

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 2.966, 214.243)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 2.966, 214.243)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(99, 2.426, 199.524)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7FEFE
RGB	247, 254, 254
RGB Percent	97%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.0330, 0.0056, 0.0056
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	180°, 71%, 98%
HSV	180°, 3%, 99%
XYZ	91.3344, 97.4360, 107.3981
YIQ	251.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 251, 254
Decimal	16252670
CIE Lab	99.00, -2.29, -0.81
CIE LCh	99, 2.426, 199.524
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3084, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294442750 (0xFF7FEFE)
YUV	251.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -7.5790, 4.5881

# Details

The CIELCh color 99, 2.426, 199.524 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98, 2.472, 19.259, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 2.182, 199.487 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 97, 10.953, 198.722, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.500, 17.507.

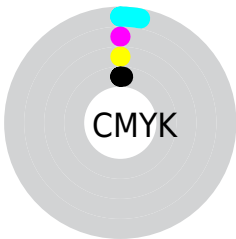
# Distribution



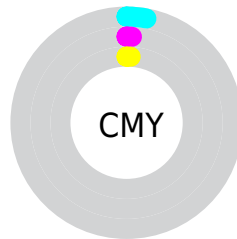
- Red (97%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 2.426, 199.524 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 2.426, 199.524 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 2.426, 199.524

 99, 2.426, 199.524

 100, 2.426,  
199.524

 89, 2.426, 199.524

 79, 2.426, 199.524

 69, 2.426, 199.524

 59, 2.426, 199.524

 49, 2.426, 199.524

 39, 2.426, 199.524

 29, 2.426, 199.524

 19, 2.426, 199.524

 9, 2.426, 199.524

99, 2.426, 199.524

99, 2.426, 199.524

97, 10.953,  
198.722

100, 0.500, 17.507

100, 0.500, 16.665

96, 18.939,  
198.198

100, 0.501, 15.824

94, 26.242,  
197.738

100, 0.501, 14.985

100, 0.502, 14.149

93, 32.716,  
197.341

100, 0.503, 13.315

92, 38.232,  
197.007

100, 0.504, 12.483


92, 42.690,  
196.740

100, 0.505, 11.655

100, 0.506, 10.831

91, 46.035,  
196.540

91, 48.280,  
196.404

 91, 49.510,  
196.326

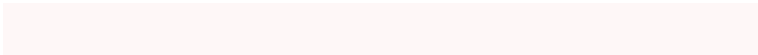
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 2.426, 199.524



98, 2.472, 19.259

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



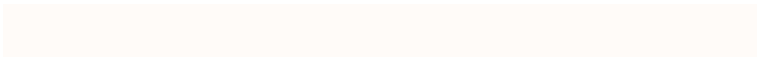
99, 2.426, 199.524



99, 2.426, 249.524



99, 2.426, 19.524



99, 2.426, 69.524

# Sweetspot

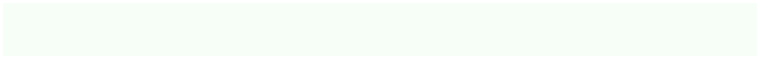
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 2.427, 199.474



100, 0.886, 200.049



99, 4.317, 143.918



53, 0.504, 200.091



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 2.427, 199.474



99, 2.650, 199.439



98, 2.124, 254.141



53, 2.005, 199.342



70, 40.381, 196.298

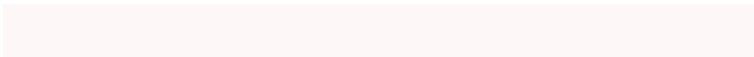


24, 18.576, 196.309

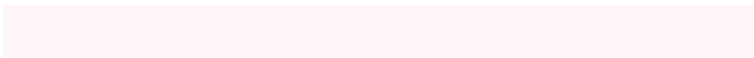


# Inverse Universe

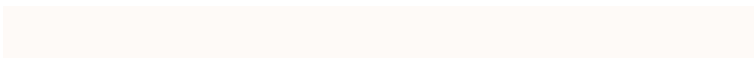
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98, 2.472, 19.259



98, 2.702, 19.295



98, 2.123, 73.048



52, 2.055, 19.397



40, 84.203, 39.977



10, 33.363, 27.154



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 2.426, 199.524 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

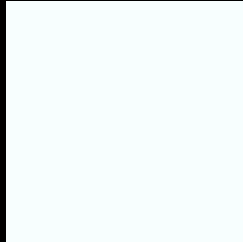
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 2.426, 199.524 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

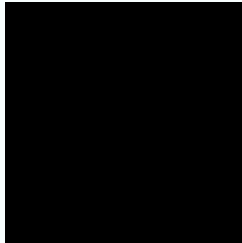
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 99, 2.426, 199.524

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 2.426, 199.524.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 2.426, 199.524.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

99, 2.428, 199.523

### Protanopia

99, 1.502, 359.268

### Deuteranopia

99, 1.502, 359.268



**Tritanopia**  
99, 1.537, 290.342

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

99, 2.428, 199.523

## Protanomaly

99, 0.520, 290.363

## Deuteranomaly

99, 0.520, 290.363

## Tritanomaly

99, 1.158, 226.033

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

99, 2.428, 199.523

## Achromatopsia

99, 0.012, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

99, 1.045, 199.967

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 2.426, 199.524 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 254, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 254, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 254, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 254, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 2.426, 199.524 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 254, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 254, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 254, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 254, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 254, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 254,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 2.426, 199.524 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 254, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
254, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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