

Converting Colors

Android(4294966746)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4294966746) contains.

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Color

Android(4294966746)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFDDA
RGB	255, 253, 218
RGB Percent	100%, 99%, 85%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0078, 0.1451
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	57°, 100%, 93%
HSV	57°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	89.0202, 96.5725, 80.2782
YIQ	249.6080, 12.4270, -10.4610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

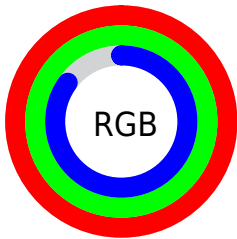
Format	Color
R _Y B	220, 255, 218
Decimal	16776666
CIE Lab	98.66, -5.02, 17.01
CIE LCh	99, 17.734, 106.446
Yxy	96.5725, 0.3348, 0.3632
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294966746 (0xFFFFFDDA)
YUV	249.6080, -15.5827, 4.7288
Hunter-Lab	98.2713, -10.2786, 20.3557

Details

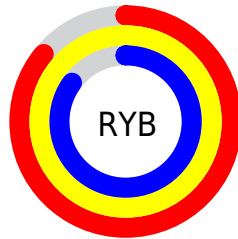
The Android color `4294966746` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFCC`. A complement of this color would be `4292533503`, and the grayscale version is `4294638330`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4291216547` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4294966465`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4294967027`.

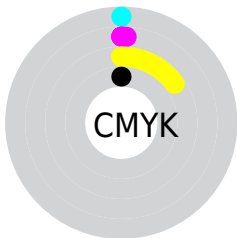
Distribution



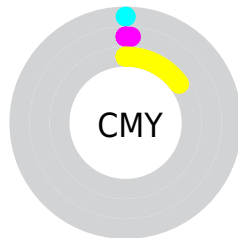
- Red (100%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294966746 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294966746 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 4294966746

 4294966746

4294967295

 4293058750

 4291216547

 4289440137

 4287663983

 4285953367

 4284308799

 4282729769

 4281216788

 4279966208

 4294966746

 4294966746

 4294966465

 4294967027

 4294965927

4294967295

 4294965646

 4294965108

 4294964826

 4294964545

 4294964007

 4294963726

 4294963456

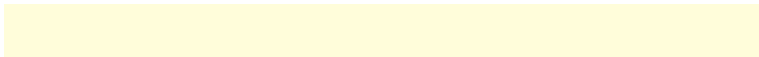
Harmonies

Analogous

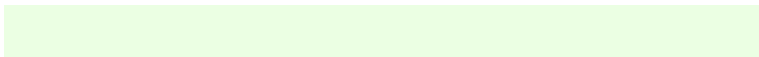
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294965210



4294966746



4293656547

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294966746



4292018175



4294963455

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294966746



4292533503

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294964479



4294966746



4292935679

Square

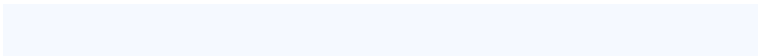
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294966746



4291887103



4294310399



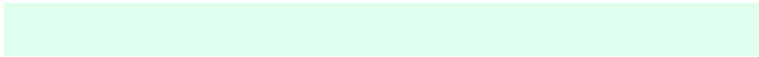
4294963442

Rectangle

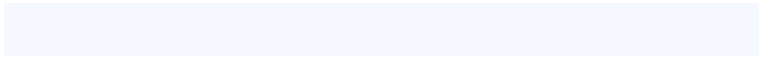
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294966746



4292870125



4294310399



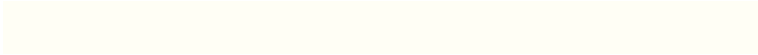
4294963711

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294966746



4294967029



4294957788



4286611321



4278190080



4286611584

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294966746



4294966740



4293918682



4286611315



4290753792



4282399744

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4292533503



4292138751



4293581567



4285756288



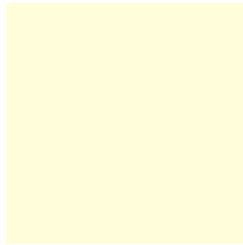
4278192831



4278190912

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294966746 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

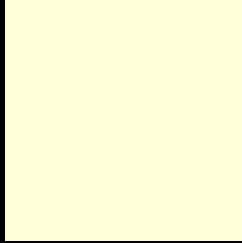
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294966746 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4294966746 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294966746.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294966746.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
4294966746



Protanopia
4294966257

Deuteranopia
4294966008

Tritanopia
4294900479

Trichromacy



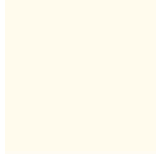
Original Color

4294966746



Protanomaly

4294966505



Deuteranomaly

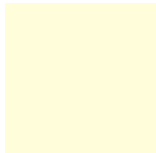
4294966253



Tritanomaly

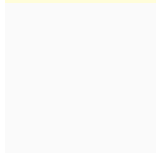
4294900722

Monochromacy



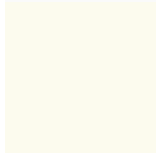
Original Color

4294966746



Achromatopsia

4294638330



Achromatomaly

4294769646

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294966746 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 253, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 253, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 253, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 253, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294966746 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 253, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 253, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 253, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 253, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 253, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 253,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294966746 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 253, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
253, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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