

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 19.300, 20.843)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 19.300, 20.843)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(97, 4.299, 26.345)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	20
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(97, 4.299, 26.345)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF4F3
RGB	255, 244, 243
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 95%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0440, 0.0479
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	5°, 100%, 98%
HSV	5°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	89.9631, 92.4403, 97.7238
YIQ	247.1750, 6.8770, 2.0210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

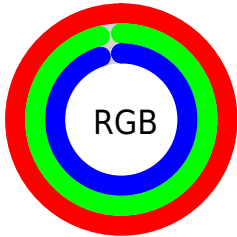
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 244, 243
Decimal	16774387
CIE Lab	97.00, 3.85, 1.91
CIE LCh	97, 4.299, 26.345
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3212, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964467 (0xFFFFF4F3)
YUV	247.1750, -2.0583, 6.8625
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -1.2339, 7.0390

# Details

The CIELCh color **97, 4.299, 26.345** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **99, 3.893, 206.894**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 3.773, 27.706** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 12.920, 27.358**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

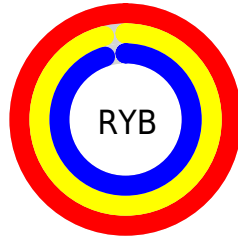
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

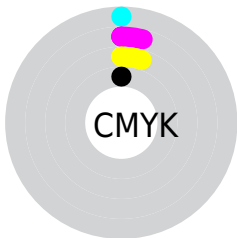
Blue (95%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (95%)

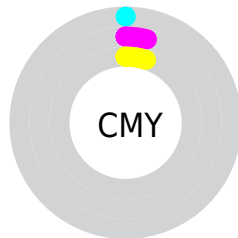


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 4.299, 26.345 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 4.299, 26.345 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 4.299, 26.345

 97, 4.299, 26.345

 100, 4.299, 26.345

 87, 4.299, 26.345

 77, 4.299, 26.345

 67, 4.299, 26.345

 57, 4.299, 26.345

 47, 4.299, 26.345

 37, 4.299, 26.345

 27, 4.299, 26.345

 17, 4.299, 26.345

 7, 4.299, 26.345

97, 4.299, 26.345

97, 4.299, 26.345

91, 12.920, 27.358

100, 0.012,  
296.813

84, 22.575, 27.963

79, 32.998, 28.788

73, 44.155, 29.908

68, 55.931, 31.402

63, 68.095, 33.327

59, 80.238, 35.664

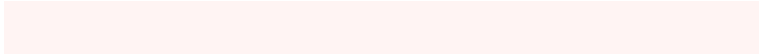
56, 91.567, 38.156

54, 100.346,  
40.041

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



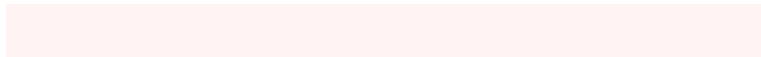
97, 4.299, 26.345



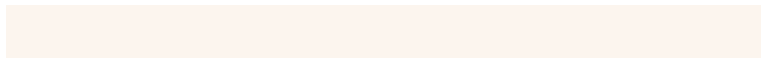
99, 3.893, 206.894

# Rectangle

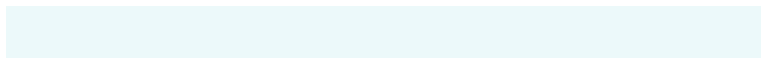
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



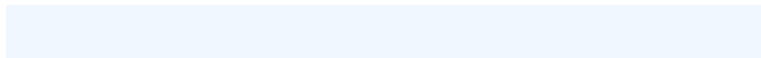
97, 4.299, 26.345



97, 4.299, 76.345



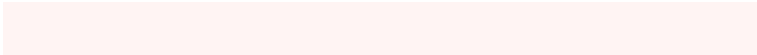
97, 4.299, 206.345



97, 4.299, 256.345

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 4.014, 26.835



99, 0.825, 26.073



97, 7.271, 326.513



53, 0.469, 26.029



0, 0.000, 0.000

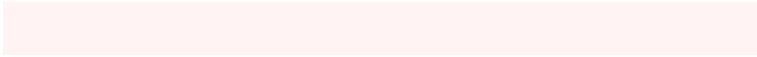


53, 0.007, 296.813

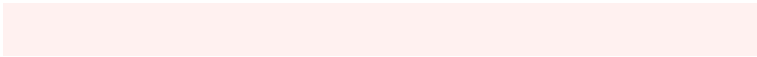


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 4.014, 26.835



96, 5.054, 26.910



98, 3.969, 81.576



51, 3.361, 26.947



40, 83.046, 40.882



11, 31.788, 31.204



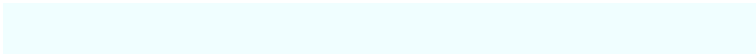


# Inverse Universe

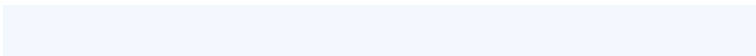
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 3.893, 206.894



99, 4.862, 206.830



97, 3.958, 262.994



52, 3.220, 206.802



65, 36.485, 210.735

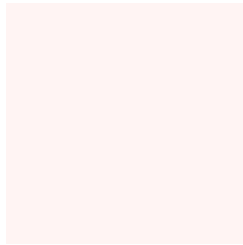


22, 16.947, 208.836



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 4.299, 26.345 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

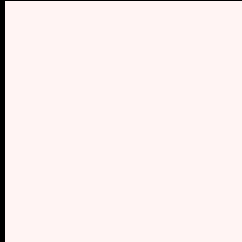
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 4.299, 26.345 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

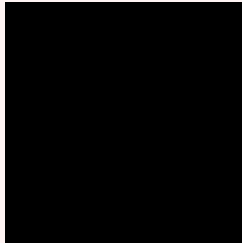
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

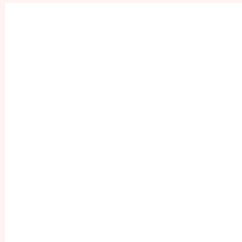
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 97, 4.299, 26.345

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.299, 26.345.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.299, 26.345.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**


97, 3.939, 26.928

**Protanopia**

97, 2.346, 45.010

**Deuteranopia**

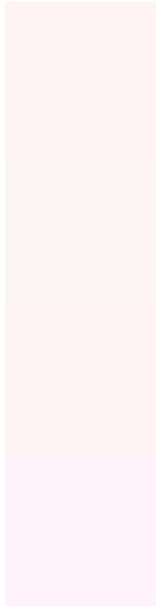
97, 3.938, 12.069



**Tritanopia**  
97, 7.103, 319.977



# Trichromacy



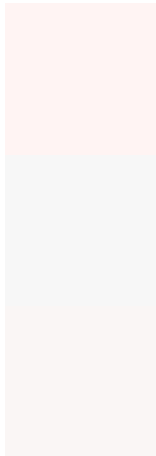
**Original Color**  
97, 3.939, 26.928

**Protanomaly**  
97, 2.672, 41.734

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 3.905, 19.499

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 5.662, 333.425

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 3.939, 26.928

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 1.493, 39.006

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 4.299, 26.345 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 244, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 244, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 244, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 244, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.299, 26.345 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 244, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 244, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 244, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 244, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244,  
243) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.299, 26.345 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 244, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
244, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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