

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 22.079, 224.500)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 22.079, 224.500)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(96, 17.795, 198.327)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8FEFE
RGB	200, 254, 254
RGB Percent	78%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.2170, 0.0054, 0.0054
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	180°, 95%, 89%
HSV	180°, 21%, 99%
XYZ	76.8798, 90.0078, 106.7718
YIQ	237.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

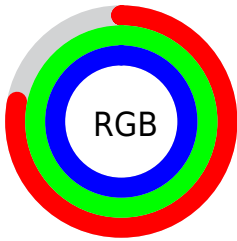
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 227, 254
Decimal	13172478
CIE Lab	96.00, -16.89, -5.60
CIE LCh	96, 17.795, 198.327
Yxy	90.0078, 0.2809, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291362558 (0xFFC8FEFE)
YUV	237.8540, 7.9600, -33.1980
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -21.3795, -0.3157

Details

The CIELCh color **96, 17.795, 198.327** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **85, 20.512, 20.975**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 17.687, 198.095** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 25.209, 197.856**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 9.720, 198.856**.

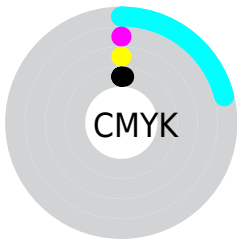
Distribution



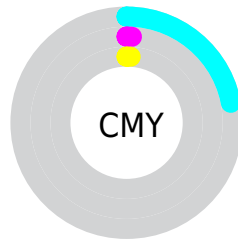
- Red (78%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 17.795, 198.327 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 17.795, 198.327 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

96, 17.795,
198.327

96, 17.795,
198.327

100, 17.795,
198.327

86, 17.795,
198.327

76, 17.795,
198.327

66, 17.795,
198.327

56, 17.795,
198.327

46, 17.795,
198.327

36, 17.795,
198.327

26, 17.795,

198.327

■ 16, 17.795,
198.327

■ 6, 17.795, 198.327

■ 96, 17.795,
198.327

■ 96, 17.795,
198.327

■ 95, 25.209,
197.856

■ 98, 9.720, 198.856

■ 94, 31.814,
197.451

■ 99, 1.126, 199.919

■ 100, 0.482, 18.055

■ 93, 37.478,
197.111

■ 100, 0.482, 18.041

■ 92, 42.095,
196.839

■ 100, 0.482, 18.027

■ 100, 0.482, 18.013

■ 91, 45.604,
196.634

100, 0.482, 17.999

■ 91, 48.006,
196.495

100, 0.482, 17.985

■ 91, 49.375,
196.416

100, 0.482, 17.971

■ 91, 49.911,
196.385

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



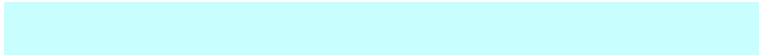
96, 17.795, 198.327



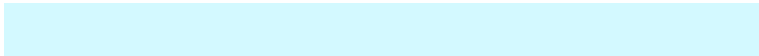
85, 20.512, 20.975

Rectangle

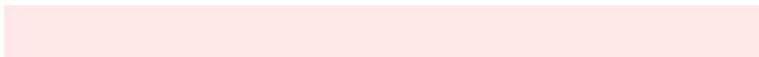
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 17.795, 198.327



96, 17.795, 248.327



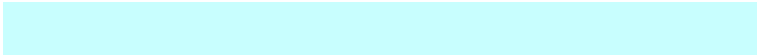
96, 17.795, 18.327



96, 17.795, 68.327

Sweetspot

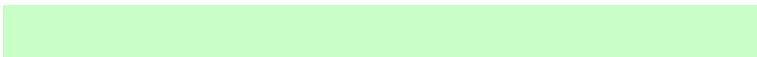
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 17.796, 198.322



99, 5.264, 199.197



95, 33.675, 142.639



53, 3.486, 199.149



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

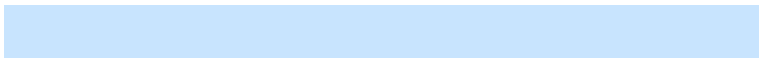
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 17.796, 198.322



96, 21.482, 198.094



89, 16.139, 256.688



52, 4.945, 198.962



70, 40.365, 196.385



24, 18.570, 196.385

Inverse Universe

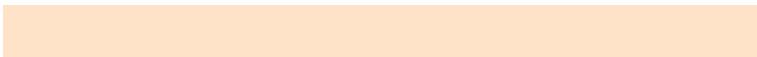
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 20.512, 20.975



82, 25.641, 21.475



91, 17.190, 70.976



49, 5.254, 19.943



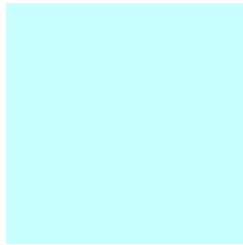
40, 84.229, 40.000



10, 33.367, 27.176

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 17.795, 198.327 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

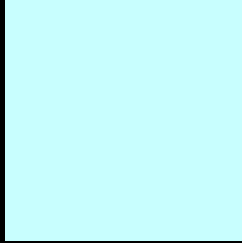
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 17.795, 198.327 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

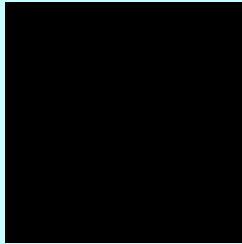
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 17.795, 198.327

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 17.795, 198.327.

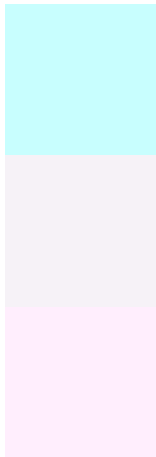


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 17.795, 198.327.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

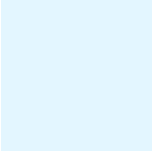
Dichromacy



Original Color
96, 17.804, 198.323

Protanopia
96, 2.946, 318.819

Deuteranopia
96, 9.778, 328.170

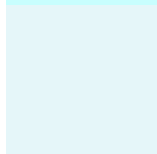


Tritanopia
96, 7.848, 235.244

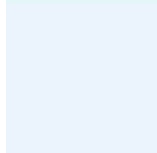
Trichromacy



Original Color
96, 17.804, 198.323



Protanomaly
96, 6.016, 213.990



Deuteranomaly
96, 5.510, 256.414

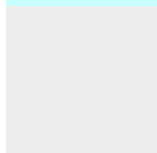


Tritanomaly
96, 11.105, 214.951

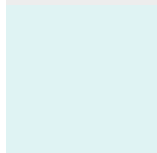
Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 17.804, 198.323



Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
94, 6.907, 199.044

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 17.795, 198.327 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 254, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 254, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 254, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 254, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 17.795, 198.327 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 254, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 254, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 254, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 254, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 254, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 254,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 17.795, 198.327 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 254, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
254, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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