



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294793502

**Protanomaly**  
4291001639

**Deuteranomaly**  
4291852299

**Tritanomaly**  
4294858051

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294793502

**Achromatopsia**  
4286808963

**Achromatomaly**  
4289688670

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294793502 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 89, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 89, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 89, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 89, 30) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294793502 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 89, 30) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 89, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 89, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 89, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 89, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 89,  
30) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294793502 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 89, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253, 89,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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