

# Converting Colors

CIE Lab(38.16, 0.00, 0.00)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELab(38.16, 0.00, 0.00) contains.

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# Color

**CIELab(38.24, 0.00, 0.00)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A5A5A
RGB	90, 90, 90
RGB Percent	35%, 35%, 35%
CMY	0.6471, 0.6471, 0.6471
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	78°, 0%, 35%
HSV	78°, 0%, 35%
XYZ	9.7168, 10.2232, 11.1313
YIQ	90.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	90, 90, 90
Decimal	5921370
CIELab	38.24, 0.00, 0.00
CIELCh	38, 0.000, 0.000
Yxy	10.2232, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284111450 (0xFF5A5A5A)
YUV	90.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	31.9737, -1.7077, 1.7404

# Details

The CIELab color **38.24, 0.00, 0.00** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **38.24, 0.01, -0.01**, and the grayscale version is **38.24, 0.00, -0.00**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.25, 0.00, -0.01**, and **18.47, 0.00, -0.00** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.74, -2.95, 4.83**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.77, 3.03, -4.76**.

# Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (35%)

Blue (35%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (35%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIE Lab color 118.24, 0.00, 0.00 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIE Lab color 118.24, 0.00, 0.00 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



118.24, 0.00, 0.00

118.24, 0.00, 0.00

 93.13, 8.70, 3.16

100.00, 0.01,  
-0.01

 86.41, 18.01, 6.86

 79.92, 27.86,  
11.23

 73.77, 38.10,  
16.47

 68.10, 48.40,  
22.82

 63.11, 58.24,  
30.55

 59.00, 66.95,  
39.79

 55.95, 73.75,

50.26

■ 54.08, 78.10,  
60.41

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

100.00, 0.00, 0.00

118.24, 0.00, 0.00

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.

118.24, 0.00, 0.00

100.00, 0.01, -0.01

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

100.00, 0.00, 0.00

118.24, 0.00, 0.00

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.

118.24, 0.00, 0.00

100.00, 0.00, 0.00

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.

100.00, 0.01, -0.01



53.39, 0.00, -0.01



0.00, 0.00, 0.00

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.

100.00, 0.01, -0.01



53.39, 0.00, -0.01



39.76, 64.52, 54.14



9.65, 29.68, 15.24



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.

100.00, 0.01, -0.01



53.39, 0.00, -0.01



70.28, -38.73, -11.39



23.69, -17.82, -5.24

# Previews

## White Background

### Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE Lab color 118.24, 0.00, 0.00 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIE Lab 118.24, 0.00, 0.00**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIE Lab color 118.24, 0.00, 0.00.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.24, 0.00, -0.00

### Protanopia

38.42, 0.80, 0.28

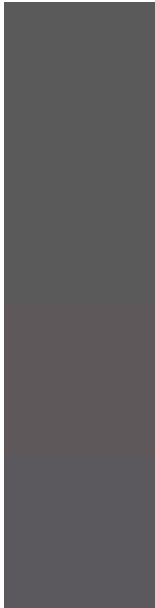
### Deuteranopia

38.14, 5.26, -0.68



**Tritanopia**  
38.22, 2.31, -3.74

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.24, 0.00, -0.00

## Protanomaly

38.33, 0.40, 0.14

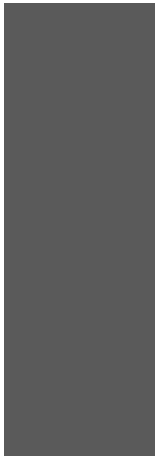
## Deuteranomaly

38.14, 3.44, -0.72

## Tritanomaly

38.16, 1.87, -2.60

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.24, 0.00, -0.00

## Achromatopsia

38.24, 0.00, -0.00

## Achromatomaly

38.24, 0.00, -0.00

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIE Lab 118.24, 0.00, 0.00 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 255)  
}
```



If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIE Lab 118.24, 0.00, 0.00 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIE Lab 118.24, 0.00, 0.00 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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