

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 12.565, 38.411)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 12.565, 38.411)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(98, 4.754, 78.119)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF8F0
RGB	255, 248, 240
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 94%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0264, 0.0578
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.06, 0.00
HSL	33°, 100%, 97%
HSV	33°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	90.7552, 94.9163, 96.1816
YIQ	249.1810, 6.7400, -1.0040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

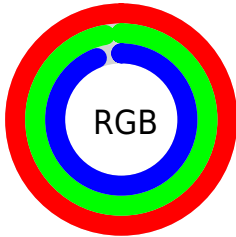
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	253, 255, 240
Decimal	16775408
CIELab	98.00, 0.98, 4.65
CIELCh	98, 4.754, 78.119
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3220, 0.3368
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965488 (0xFFFFF8F0)
YUV	249.1810, -4.5262, 5.1033
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -4.2139, 9.6642

# Details

The CIELCh color **98, 4.754, 78.119** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **97, 4.673, 260.804**, and the grayscale version is **98, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 4.812, 81.789** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 13.119, 77.921**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

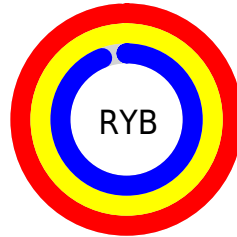
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (97%)

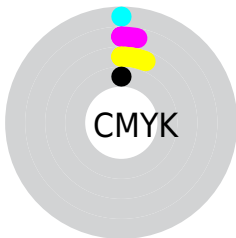
Blue (94%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (94%)

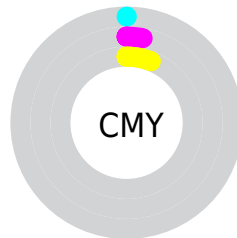


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 4.754, 78.119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 4.754, 78.119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 98, 4.754, 78.119

 98, 4.754, 78.119

 100, 4.754, 78.119

 88, 4.754, 78.119

 78, 4.754, 78.119

 68, 4.754, 78.119

 58, 4.754, 78.119

 48, 4.754, 78.119

 38, 4.754, 78.119

 28, 4.754, 78.119

 18, 4.754, 78.119

 8, 4.754, 78.119

98, 4.754, 78.119

98, 4.754, 78.119

95, 13.119, 77.921

100, 0.012,  
296.813

91, 21.872, 76.616

88, 30.970, 75.278

85, 40.387, 73.911

81, 50.034, 72.507

78, 59.693, 71.030

76, 68.916, 69.390

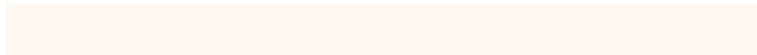
73, 76.880, 67.405

70, 82.429, 64.760

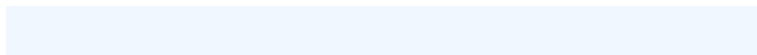
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



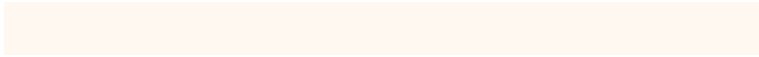
98, 4.754, 78.119



97, 4.673, 260.804

# Rectangle

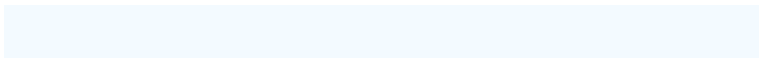
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 4.754, 78.119



98, 4.754, 128.119



98, 4.754, 258.119



98, 4.754, 308.119

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 4.706, 79.154



99, 1.611, 79.467



96, 6.314, 345.902



53, 0.916, 79.467



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

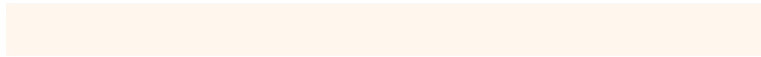


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 4.706, 79.154



98, 5.716, 79.014



100, 7.462, 110.955



52, 3.719, 78.942



53, 67.610, 64.186



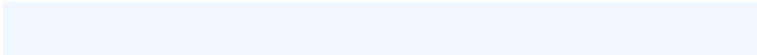
17, 27.066, 66.186





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 4.673, 260.804



96, 5.659, 260.958



95, 7.577, 292.048



51, 3.676, 261.037



39, 63.510, 288.149

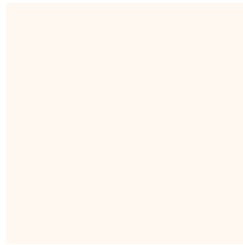


11, 25.661, 281.949



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 4.754, 78.119 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

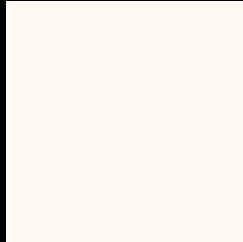
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 4.754, 78.119 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

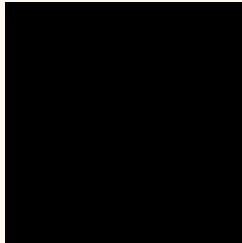
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 98, 4.754, 78.119

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 4.754, 78.119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 4.754, 78.119.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
98, 4.754, 78.119

**Protanopia**  
98, 4.327, 74.647

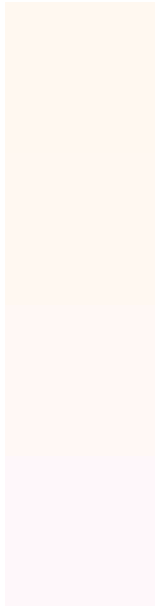
**Deuteranopia**  
98, 2.470, 19.304



**Tritanopia**  
98, 4.619, 317.378



# Trichromacy



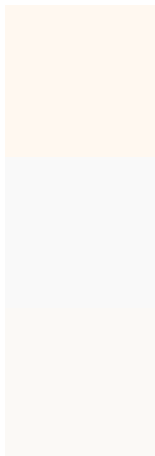
**Original Color**  
98, 4.754, 78.119

**Protanomaly**  
98, 4.327, 74.647

**Deuteranomaly**  
98, 2.896, 51.088

**Tritanomaly**  
98, 2.918, 347.752

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
98, 4.754, 78.119

**Achromatopsia**  
98, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
98, 1.666, 84.962

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 4.754, 78.119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 248, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 248, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 248, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 248, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 4.754, 78.119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 248, 240) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 248, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 248, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 248, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 4.754, 78.119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 248, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
248, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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