

# Converting Colors

Android(4294958815)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294958815) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4294958815)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDEDF
RGB	255, 222, 223
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 87%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1294, 0.1255
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	358°, 100%, 94%
HSV	358°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	80.6806, 78.8303, 80.7755
YIQ	231.9810, 19.3470, 7.3070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

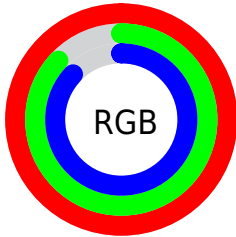
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 222, 223
Decimal	16768735
CIE Lab	91.16, 11.53, 3.70
CIE LCh	91, 12.114, 17.795
Yxy	78.8303, 0.3358, 0.3281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294958815 (0xFFFFDEDF)
YUV	231.9810, -4.4276, 20.1877
Hunter-Lab	88.7864, 6.8274, 8.2100

# Details

The Android color `4294958815` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4292804606`, and the grayscale version is `4293454056`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4291209128` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4294952390`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4294965496`.

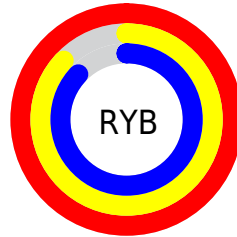
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (87%)

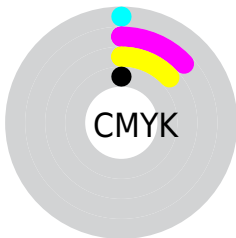
Blue (87%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (87%)

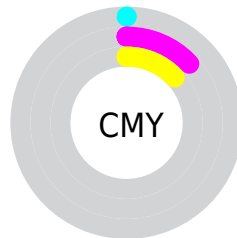


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294958815 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294958815 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294958815

 4294958815

4294967295

 4293051075

 4291209128

 4289432717

 4287656820

 4285946459

 4284302148

 4282723374

 4281210905

 4279959552

 4294958815

 4294958815

 4294952390

 4294965496

 4294945710

4294967295

 4294939285

 4294932604

 4294926179

 4294919499

 4294913074

 4294906393

 4294901768

# Harmonies

## Analogous

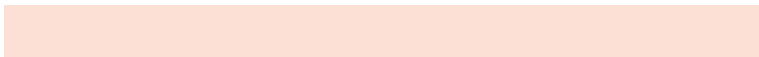
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294696683



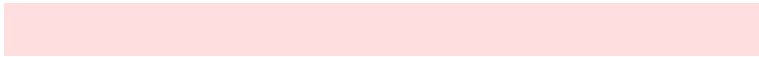
4294958815



4294828245

# Triad

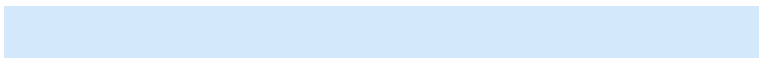
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294958815



4292537046



4292143356

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294958815



4292804606

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291554294



4294958815



4291816672

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294958815



4293453776



4291423724



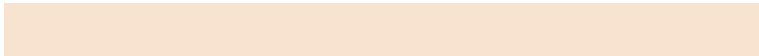
4293059836

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



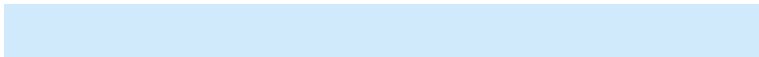
4294958815



4294501072



4291423724



4291881467



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294958815



4294964725



4294893311



4286609785



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

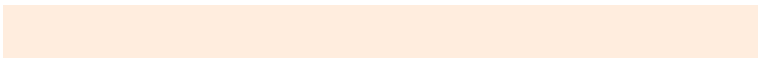
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294958815



4294956759



4294962654



4286608243



4290707462



4282384386



# Inverse Universe

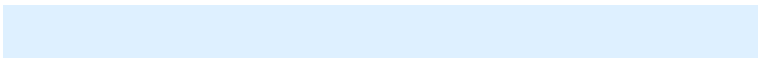
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294958815



4294956759



4292800767



4286608243



4290707462

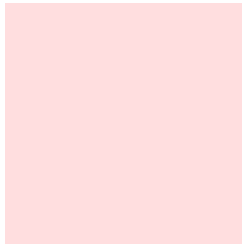


4282384386



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294958815 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

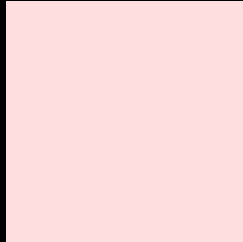
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294958815 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

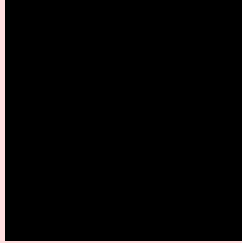
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

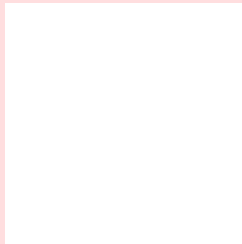
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294958815 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294958815.

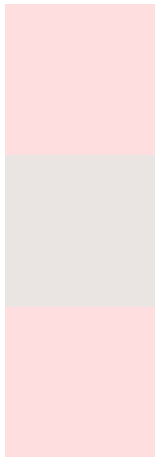


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294958815.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294958815

**Protanopia**  
4293584355

**Deuteranopia**  
4294893279



**Tritanopia**  
4294958572

# Trichromacy



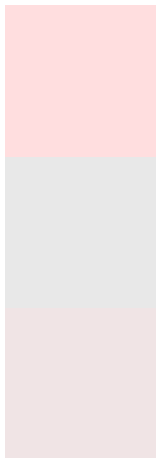
**Original Color**  
4294958815

**Protanomaly**  
4294107874

**Deuteranomaly**  
4294893279

**Tritanomaly**  
4294958567

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294958815

**Achromatopsia**  
4293454056

**Achromatomaly**  
4293977317

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294958815 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 222, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 222, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 222, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 222, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294958815 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

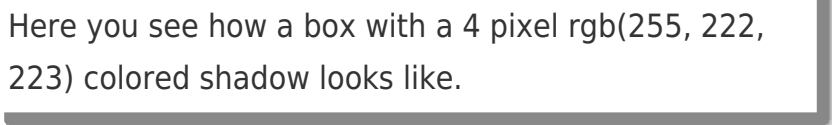
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 222, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 222, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 222, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 222, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 222, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 222,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294958815 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 222, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
222, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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