

# Converting Colors

Android(4294928504)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294928504) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4294928504)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF6878
RGB	255, 104, 120
RGB Percent	100%, 41%, 47%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5922, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.53, 0.00
HSL	354°, 100%, 70%
HSV	354°, 59%, 100%
XYZ	49.5805, 32.5167, 21.4325
YIQ	150.9730, 84.8600, 36.9880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

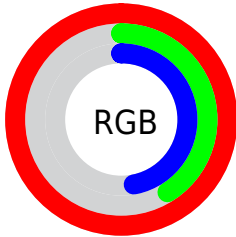
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 104, 120
Decimal	16738424
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	63.77, 58.67, 21.19
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 62.378, 19.858
Yxy	32.5167, 0.4789, 0.3141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294928504 (0xFFFF6878)
YUV	150.9730, -15.2697, 91.2317
Hunter-Lab	57.0234, 55.4105, 17.6320

# Details

The Android color **4294928504** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **4285071343**, and the grayscale version is **4288124823**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294942892**, and **4290850120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4294922081**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4294935183**.

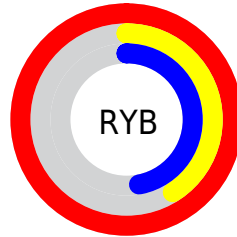
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (41%)

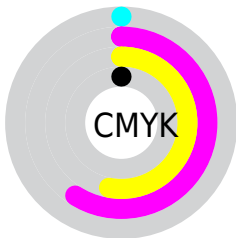
Blue (47%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (47%)

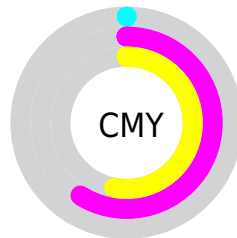


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294928504 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294928504 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294928504

 4294928504

4294967295

 4292889695

 4294942892

 4290850120

 4294950343

 4288806962

 4294957795

 4286840861

 4294965247

 4284874756

 4282974209

 4281073665

 4278190080

 4294928504

 4294928504

■ 4294922081

■ 4294935183

■ 4294915402

■ 4294941606

■ 4294908724

■ 4294948028

■ 4294902301

■ 4294954707

■ 4294901787

■ 4294961386

4294967295

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294338736



4294928504



4293753670

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294928504



4283412047



4278232831

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294928504



4285071343

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278235631



4294928504



4278236293

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294928504



4287931173



4278236607



4286027007

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294928504



4292184620



4278236607



4278234111



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294928504



4294955478



4293748991



4286604134



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294928504



4294920797



4294943336



4286608244



4290707476



4282384391



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294928504



4294920797



4285056511



4286608244



4290707476



4282384391



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294928504 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

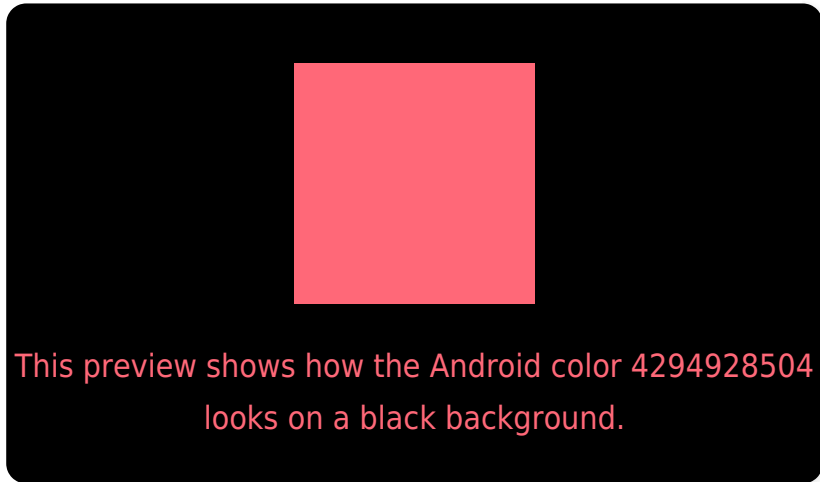
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294928504 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294928504.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294928504.

# Color Blindness Simulation

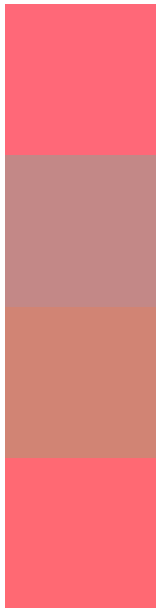
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294928504

**Protanomaly**  
4291004551

**Deuteranomaly**  
4291921012

**Tritanomaly**  
4294928755

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294928504

**Achromatopsia**  
4288124823

**Achromatomaly**  
4290610828

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294928504 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 104, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 104, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 104, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 104, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294928504 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 104, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 104, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 104, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 104, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 104, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 104,  
120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294928504 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 104, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
104, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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