

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 19.396, 222.095)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 19.396, 222.095)
contains.

CIELCh(97, 15.627, 198.466)	3
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Color

CIELCh(97, 15.627, 198.466)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0FFFF
RGB	208, 255, 255
RGB Percent	82%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.1830, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 91%
HSV	180°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	80.0820, 92.4403, 108.5197
YIQ	240.9470, -28.0120, -9.9640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	208, 232, 255
Decimal	13697023
CIE Lab	97.00, -14.82, -4.95
CIE LCh	97, 15.627, 198.466
Yxy	92.4403, 0.2849, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291887103 (0xFFD0FFFF)
YUV	240.9470, 6.9281, -28.8945
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -19.5788, 0.3816

Details

The CIELCh color **97, 15.627, 198.466** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **88, 17.512, 20.691**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 15.489, 198.267** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 23.180, 197.989**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 7.241, 199.039**.

Distribution



- Red (82%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 15.627, 198.466 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 15.627, 198.466 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 97, 15.627,
198.466


 97, 15.627,
198.466

 100, 15.627,
198.466


 87, 15.627,
198.466

 77, 15.627,
198.466

 67, 15.627,
198.466

 57, 15.627,
198.466

 47, 15.627,
198.466

 37, 15.627,
198.466

 27, 15.627,

198.466

■ 17, 15.627,
198.466

■ 7, 15.627, 198.466

■ 97, 15.627,
198.466

■ 97, 15.627,
198.466

■ 95, 23.180,
197.989

■ 99, 7.241, 199.039

■ 94, 30.070,
197.566

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 93, 36.051,
197.206

■ 92, 41.009,
196.913

■ 92, 44.866,
196.688

■ 91, 47.603,
196.530

■ 91, 49.271,
196.435

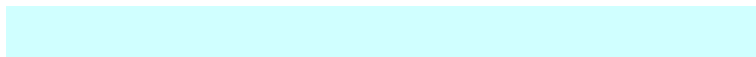
■ 91, 50.029,
196.391

■ 91, 50.115,
196.386

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



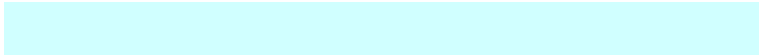
97, 15.627, 198.466



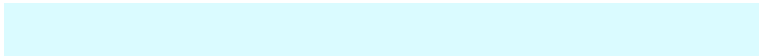
88, 17.512, 20.691

Rectangle

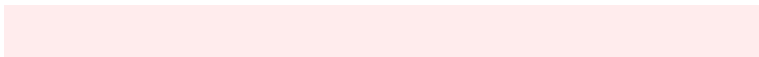
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 15.627, 198.466



97, 15.627, 248.466



97, 15.627, 18.466



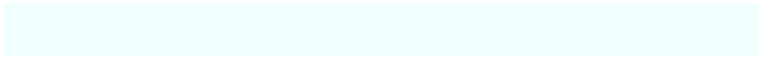
97, 15.627, 68.466

Sweetspot

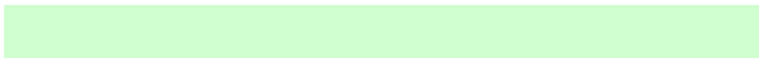
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 15.521, 198.473



99, 4.397, 199.277



96, 29.231, 143.277



53, 2.995, 199.220



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

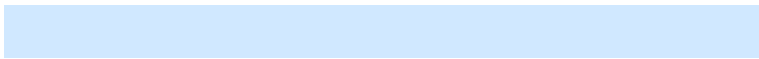
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 15.521, 198.473



96, 18.436, 198.286



91, 14.173, 258.052



52, 4.945, 198.963



70, 40.365, 196.386



24, 18.570, 196.386

Inverse Universe

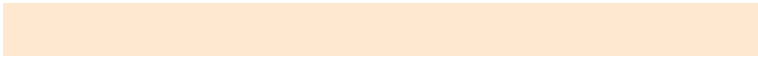
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 29.254, 325.443



87, 35.186, 325.648



93, 14.874, 73.122



50, 9.057, 324.947



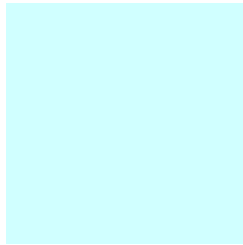
45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 15.627, 198.466 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

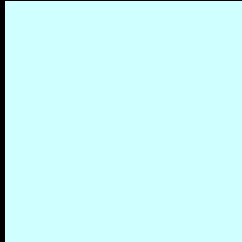
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 15.627, 198.466 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

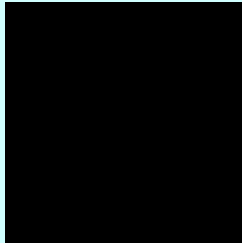
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 15.627, 198.466

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 15.627, 198.466.

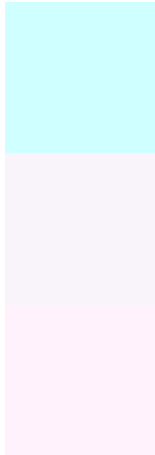


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 15.627, 198.466.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

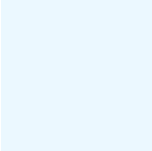
Dichromacy



Original Color
97, 15.627, 198.466

Protanopia
97, 3.128, 324.456

Deuteranopia
97, 6.894, 331.898

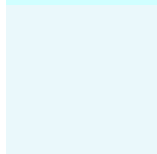


Tritanopia
97, 5.660, 238.606

Trichromacy



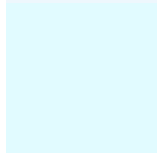
Original Color
97, 15.627, 198.466



Protanomaly
97, 5.034, 217.020



Deuteranomaly
97, 4.328, 244.660

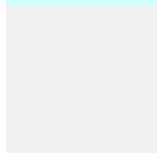


Tritanomaly
97, 9.002, 212.111

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 15.627, 198.466



Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
96, 5.877, 199.133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 15.627, 198.466 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 15.627, 198.466 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 255, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 15.627, 198.466 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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