

# Converting Colors

Android(4294950433)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294950433) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4294950433)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFBE21
RGB	255, 190, 33
RGB Percent	100%, 75%, 13%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2549, 0.8706
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.87, 0.00
HSL	42°, 100%, 56%
HSV	42°, 87%, 100%
XYZ	59.9280, 58.1967, 9.5134
YIQ	191.5370, 89.1370, -35.0470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

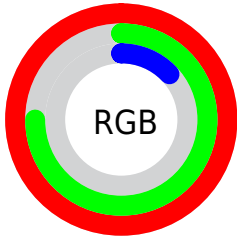
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	125, 255, 33
Decimal	16760353
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	80.85, 11.30, 78.23
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	81, 79.044, 81.782
Yxy	58.1967, 0.4695, 0.4560
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294950433 (0xFFFFBE21)
YUV	191.5370, -78.1587, 55.6571
Hunter-Lab	76.2868, 6.7209, 46.0069

# Details

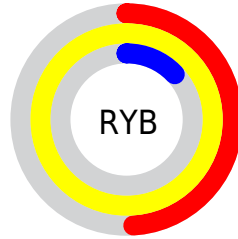
The Android color **4294950433** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC33**. The color can be described as light washed orange. A complement of this color would be **4280378111**, and the grayscale version is **4290822336**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294964833**, and **4290873600** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4294948616**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4294952250**.

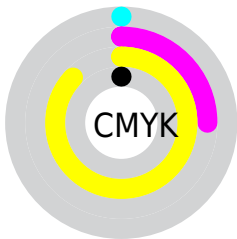
# Distribution



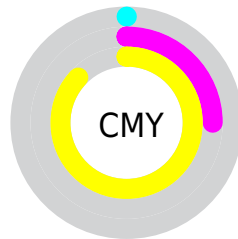
- Red (100%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294950433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294950433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4294950433



4294950433

4294967295



4292911872



4294964833



4290873600



4294967165



4288901120



4294967194



4286928896



4294967222



4285022464



4294967251



4283181824



4294967281



4281472512



4279894016



4278190080

4294950433

4294950433

4294948616

4294952250

4294947840

4294954324

4294956141

4294958215

4294960033

4294962106

4294963923

4294965997

4294967295

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294942805



4294950433



4290434347

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294950433



4278250494



4294942207

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294950433



4280378111

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4288855807



4294950433



4278249215

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294950433



4278250161



4278245375



4294935520

# Rectangle

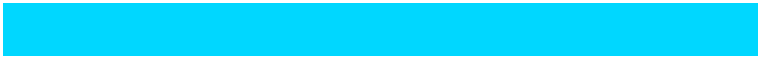
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294950433



4286635857



4278245375



4294027519



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294950433



4294962365



4294910308



4286608472



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294950433



4294947840



4292083489



4286610547



4290742016



4282395904



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280378111



4278209535



4283245055



4285757056



4278204607



4278195008



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294950433 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294950433 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294950433 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294950433.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294950433.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294950433

**Protanopia**  
4293052964

**Deuteranopia**  
4294885153



**Tritanopia**  
4294948288

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294950433

**Protanomaly**  
4293772835

**Deuteranomaly**  
4294885153

**Tritanomaly**  
4294948998

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294950433

**Achromatopsia**  
4290822336

**Achromatomaly**  
4292329350

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294950433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 190, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 190, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 190, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 190, 33) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294950433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 190, 33) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 190, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 190, 33)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 190, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 190, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 190,  
33) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294950433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 190, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
190, 33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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