

# Converting Colors

Android(4294930045)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294930045) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4294930045)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF6E7D
RGB	255, 110, 125
RGB Percent	100%, 43%, 49%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5686, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.51, 0.00
HSL	354°, 100%, 72%
HSV	354°, 57%, 100%
XYZ	50.5176, 33.8925, 23.2814
YIQ	155.0650, 81.6050, 35.4050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

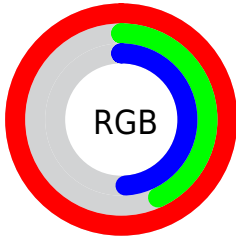
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 110, 125
Decimal	16739965
CIE Lab	64.88, 56.41, 19.85
CIE LCh	65, 59.797, 19.386
Yxy	33.8925, 0.4691, 0.3147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294930045 (0xFFFF6E7D)
YUV	155.0650, -14.8220, 87.6430
Hunter-Lab	58.2173, 53.0117, 17.0417

# Details

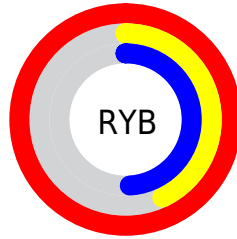
The Android color **4294930045** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **4285464560**, and the grayscale version is **4288387995**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294944433**, and **4290852172** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4294923622**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4294936724**.

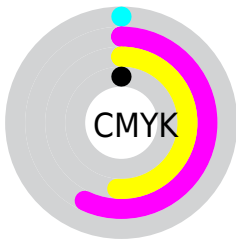
# Distribution



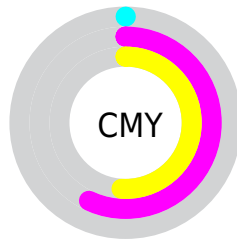
- Red (100%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294930045 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294930045 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4294930045



4294930045

4294967295



4292891236



4294944433



4290852172



4294951885



4288876854



4294959337



4286906401



4294966783



4284940299



4283039745



4281204738



4278190080



4294930045



4294930045

■ 4294923622

■ 4294936724

■ 4294916943

■ 4294943147

■ 4294910264

■ 4294949826

■ 4294903842

■ 4294956248

■ 4294901786

■ 4294962927

4294967295

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294274739



4294930045



4293820237

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294930045



4284002388



4278233599

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294930045



4285464560

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278236142



4294930045



4278236808

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294930045



4288193839



4278237119



4286355455

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



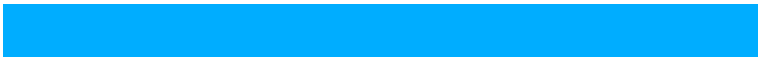
4294930045



4292382005



4278237119



4278234623



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294930045



4294956248



4293816063



4286604905



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294930045



4294922852



4294944366



4286608244



4290707476



4282384391



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294930045



4294922852



4285450239



4286608244



4290707476



4282384391



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294930045 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

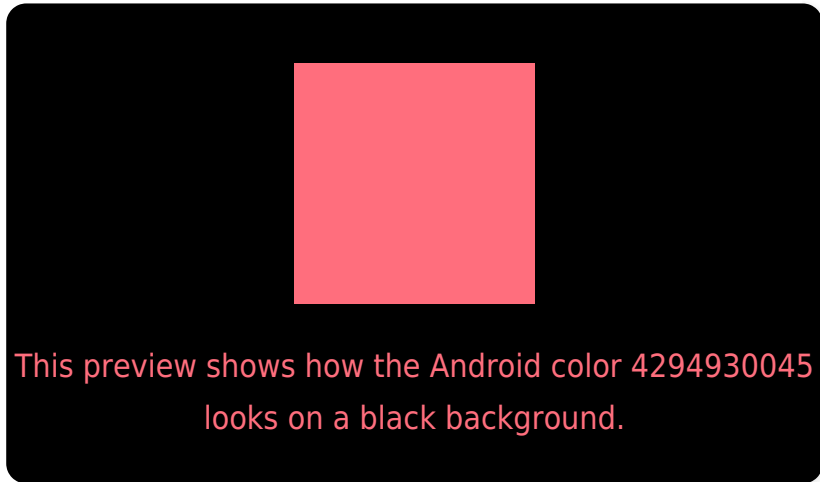
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294930045 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294930045.

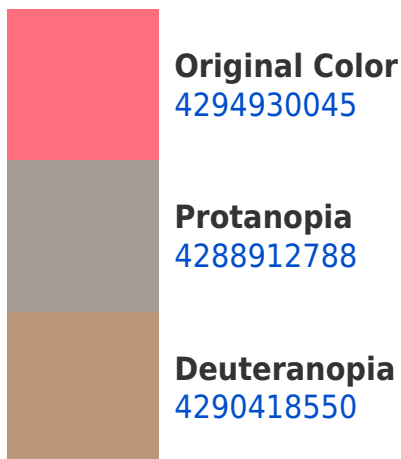


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294930045.

# Color Blindness Simulation

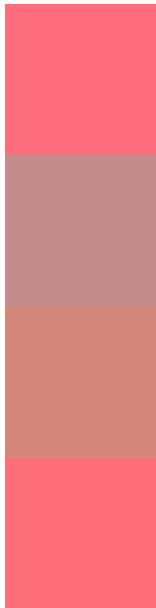
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294930045

**Protanomaly**  
4291071116

**Deuteranomaly**  
4292053113

**Tritanomaly**  
4294930297

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294930045

**Achromatopsia**  
4288387995

**Achromatomaly**  
4290743184

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294930045 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 110, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 110, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 110, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 110, 125) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294930045 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 110, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 110, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 110, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 110, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 110, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 110,  
125) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294930045 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 110, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
110, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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