

# Converting Colors

Android(4294915064)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294915064) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4294915064)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF33F8
RGB	255, 51, 248
RGB Percent	100%, 20%, 97%
CMY	0.0000, 0.8000, 0.0275
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.03, 0.00
HSL	302°, 100%, 60%
HSV	302°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	59.3671, 30.4050, 91.5467
YIQ	134.4540, 58.3470, 104.5150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

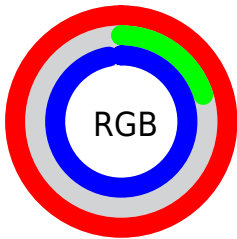
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 51, 248
Decimal	16724984
CIE Lab	62.00, 91.19, -54.28
CIE LCh	62, 106.121, 329.237
Yxy	30.4050, 0.3274, 0.1677
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294915064 (0xFFFF33F8)
YUV	134.4540, 55.9782, 105.7188
Hunter-Lab	55.1407, 95.6854, -59.8370

# Details

The Android color `4294915064` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FF33FF`. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be `4281597754`, and the grayscale version is `4287006342`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294933247`, and `4290904255` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4294908407`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4294921721`.

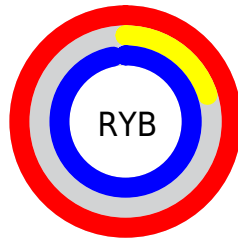
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (20%)

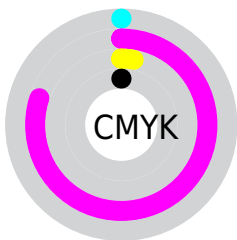
Blue (97%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (97%)

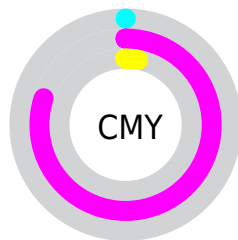


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294915064 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294915064 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294915064

 4294915064

4294967295

 4292870363

 4294933247

 4290904255

 4294941439

 4288938147

 4294949119


 4286972040

 4294957055

 4285005934

 4294964991

 4283170901

 4281204797

 4278583334

 4278190350

■ 4294915064

■ 4294915064

■ 4294908407

■ 4294921721

■ 4294902006

■ 4294928122

■ 4294934779

■ 4294941180

■ 4294947836

■ 4294954237

■ 4294960894

4294967295

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285890047



4294915064



4294901917

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294915064



4290286080



4278238448

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294915064



4281597754

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278237841



4294915064



4283935232

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294915064



4294862336



4278236453



4278236927

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294915064



4294901855



4278236453



4278238418



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294915064



4294951677



4282004479



4286602110



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294915064



4294904567



4294914962



4286608255



4290707641



4282384446



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294915064



4294904567



4281597856



4286608255



4290707641



4282384446



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294915064 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

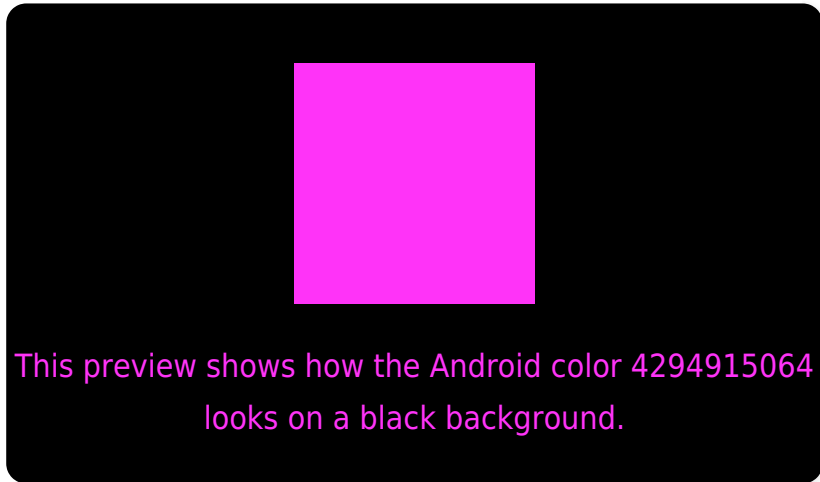
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294915064 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294915064.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294915064.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294915064

**Protanopia**  
4284847103

**Deuteranopia**  
4285109994



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4294915064



**Protanomaly**

4288508156



**Deuteranomaly**

4288705263



**Tritanomaly**

4294334114

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4294915064



**Achromatopsia**

4287006342



**Achromatomaly**

4289882287

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294915064 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 51, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 51, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 51, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 51, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294915064 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

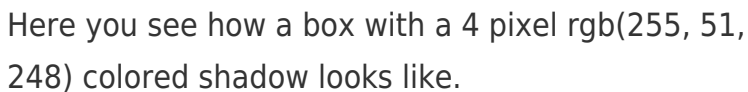
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 51, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 51, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 51, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 51, 248); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 51, 248); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 51, 248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294915064 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 51, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 51,  
248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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