

# Converting Colors

Android(4294836799)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294836799) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4294836799)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE023F
RGB	254, 2, 63
RGB Percent	100%, 1%, 25%
CMY	0.0039, 0.9922, 0.7529
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.75, 0.00
HSL	345°, 99%, 50%
HSV	345°, 99%, 100%
XYZ	41.7920, 21.4731, 6.6447
YIQ	84.3020, 130.6110, 72.3950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

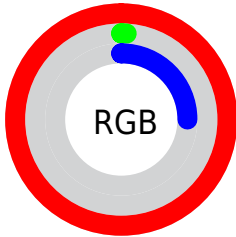
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	254, 2, 63
Decimal	16646719
CIELab	53.46, 80.80, 41.02
CIELCh	53, 90.615, 26.919
Yxy	21.4731, 0.5978, 0.3072
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294836799 (0xFFFE023F)
YUV	84.3020, -10.5019, 148.8251
Hunter-Lab	46.3391, 79.8908, 23.9356

# Details

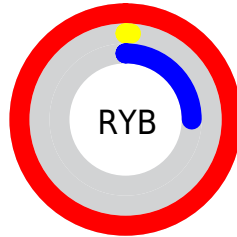
The Android color **4294836799** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0033**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **4278386369**, and the grayscale version is **4283716692**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294926959**, and **4290510869** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4294836285**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4294843218**.

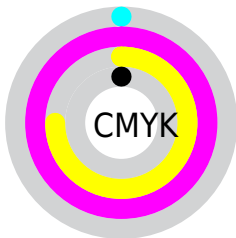
# Distribution



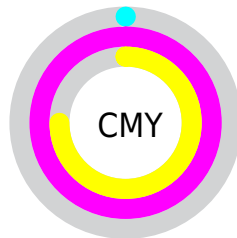
- Red (100%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (75%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294836799 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294836799 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294836799

 4294836799

4294967295

 4292673577

 4294926959

 4290510869

 4294934920

 4288348160

 4294942882

 4286185474

 4294950590

 4284153860

 4294958553

 4282056707

 4294966262

 4279566336

 4278190080

 4294836799

 4294836799

■ 4294836285

■ 4294843218

■ 4294849894

■ 4294856313

■ 4294862988

■ 4294869407

■ 4294875827

■ 4294882502

■ 4294888921

■ 4294895596

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294901899



4294836799



4292564224

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294836799



4278229531



4278226431

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294836799



4278386369

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278230015



4294836799



4278230645

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294836799



4283797248



4278231237



4283920383

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294836799



4290211840



4278231237



4278227967



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294836799



4294947781



4290708222



4286599773



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294836799



4294901822



4294852866



4286608246



4290707502



4282384399



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294836799



4294901822



4278370302



4286608246



4290707502



4282384399



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294836799 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

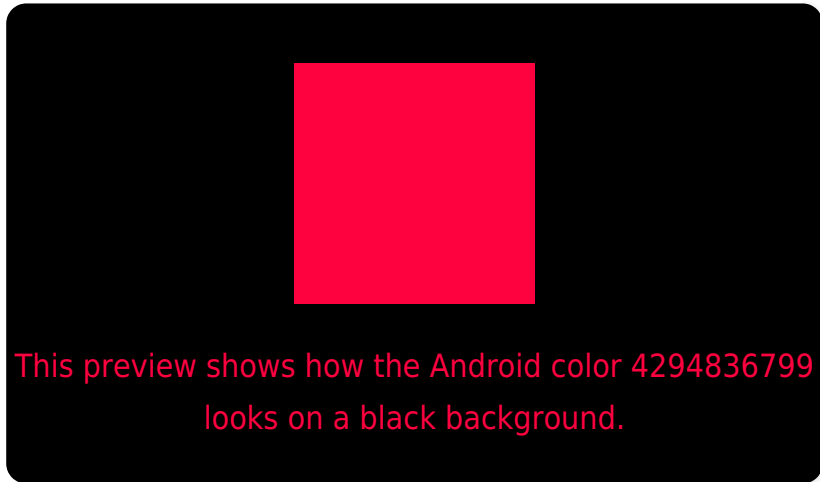
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294836799 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294836799.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294836799.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294836799

**Protanopia**  
4287267167

**Deuteranopia**  
4288772913



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4294836799



**Protanomaly**

4290007891



**Deuteranomaly**

4290989878



**Tritanomaly**

4294775073

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4294836799



**Achromatopsia**

4283716692



**Achromatomaly**

4287772236

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294836799 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 2, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 2, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 2, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 2, 63) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294836799 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 2, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 2, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 2, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 2, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 2, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 2, 63)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294836799 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 2, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 2,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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