

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 19.619, 5.295)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 19.619, 5.295) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(97, 6.894, 331.898)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFF3FD
RGB	255, 243, 253
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 99%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0480, 0.0088
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	311°, 100%, 98%
HSV	311°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	91.1940, 92.4403, 105.7691
YIQ	247.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 243, 253
Decimal	16774141
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.00, 6.08, -3.25
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 6.894, 331.898
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3151, 0.3194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964221 (0xFFFFF3FD)
YUV	247.7280, 2.5991, 6.3775
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, 1.0512, 2.0778

# Details

The CIELCh color **97, 6.894, 331.898** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **99, 6.690, 149.678**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 6.337, 330.190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 20.836, 330.831**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

Blue (99%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (99%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 6.894, 331.898 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 6.894, 331.898 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 6.894, 331.898

 97, 6.894, 331.898

 100, 6.894,  
331.898

 87, 6.894, 331.898

 77, 6.894, 331.898

 67, 6.894, 331.898

 57, 6.894, 331.898

 47, 6.894, 331.898

 37, 6.894, 331.898

 27, 6.894, 331.898

 17, 6.894, 331.898

 7, 6.894, 331.898

97, 6.894, 331.898

97, 6.894, 331.898

91, 20.836,  
330.831

100, 0.012,  
296.813

85, 35.000,  
331.488

79, 48.931,  
332.159

74, 62.231,  
332.846

69, 74.374,  
333.550

65, 84.737,  
334.278

62, 92.685,  
335.044

60, 97.743,  
335.873

■ 58, 99.798,  
336.801

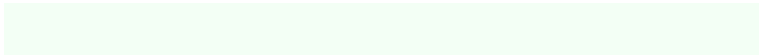
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 6.894, 331.898



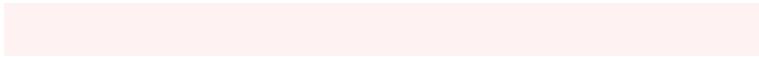
99, 6.690, 149.678

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



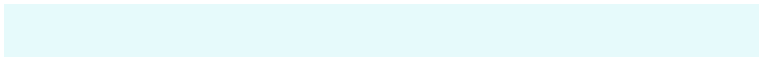
97, 6.894, 331.898



97, 6.894, 21.898



97, 6.894, 151.898



97, 6.894, 201.898

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 6.714, 330.165



99, 1.402, 329.727



96, 6.327, 297.060



53, 0.797, 329.710



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 6.714, 330.165



96, 8.403, 330.251



97, 4.822, 354.020



51, 5.576, 330.296



44, 80.731, 337.136



11, 37.765, 335.872



# Inverse Universe

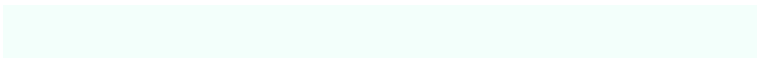
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 6.714, 330.165



96, 8.403, 330.251



99, 4.754, 173.371



51, 5.576, 330.296



44, 80.731, 337.136

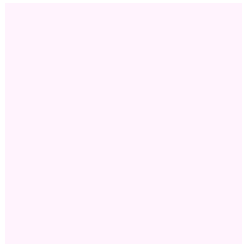


11, 37.765, 335.872



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 6.894, 331.898 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

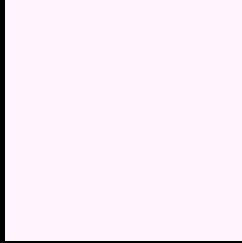
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 6.894, 331.898 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

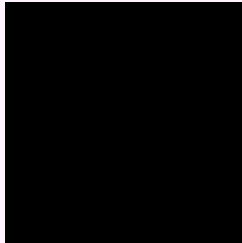
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 97, 6.894, 331.898

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 6.894, 331.898.

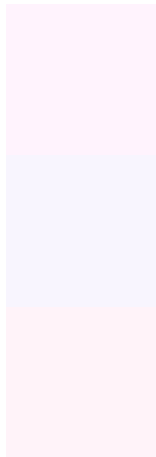


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 6.894, 331.898.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97, 6.660, 329.623


### Protanopia

97, 4.743, 303.226

### Deuteranopia

97, 5.253, 343.947





**Tritanopia**  
97, 6.936, 317.462

# Trichromacy



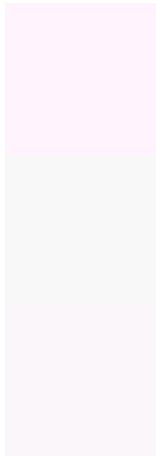
**Original Color**  
97, 6.660, 329.623

**Protanomaly**  
97, 5.703, 315.860

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 5.567, 339.698

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 6.664, 322.141

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 6.660, 329.623

**Achromatopsia**  
98, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 2.717, 330.518

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 6.894, 331.898 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 243, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 243, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 243, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 243, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 6.894, 331.898 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 243, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 243, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 243, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 243, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 243, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 243,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 6.894, 331.898 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 243, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
243, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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