

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 108.079, 325.090)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 108.079, 325.090)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(83, 45.110, 325.986)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB7FF
RGB	255, 183, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 72%, 100%
CMY	0.0011, 0.2834, 0.0011
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 99%, 86%
HSV	300°, 28%, 100%
XYZ	76.0165, 62.1629, 102.3606
YIQ	212.7360, 19.8000, 37.6560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

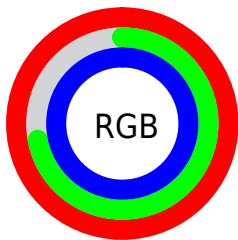
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 183, 255
Decimal	16758783
CIE Lab	83.00, 37.39, -25.23
CIE LCh	83, 45.110, 325.986
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3160, 0.2584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294948863 (0xFFFFB7FF)
YUV	212.7360, 20.8362, 37.0655
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, 34.1236, -21.7844

Details

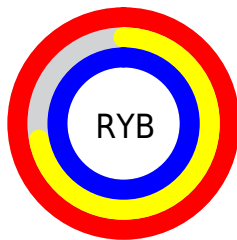
The CIELCh color $83, 45.110, 325.986$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFCCFF . A complement of this color would be $94, 45.108, 142.470$, and the grayscale version is $85, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96, 9.351, 324.734$, and $63, 45.011, 325.889$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78, 60.609, 326.506$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $89, 29.164, 325.439$.

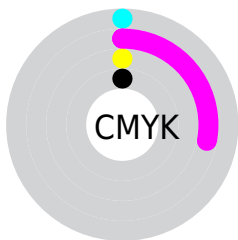
Distribution



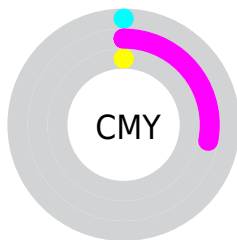
- Red (100%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 45.110, 325.986 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 45.110, 325.986 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83, 45.110,
325.986


 83, 45.110,
325.986


 100, 45.110,
325.986


 73, 45.110,
325.986

 63, 45.110,
325.986

 53, 45.110,
325.986

 43, 45.110,
325.986

 33, 45.110,
325.986

 23, 45.110,
325.986

 13, 45.110,

325.986

■ 3, 45.110, 325.986

■ 0, 45.110, 325.986

■ 83, 45.110,
325.986

■ 83, 45.110,
325.986

■ 78, 60.609,
326.506

■ 89, 29.164,
325.439

■ 73, 75.192,
326.983

■ 95, 13.136,
324.874

■ 69, 88.270,
327.400

100, 0.165,
146.295

■ 65, 99.212,
327.741

100, 0.165,
146.179

■ 63, 107.464,

100, 0.164,

327.992

146.062

■ 61, 112.727,
328.149

100, 0.164,
145.945

■ 60, 115.181,
328.222

100, 0.164,
145.828

■ 60, 115.470,
328.231

100, 0.164,
145.711

100, 0.163,
145.593

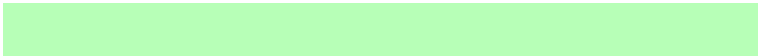
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 45.110, 325.986



94, 45.108, 142.470

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 45.110, 325.986



83, 45.110, 15.986



83, 45.110, 145.986



83, 45.110, 195.986

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 45.107, 325.986



95, 12.733, 324.858



77, 38.056, 293.018



50, 9.057, 324.946



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 45.107, 325.986



80, 54.137, 326.289



82, 32.554, 345.345



50, 9.057, 324.946



45, 93.083, 328.231



12, 42.823, 328.231

Inverse Universe

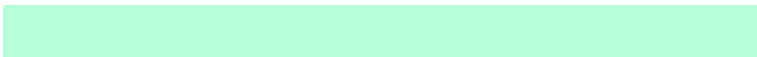
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 28.085, 21.732



77, 34.547, 22.470



94, 31.516, 160.164



49, 5.254, 19.940



40, 84.227, 39.998



10, 33.367, 27.174

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 45.110, 325.986 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

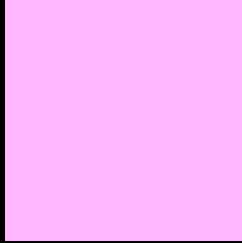
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 45.110, 325.986 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

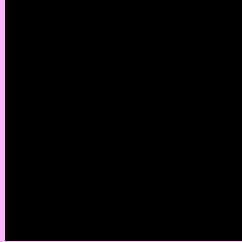
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 45.110, 325.986

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 45.110, 325.986.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 45.110, 325.986.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
83, 22.272, 0.607

Trichromacy



Original Color
83, 45.110, 325.986



Protanomaly
83, 31.502, 304.254



Deuteranomaly
83, 31.152, 309.524

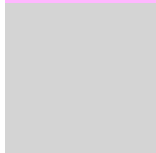


Tritanomaly
83, 28.671, 341.912

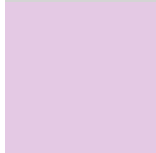
Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 45.110, 325.986



Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
84, 17.248, 325.076

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 45.110, 325.986 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 183, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 183, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 183, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 183, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 45.110, 325.986 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 183, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 183, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 183, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 183, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 183, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 183,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 45.110, 325.986 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 183, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
183, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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