

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 20.050, 66.236)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 20.050, 66.236)
contains.

CIELCh(98, 14.886, 100.513)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(98, 14.886, 100.513)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFADD
RGB	255, 250, 221
RGB Percent	100%, 98%, 87%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0202, 0.1340
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	51°, 100%, 93%
HSV	51°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	88.7273, 94.9163, 81.9370
YIQ	248.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

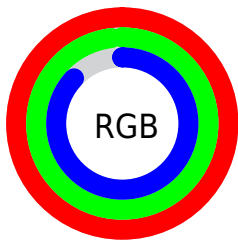
Format	Color
R _Y B	227, 255, 221
Decimal	16775901
CIE Lab	98.00, -2.72, 14.64
CIE LCh	98, 14.886, 100.513
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3341, 0.3574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965981 (0xFFFFFADD)
YUV	248.1890, -13.4042, 5.9732
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -7.9294, 18.3330

Details

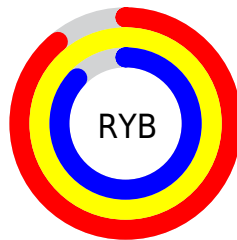
The CIELCh color **98, 14.886, 100.513** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 15.145, 284.843**, and the grayscale version is **98, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 14.975, 102.829** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 25.960, 100.604**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 3.747, 102.815**.

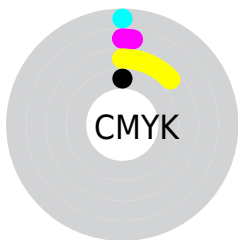
Distribution



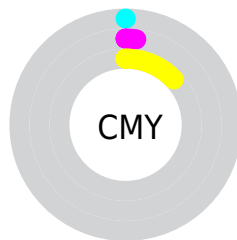
- Red (100%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (13%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 14.886, 100.513 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 14.886, 100.513 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 98, 14.886,
100.513


 98, 14.886,
100.513


 100, 14.886,
100.513


 88, 14.886,
100.513

 78, 14.886,
100.513

 68, 14.886,
100.513

 58, 14.886,
100.513

 48, 14.886,
100.513

 38, 14.886,
100.513

 28, 14.886,

100.513

■ 18, 14.886,
100.513

■ 8, 14.886, 100.513

■ 98, 14.886,
100.513

■ 98, 14.886,
100.513

■ 96, 25.960,
100.604

■ 99, 3.747, 102.815

■ 95, 37.017, 99.448

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 94, 47.890, 98.282

■ 92, 58.363, 97.118

■ 91, 68.081, 95.967

■ 90, 76.494, 94.834

■ 89, 82.865, 93.714

■ 88, 86.480, 92.578

■ 87, 87.470, 91.803

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 14.886, 100.513



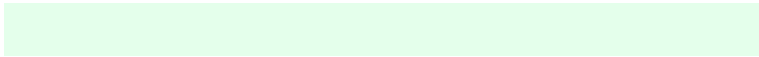
90, 15.145, 284.843

Rectangle

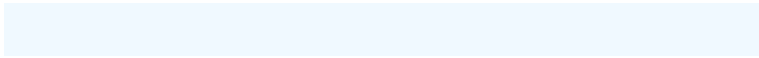
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 14.886, 100.513



98, 14.886, 150.513



98, 14.886, 280.513



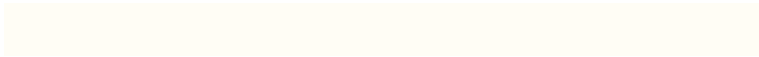
98, 14.886, 330.513

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 14.846, 101.737



99, 4.415, 102.755



91, 12.798, 7.058



53, 3.140, 102.678



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 14.846, 101.737



98, 17.740, 101.445



98, 17.822, 122.317



53, 6.294, 102.168



67, 70.554, 92.017



23, 31.600, 93.605

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 15.145, 284.843



88, 18.165, 285.196



90, 18.272, 303.824



49, 6.388, 284.345



26, 99.103, 303.922



5, 39.339, 298.881

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 14.886, 100.513 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

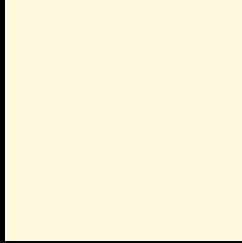
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 14.886, 100.513 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

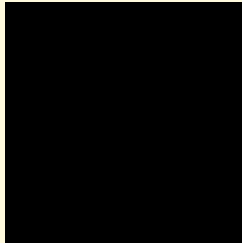
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 14.886, 100.513

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 14.886, 100.513.

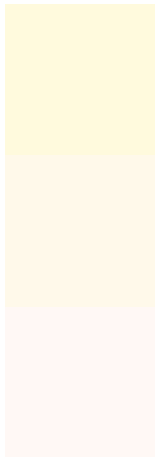


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 14.886, 100.513.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
98, 14.827, 101.930

Protanopia
98, 7.909, 93.714

Deuteranopia
98, 2.896, 51.088



Tritanopia
98, 4.791, 321.097

Trichromacy



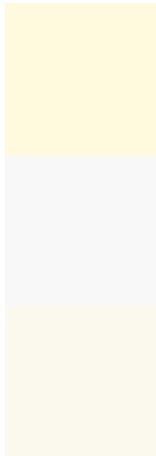
Original Color
98, 14.827, 101.930

Protanomaly
98, 10.382, 97.276

Deuteranomaly
98, 6.933, 91.542

Tritanomaly
98, 3.298, 69.695

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 14.827, 101.930

Achromatopsia
98, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
98, 5.629, 102.448

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 14.886, 100.513 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 250, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 250, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 250, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 250, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 14.886, 100.513 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 250, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 250, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 250, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 250, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 250, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 250,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 14.886, 100.513 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 250, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
250, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor