

# Converting Colors

Android(4294939597)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294939597) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4294939597)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | FF93CD                     |
| RGB         | 255, 147, 205              |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 58%, 80%             |
| CMY         | 0.0000, 0.4235, 0.1961     |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.42, 0.20, 0.00     |
| HSL         | 328°, 100%, 79%            |
| HSV         | 328°, 42%, 100%            |
| XYZ         | 62.6932, 46.5352, 63.4355  |
| YIQ         | 185.9040, 45.7500, 40.9340 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

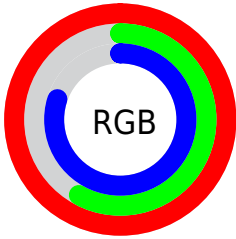
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 255, 147, 205                |
| Decimal                             | 16749517                     |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 73.89, 47.78, -12.05         |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 74, 49.276, 345.839          |
| Yxy                                 | 46.5352, 0.3631,<br>0.2695   |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294939597<br>(0xFFFF93CD)   |
| YUV                                 | 185.9040, 9.4143,<br>60.5972 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 68.2167, 44.6674,<br>-7.3827 |

# Details

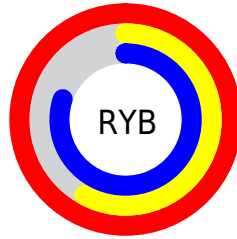
The Android color `4294939597` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FF99CC`. A complement of this color would be `4287889349`, and the grayscale version is `4290427578`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294953983`, and `4291059095` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4294933185`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4294946009`.

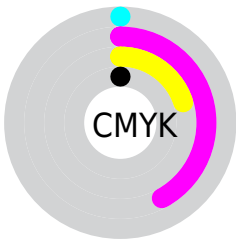
# Distribution



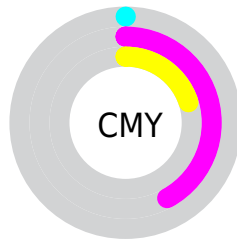
- Red (100%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294939597 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294939597 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294939597

 4294939597

4294967295

 4292966578

 4294953983

 4291059095

 4294961407

 4289217405

 4287375460

 4285531212

 4283826229

 4282122272

 4280483845

 4278190080

 4294939597

 4294939597

 4294933185

 4294946009

 4294926517

 4294952677

 4294919850

 4294959344

 4294913438

 4294965756

 4294906770

4294967295

 4294901897

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4292387317



4294939597



4294939039

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294939597



4290427740



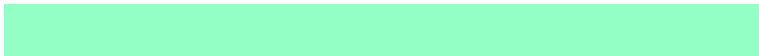
4278242037

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294939597



4287889349

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278242765



4294939597



4287087988

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294939597



4293176413



4282502302



4280926719

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294939597



4294940547



4282502302



4278242281



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294939597



4294958832



4291073023



4286606198



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294939597



4294933955



4294939544



4286608250



4290707559



4282384418



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294939597



4294933955



4287889402



4286608250



4290707559

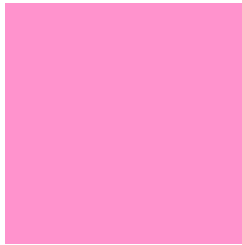


4282384418



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294939597 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

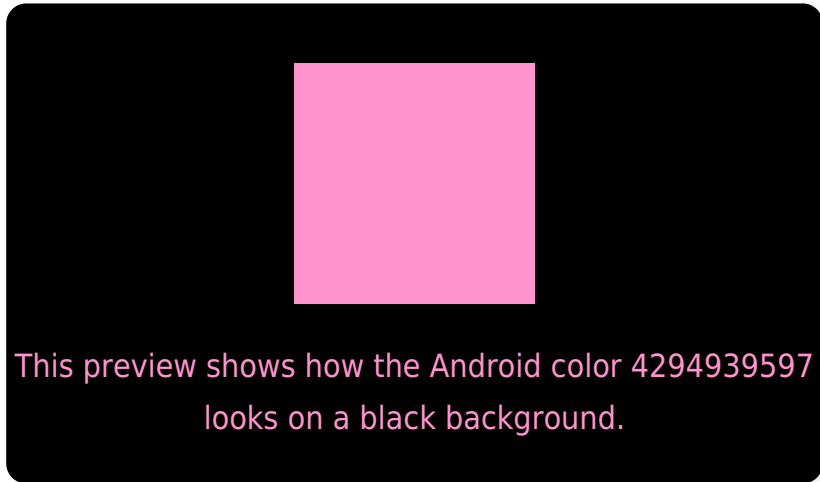
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294939597 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294939597.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294939597.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4294679206

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294939597



**Protanomaly**  
4291471579



**Deuteranomaly**  
4292323018



**Tritanomaly**  
4294743988

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294939597



**Achromatopsia**  
4290427578



**Achromatomaly**  
4292062401

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294939597 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 147, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 147, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 147, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 147, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294939597 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 147, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 147, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 147, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 147, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 147, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 147,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294939597 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 147, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
147, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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