

# Converting Colors

Android(4294965443)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294965443) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4294965443)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex         | FFF8C3                      |
| RGB         | 255, 248, 195               |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 97%, 76%              |
| CMY         | 0.0000, 0.0275, 0.2353      |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.03, 0.24, 0.00      |
| HSL         | 53°, 100%, 88%              |
| HSV         | 53°, 24%, 100%              |
| XYZ         | 84.6577, 92.3349, 64.9902   |
| YIQ         | 244.0510, 21.1850, -14.9990 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

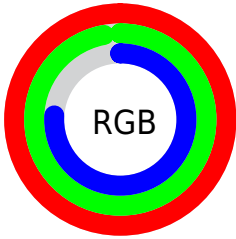
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 203, 255, 195                 |
| Decimal                             | 16775363                      |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 96.96, -5.81, 26.36           |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 97, 26.992, 102.428           |
| Yxy                                 | 92.3349, 0.3499,<br>0.3816    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294965443<br>(0xFFFFF8C3)    |
| YUV                                 | 244.0510, -24.1821,<br>9.6023 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 96.0911, -10.8981,<br>27.1635 |

# Details

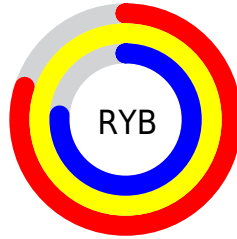
The Android color `4294965443` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFCC`. A complement of this color would be `4291021567`, and the grayscale version is `4294243572`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967292`, and `4291215501` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4294964650`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4294966236`.

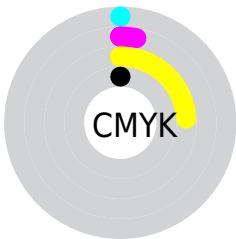
# Distribution



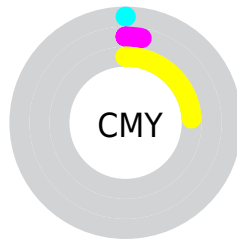
- Red (100%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294965443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294965443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294965443

 4294965443

4294967295

 4293057704

4294967292

 4291215501


 4289373555

 4287597146

 4285886786

 4284242219

 4282597653

 4281150208

 4279572224

 4294965443

 4294965443

 4294964650

 4294966236

 4294963856

 4294967030

 4294963063

4294967295

 4294962269

 4294961475

 4294960682

 4294959888

 4294959360

# Harmonies

## Analogous

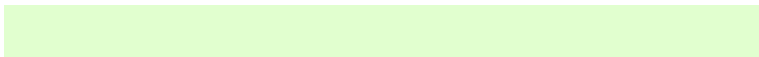
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294963141



4294965443



4293001167

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294965443



4289789951



4294960639

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294965443



4291021567

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294962431



4294965443



4291165695

# Square

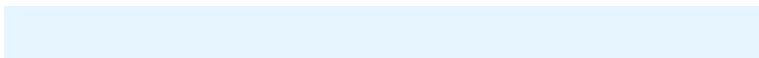
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294965443



4289855487



4293326335



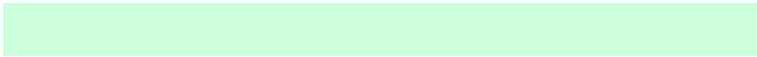
4294960364

# Rectangle

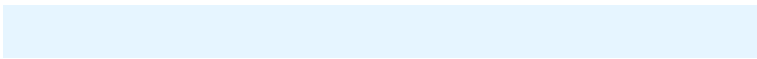
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294965443



4291755997



4293326335



4294961151

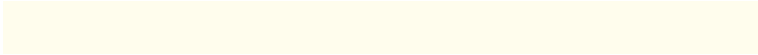


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294965443



4294966765



4294951882



4286611061



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

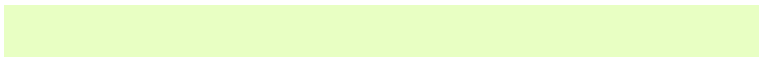
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294965443



4294965176



4293459907



4286611059



4290750720



4282398720



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4291021567



4290298111



4292527103



4285756544



4278195903



4278191936



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294965443 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

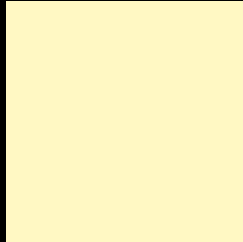
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294965443 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294965443 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294965443.

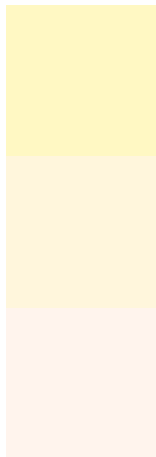


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294965443.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294965443

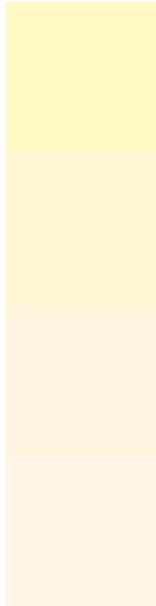
**Protanopia**  
4294964956

**Deuteranopia**  
4294964461



**Tritanopia**  
4294964220

# Trichromacy



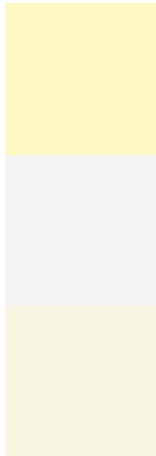
**Original Color**  
4294965443

**Protanomaly**  
4294965203

**Deuteranomaly**  
4294964702

**Tritanomaly**  
4294964711

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294965443

**Achromatopsia**  
4294243572

**Achromatomaly**  
4294505954

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294965443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 248, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 248, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 248, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 248, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294965443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

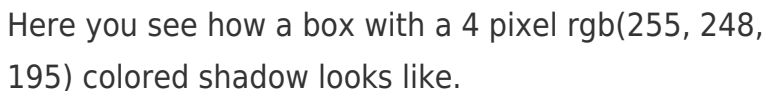
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 248, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 248, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 248, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248, 195); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248, 195); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248, 195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294965443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 248, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
248, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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