

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 17.889, 22.555)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 17.889, 22.555)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(97, 4.038, 34.110)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF4F2
RGB	255, 244, 242
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 95%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0428, 0.0507
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	9°, 100%, 97%
HSV	9°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	89.6835, 92.4403, 97.1828
YIQ	247.0610, 7.1980, 1.7100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

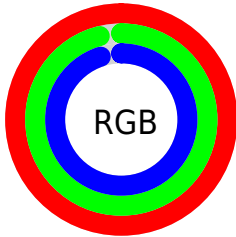
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 244, 242
Decimal	16774386
CIE Lab	97.00, 3.34, 2.26
CIE LCh	97, 4.038, 34.110
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3211, 0.3310
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964466 (0xFFFFF4F2)
YUV	247.0610, -2.4951, 6.9625
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -1.7531, 7.3727

# Details

The CIELCh color **97, 4.038, 34.110** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **99, 3.884, 214.609**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 3.889, 35.517** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 12.431, 34.442**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

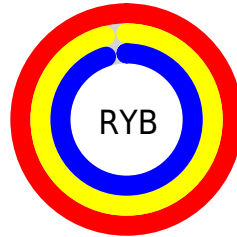
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

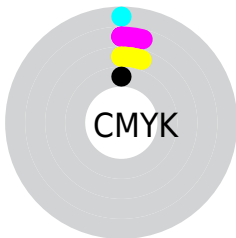
Blue (95%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (95%)

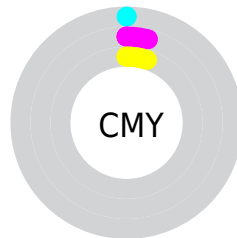


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 4.038, 34.110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 4.038, 34.110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 4.038, 34.110

 97, 4.038, 34.110

 100, 4.038, 34.110

 87, 4.038, 34.110

 77, 4.038, 34.110

 67, 4.038, 34.110

 57, 4.038, 34.110

 47, 4.038, 34.110

 37, 4.038, 34.110

 27, 4.038, 34.110

 17, 4.038, 34.110

 7, 4.038, 34.110

97, 4.038, 34.110

97, 4.038, 34.110

91, 12.431, 34.442

100, 0.012,  
296.813

85, 21.576, 34.684

80, 31.485, 35.095

75, 42.160, 35.734

70, 53.542, 36.651

65, 65.462, 37.875

61, 77.560, 39.363

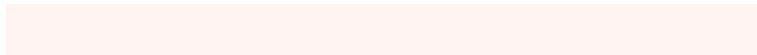
58, 89.050, 40.870

56, 98.218, 41.735

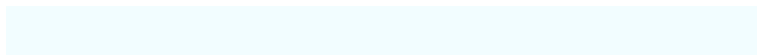
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



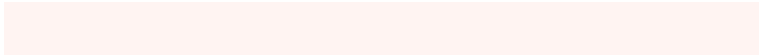
97, 4.038, 34.110



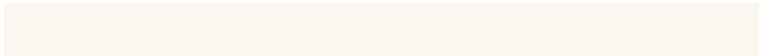
99, 3.884, 214.609

# Rectangle

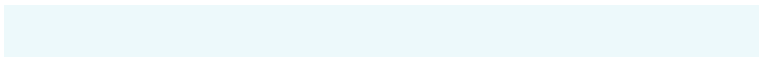
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



