

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 26.203, 42.575)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 26.203, 42.575)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(96, 11.432, 82.587)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF2DE
RGB	255, 242, 222
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 87%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0520, 0.1305
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	36°, 100%, 93%
HSV	36°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	86.3362, 90.0078, 81.7363
YIQ	243.6070, 14.1680, -3.4640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 255, 222
Decimal	16773854
CIE Lab	96.00, 1.47, 11.34
CIE LCh	96, 11.432, 82.587
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3345, 0.3488
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963934 (0xFFFFF2DE)
YUV	243.6070, -10.6523, 9.9917
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -3.5874, 15.3300

# Details

The CIELCh color **96, 11.432, 82.587** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **93, 11.168, 267.403**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 11.203, 84.572** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 20.293, 82.534**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 2.596, 85.042**.

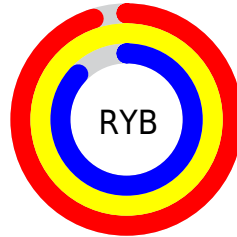
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

Blue (87%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (87%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 11.432, 82.587 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 11.432, 82.587 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 96, 11.432, 82.587

 96, 11.432, 82.587

 100, 11.432,  
82.587

 86, 11.432, 82.587

 76, 11.432, 82.587

 66, 11.432, 82.587

 56, 11.432, 82.587

 46, 11.432, 82.587

 36, 11.432, 82.587

 26, 11.432, 82.587

 16, 11.432, 82.587

 6, 11.432, 82.587

96, 11.432, 82.587

96, 11.432, 82.587

93, 20.293, 82.534

99, 2.596, 85.042

90, 29.539, 81.169

100, 0.012,  
296.813

87, 39.012, 79.764

84, 48.618, 78.314

81, 58.148, 76.794

79, 67.186, 75.143

76, 74.998, 73.229

74, 80.533, 70.821

72, 82.892, 68.807

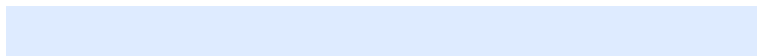
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



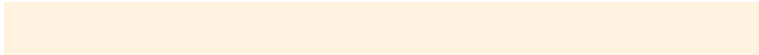
96, 11.432, 82.587



93, 11.168, 267.403

# Rectangle

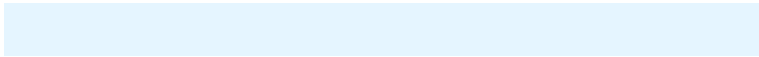
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 11.432, 82.587



96, 11.432, 132.587



96, 11.432, 262.587



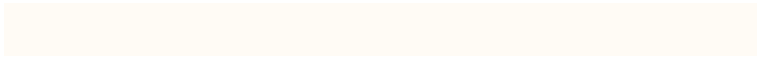
96, 11.432, 312.587

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 11.311, 83.853



99, 3.413, 84.953



91, 13.819, 350.601



52, 2.430, 84.873



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

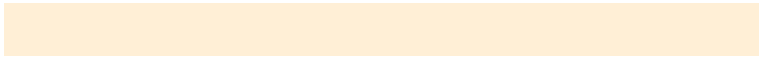


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 11.311, 83.853



95, 13.934, 83.470



99, 16.886, 113.038



52, 4.900, 84.305



55, 66.690, 69.448



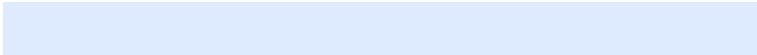
18, 27.393, 72.018





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 11.168, 267.403



91, 13.706, 267.863



90, 17.396, 295.277



50, 4.861, 266.885



36, 70.764, 292.625

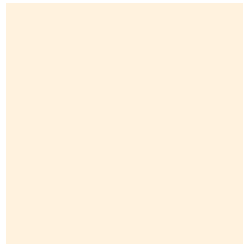


10, 28.426, 286.921



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 11.432, 82.587 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

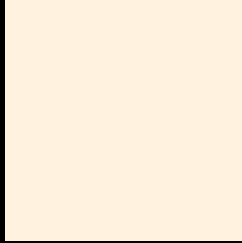
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 11.432, 82.587 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

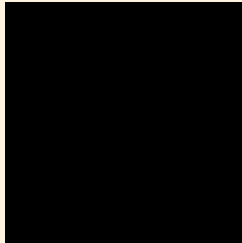
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 96, 11.432, 82.587

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 11.432, 82.587.

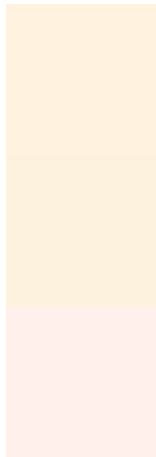


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 11.432, 82.587.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


96, 11.260, 84.278

### Protanopia

96, 10.968, 87.784

### Deuteranopia

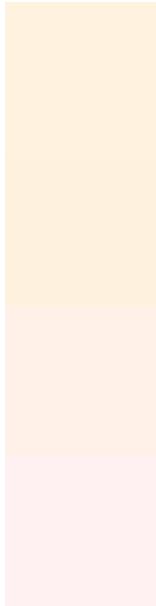
96, 5.754, 40.409



**Tritanopia**  
96, 8.758, 330.441



# Trichromacy



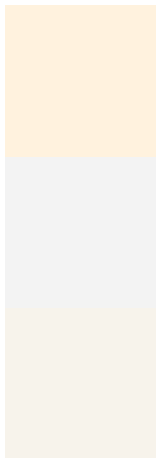
**Original Color**  
96, 11.260, 84.278

**Protanomaly**  
96, 11.108, 86.009

**Deuteranomaly**  
96, 7.181, 64.819

**Tritanomaly**  
96, 5.379, 14.205

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
96, 11.260, 84.278

**Achromatopsia**  
96, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
96, 4.312, 90.458

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 11.432, 82.587 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 242, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 242, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 242, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 242, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 11.432, 82.587 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 242, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 242, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 242, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 242, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 242, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 242,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 11.432, 82.587 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 242, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
242, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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