

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 14.885, 103.591)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 14.885, 103.591)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(99, 14.168, 109.107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEFEE2
RGB	254, 254, 226
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 89%
CMY	0.0040, 0.0039, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	60°, 93%, 94%
HSV	60°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	90.0349, 97.4360, 86.0199
YIQ	250.8080, 8.9880, -8.7080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	226, 254, 226
Decimal	16711394
CIE Lab	99.00, -4.64, 13.39
CIE LCh	99, 14.168, 109.107
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3292, 0.3563
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901474 (0xFFFEFEE2)
YUV	250.8080, -12.2303, 2.7994
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -9.9289, 17.4289

Details

The CIELCh color $99, 14.168, 109.107$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFCC`. A complement of this color would be $91, 14.538, 291.355$, and the grayscale version is $99, 0.012, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $79, 13.805, 108.910$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $98, 26.946, 108.137$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100, 1.300, 110.032$.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 14.168, 109.107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 14.168, 109.107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 99, 14.168,
109.107


 99, 14.168,
109.107


 100, 14.168,
109.107


 89, 14.168,
109.107

 79, 14.168,
109.107

 69, 14.168,
109.107

 59, 14.168,
109.107

 49, 14.168,
109.107

 39, 14.168,
109.107

 29, 14.168,

109.107

■ 19, 14.168,
109.107

■ 9, 14.168, 109.107

■ 99, 14.168,
109.107

■ 99, 14.168,
109.107

■ 98, 26.946,
108.137

■ 100, 1.300,
110.032

■ 98, 39.527,
107.164

■ 100, 0.522,
290.597

■ 98, 51.756,
106.218

■ 100, 0.522,
290.856

■ 97, 63.388,
105.325

■ 100, 0.522,
291.116

■ 97, 74.053,
104.517

100, 0.522,
291.375

■ 97, 83.232,
103.834

100, 0.522,
291.634

■ 97, 90.303,
103.319

100, 0.522,
291.894

■ 97, 94.743,
103.001

100, 0.522,
292.153

■ 97, 96.621,
102.869

100, 0.523,
292.412

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 14.168, 109.107



91, 14.538, 291.355

Rectangle

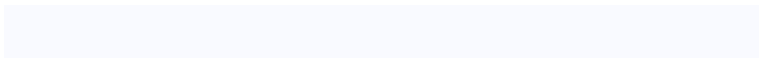
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 14.168, 109.107



99, 14.168, 159.107



99, 14.168, 289.107



99, 14.168, 339.107

Sweetspot

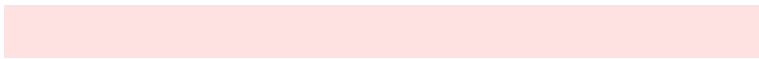
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 14.170, 109.114



100, 3.868, 109.880



92, 10.210, 20.065



53, 2.934, 109.806



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 14.170, 109.114



99, 16.767, 108.921



98, 15.114, 128.584



53, 7.338, 109.261



75, 78.056, 102.869



26, 35.525, 103.008

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 14.538, 291.355



89, 17.277, 291.587



92, 15.352, 309.561



49, 7.504, 291.184



23, 107.780, 306.288



3, 44.128, 301.764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 14.168, 109.107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

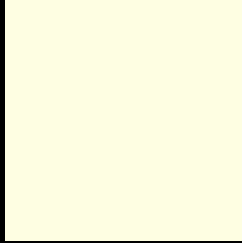
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 99, 14.168, 109.107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

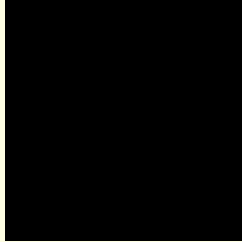
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 99, 14.168, 109.107

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 14.168, 109.107.

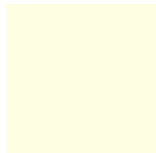


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 14.168, 109.107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
99, 14.178, 109.103



Protanopia
99, 3.691, 93.151

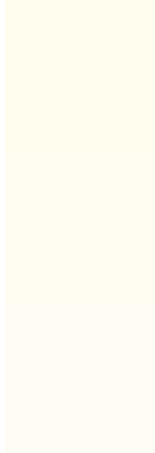
Deuteranopia
99, 1.487, 38.999

Tritanopia
99, 2.311, 317.261

Trichromacy



Original Color
99, 14.178, 109.103

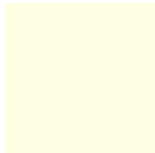


Protanomaly
99, 7.630, 104.208

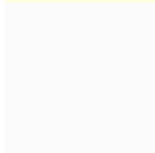
Deuteranomaly
99, 5.669, 98.867

Tritanomaly
99, 4.108, 99.912

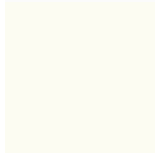
Monochromacy



Original Color
99, 14.178, 109.103



Achromatopsia
99, 0.012, 296.813



Achromatomaly
99, 5.071, 109.780

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 14.168, 109.107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 254, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 254, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 254, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 254, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 14.168, 109.107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 254, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 254, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 254, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 254, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 254, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 254,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 14.168, 109.107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 254, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
254, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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