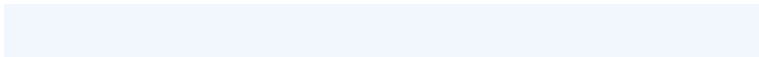
97, 4.038, 34.110



97, 4.038, 84.110



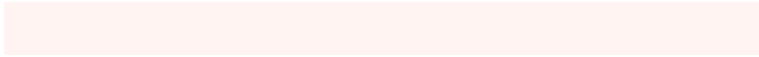
97, 4.038, 214.110



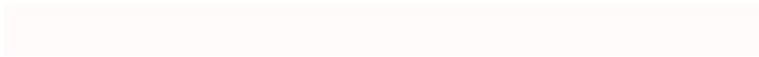
97, 4.038, 264.110

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 4.008, 34.251



99, 1.562, 33.990



97, 7.256, 329.098



53, 0.887, 33.968



0, 0.000, 0.000

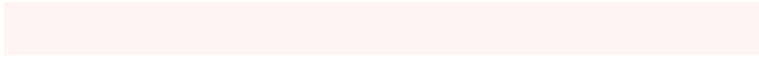


53, 0.007, 296.813

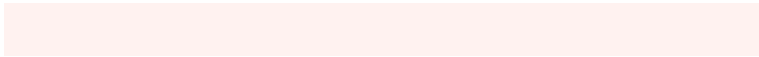


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 4.008, 34.251



96, 4.766, 34.280



99, 4.540, 89.070



51, 3.170, 34.296



41, 81.373, 42.230



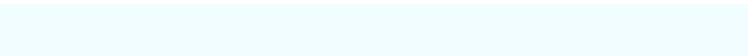
11, 30.633, 34.795



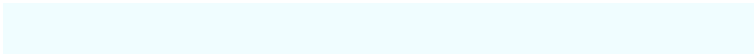


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 3.884, 214.609



98, 4.589, 214.590



97, 4.549, 270.486



52, 3.039, 214.582



61, 35.081, 225.860

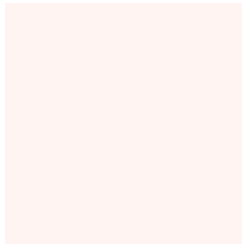


20, 16.205, 221.839



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 4.038, 34.110 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

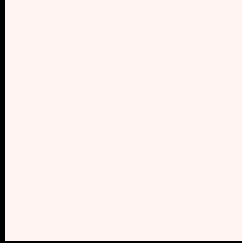
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 4.038, 34.110 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

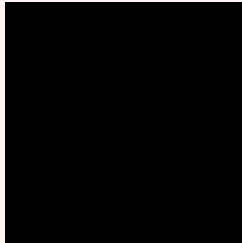
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

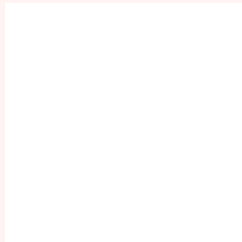
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 97, 4.038, 34.110**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.038, 34.110.

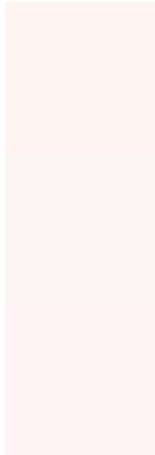


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.038, 34.110.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 4.038, 34.110

**Protanopia**  
97, 2.346, 45.010

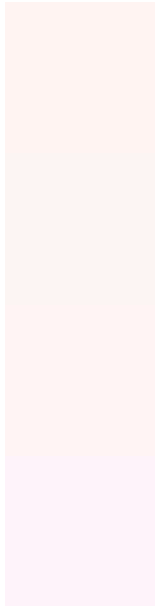
**Deuteranopia**  
97, 3.938, 12.069



**Tritanopia**  
97, 7.103, 319.977



# Trichromacy



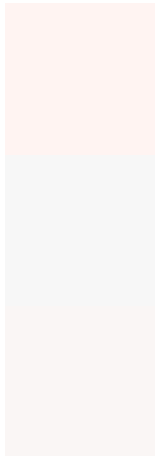
**Original Color**  
97, 4.038, 34.110

**Protanomaly**  
97, 2.672, 41.734

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 3.905, 19.499

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 5.303, 337.211

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 4.038, 34.110

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 1.493, 39.006

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 4.038, 34.110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 244, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 244, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 244, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 244, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.038, 34.110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 244, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 244, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 244, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 244, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.038, 34.110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 244, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
244, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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