

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 18.975, 143.073)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 18.975, 143.073)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(98, 14.140, 142.794)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9FFE8
RGB	233, 255, 232
RGB Percent	91%, 100%, 91%
CMY	0.0852, 0.0000, 0.0891
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.09, 0.00
HSL	117°, 100%, 96%
HSV	117°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	84.1532, 94.9163, 90.4387
YIQ	245.8000, -5.7290, -11.8170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	232, 255, 254
Decimal	15335400
CIE _{Lab}	98.00, -11.26, 8.55
CIE _{LCh}	98, 14.140, 142.794
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3122, 0.3522
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293525480 (0xFFE9FFE8)
YUV	245.8000, -6.8034, -11.2256
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -16.3101, 13.1591

Details

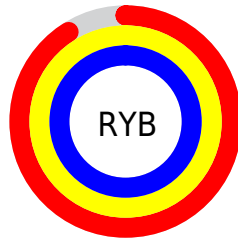
The CIELCh color **98, 14.140, 142.794** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **94, 13.994, 323.707**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 14.193, 142.620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 29.778, 142.125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

Distribution



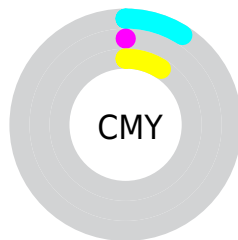
- Red (91%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 14.140, 142.794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 14.140, 142.794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 98, 14.140,
142.794


 98, 14.140,
142.794


 100, 14.140,
142.794


 88, 14.140,
142.794

 78, 14.140,
142.794

 68, 14.140,
142.794

 58, 14.140,
142.794

 48, 14.140,
142.794

 38, 14.140,
142.794

 28, 14.140,

142.794

■ 18, 14.140,
142.794

■ 8, 14.140, 142.794

■ 98, 14.140,
142.794

■ 98, 14.140,
142.794

■ 96, 29.778,
142.125

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 94, 45.530,
141.364

■ 92, 60.936,
140.496

■ 91, 75.621,
139.532

■ 90, 89.110,
138.511

■ 89, 100.814,
137.516

■ 88, 110.070,
136.673

■ 88, 116.281,
136.126

■ 88, 119.349,
135.920

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



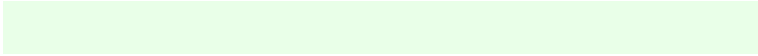
98, 14.140, 142.794



94, 13.994, 323.707

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 14.140, 142.794



98, 14.140, 192.794



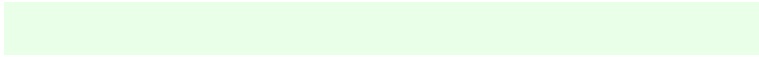
98, 14.140, 322.794



98, 14.140, 12.794

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 13.962, 142.786



99, 4.675, 143.166



99, 10.936, 107.198



53, 3.548, 143.109



0, 0.000, 0.000



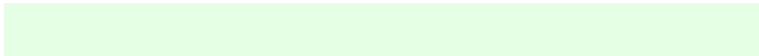
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

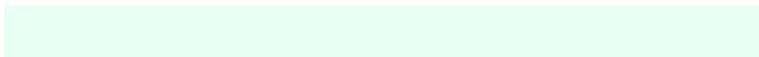
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 13.962, 142.786



97, 17.264, 142.655



98, 10.238, 160.378



52, 8.914, 142.749



68, 96.243, 135.841



23, 43.464, 136.169

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 13.994, 323.707



93, 17.302, 323.821



94, 10.340, 341.722



50, 8.934, 323.740



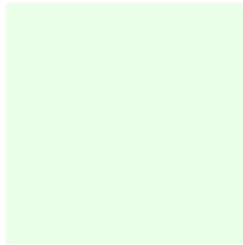
44, 93.292, 326.500



12, 42.904, 326.707

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 14.140, 142.794 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

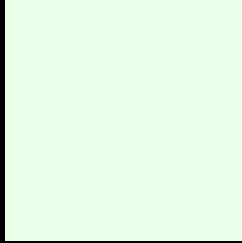
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 14.140, 142.794 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

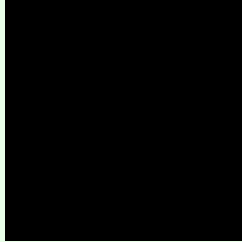
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

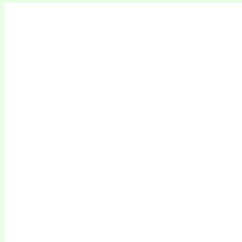
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 14.140, 142.794

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 14.140, 142.794.

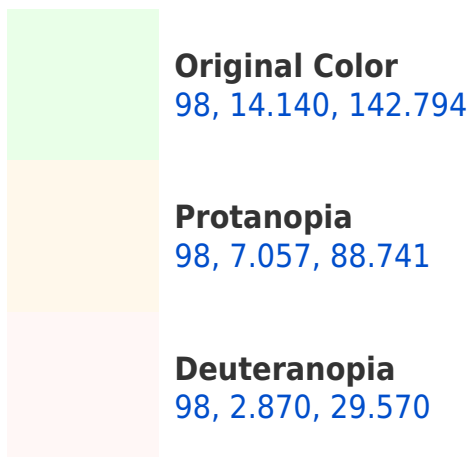


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 14.140, 142.794.

Color Blindness Simulation

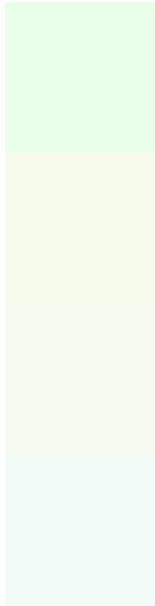
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Tritanopia
98, 3.225, 271.658

Trichromacy



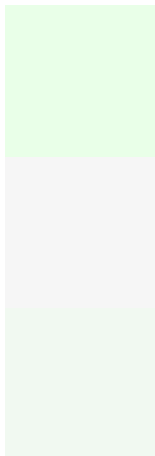
Original Color
98, 14.140, 142.794

Protanomaly
98, 8.768, 118.920

Deuteranomaly
98, 4.706, 122.870

Tritanomaly
98, 4.064, 169.191

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 14.140, 142.794

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 4.983, 144.322

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 14.140, 142.794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 255, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 255, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 255, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 255, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 14.140, 142.794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 255, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 255, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 255, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 255, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 255, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 255,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 14.140, 142.794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 255, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
255, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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