

Converting Colors

CIELCh(0, 110.385, 329.681)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(0, 110.385, 329.681)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 50.931, 325.176)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B0052
RGB	75, 0, 82
RGB Percent	29%, 0%, 32%
CMY	0.7062, 1.0000, 0.6787
CMYK	0.09, 1.00, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	295°, 100%, 16%
HSV	295°, 100%, 32%
XYZ	4.4154, 2.0993, 8.1412
YIQ	31.7730, 18.3780, 41.4020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

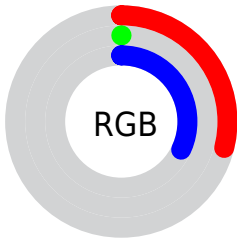
Format	Color
R_YB	75, 0, 82
Decimal	4915282
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, 41.81, -29.08
CIE _{LCh}	16, 50.931, 325.176
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3013, 0.1432
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283105362 (0xFF4B0052)
YUV	31.7730, 24.7619, 37.9101
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 29.0405, -23.1720

Details

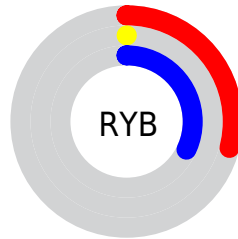
The CIELCh color **16, 50.931, 325.176** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **30, 51.865, 135.115**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 51.120, 325.250**, and **3, 25.021, 315.747** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 50.902, 325.173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 47.962, 325.113**.

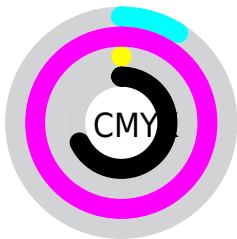
Distribution



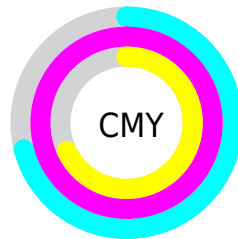
- Red (29%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (68%)





- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 50.931, 325.176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 50.931, 325.176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 50.931,
325.176


 16, 50.931,
325.176

 100, 50.931,
325.176


 6, 50.931, 325.176


 36, 50.931,
325.176

 0, 50.931, 325.176

 46, 50.931,
325.176


 56, 50.931,
325.176


 66, 50.931,
325.176


 76, 50.931,
325.176


 86, 50.931,


325.176


 96, 50.931,
325.176


 16, 50.931,
325.176


 16, 50.931,
325.176


 16, 50.902,
325.173

 17, 47.962,
325.113

 18, 44.868,
325.050

 19, 40.810,
324.879

 21, 35.940,
324.614

 23, 30.469,
324.276

■ 25, 24.601,
323.884

■ 27, 18.505,
323.458

■ 30, 12.314,
323.010

■ 32, 6.125, 322.549

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 50.931, 325.176



30, 51.865, 135.115

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 50.931, 325.176



16, 50.931, 15.176



16, 50.931, 145.176



16, 50.931, 195.176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 50.902, 325.173



36, 23.087, 323.504



7, 52.653, 303.189



16, 15.562, 323.606



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 50.902, 325.173



23, 61.343, 325.066



16, 38.911, 350.154



15, 3.409, 322.488



22, 60.307, 325.075



52, 108.202, 324.860

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14, 40.457, 29.095



21, 50.774, 33.126



30, 41.071, 146.716



15, 2.030, 12.881



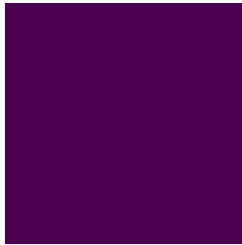
20, 49.758, 32.831



49, 93.807, 37.155

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 50.931, 325.176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

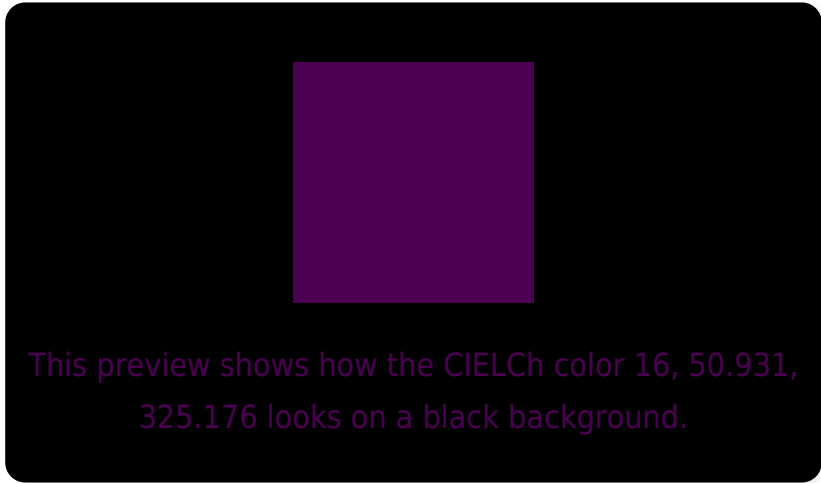
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

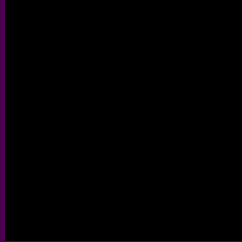
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 50.931, 325.176

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 50.931, 325.176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 50.931, 325.176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 50.931, 325.176

Protanopia

17, 33.531, 283.719

Deuteranopia

18, 22.953, 274.719



Tritanopia
18, 19.184, 20.698

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 50.931, 325.176

Protanomaly
14, 42.090, 300.355

Deuteranomaly
15, 35.197, 302.667

Tritanomaly
16, 29.043, 344.653

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 50.931, 325.176

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 24.096, 325.022

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 50.931, 325.176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 0, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 0, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 0, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 0, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 50.931, 325.176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 0, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 0, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 0, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 0, 82); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 0, 82); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 0, 82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 50.931, 325.176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 0, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 0,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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