

Converting Colors

CIELCh(0, 69.500, 332.557)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(0, 69.500, 332.557) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(10, 36.645, 332.961)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	390032
RGB	57, 0, 50
RGB Percent	22%, 0%, 20%
CMY	0.7746, 0.9986, 0.8022
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.12, 0.77
HSL	307°, 99%, 11%
HSV	307°, 99%, 23%
XYZ	2.3042, 1.1260, 3.1638
YIQ	22.7430, 17.9220, 27.6340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

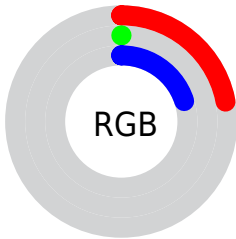
Format	Color
R_{YB}	57, 0, 50
Decimal	3735602
CIE _{Lab}	10.00, 32.64, -16.66
CIE _{LCh}	10, 36.645, 332.961
Yxy	1.1260, 0.3494, 0.1708
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281925682 (0xFF390032)
YUV	22.7430, 13.4377, 30.0434
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, 20.1894, -10.2492

Details

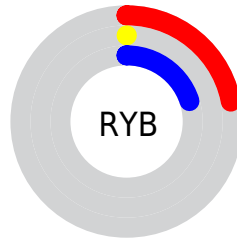
The CIELCh color **10, 36.645, 332.961** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **20, 37.820, 139.900**, and the grayscale version is **8, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 36.882, 332.859**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 36.828, 332.988**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11, 33.890, 332.514**.

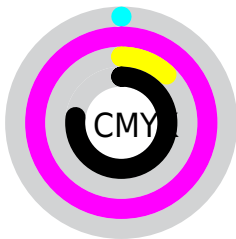
Distribution



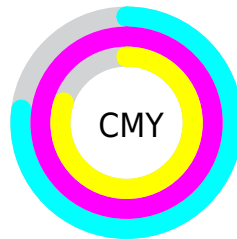
- Red (22%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (77%)





- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 36.645, 332.961 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 36.645, 332.961 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10, 36.645,
332.961


 10, 36.645,
332.961


 100, 36.645,
332.961


 0, 36.645, 332.961


 30, 36.645,
332.961

 40, 36.645,
332.961


 50, 36.645,
332.961


 60, 36.645,
332.961


 70, 36.645,
332.961


 80, 36.645,


332.961


 90, 36.645,
332.961


 10, 36.645,
332.961


 10, 36.645,
332.961


 10, 36.828,
332.988

 11, 33.890,
332.514

 12, 31.363,
332.033

 13, 28.409,
331.536

 14, 24.933,
331.031

 16, 21.073,
330.517

■ 17, 16.956,
329.997

■ 19, 12.690,
329.475

■ 21, 8.358, 328.953

■ 22, 4.025, 328.428

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 36.645, 332.961



20, 37.820, 139.900

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 36.645, 332.961



10, 36.645, 22.961



10, 36.645, 152.961



10, 36.645, 202.961

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 36.644, 332.961



25, 15.994, 329.579



3, 39.119, 302.035



11, 11.014, 329.652



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 36.644, 332.961



15, 43.304, 333.233



9, 29.070, 4.977



9, 2.330, 328.370



19, 50.062, 333.414



51, 93.532, 333.908

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 36.644, 332.961



15, 43.304, 333.233



20, 25.327, 159.509



9, 2.330, 328.370



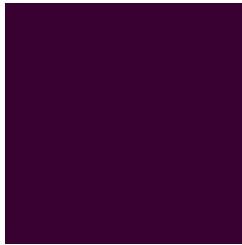
19, 50.062, 333.414



51, 93.532, 333.908

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 10, 36.645, 332.961 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

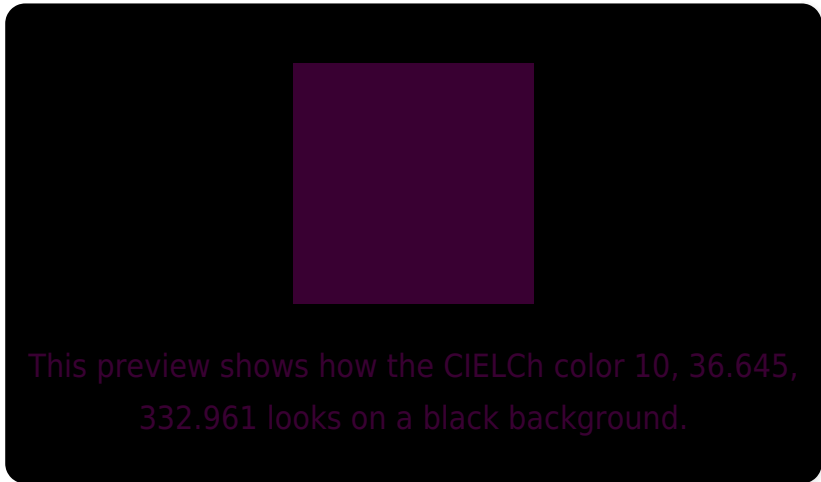
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

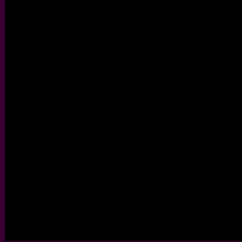
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 10, 36.645, 332.961

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 36.645, 332.961.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 36.645, 332.961.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10, 36.645, 332.961

Protanopia

12, 25.797, 281.024

Deuteranopia

12, 11.091, 278.639



Tritanopia
12, 19.240, 23.879

Trichromacy



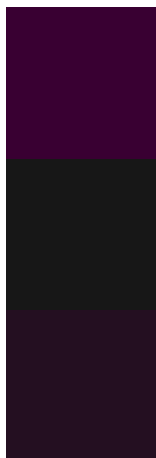
Original Color
10, 36.645, 332.961

Protanomaly
9, 29.573, 299.619

Deuteranomaly
10, 21.648, 314.847

Tritanomaly
11, 23.406, 355.806

Monochromacy



Original Color
10, 36.645, 332.961

Achromatopsia
8, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
7, 16.409, 331.329

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 36.645, 332.961 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 0, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 0, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 0, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 0, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 36.645, 332.961 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 0, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 0, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 0, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 0, 50); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 0, 50); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 0, 50) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 36.645, 332.961 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 0, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 0,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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