

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 28.123, 65.307)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 28.123, 65.307)
contains.

CIELCh(97, 20.614, 99.157)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(97, 20.614, 99.157)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF7CF
RGB	255, 247, 207
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 81%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0315, 0.1885
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	50°, 100%, 91%
HSV	50°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	86.0984, 92.4403, 72.2902
YIQ	244.8320, 17.6080, -10.7440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

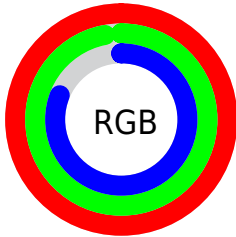
Format	Color
R_{YB}	217, 255, 207
Decimal	16775119
CIE _{Lab}	97.00, -3.28, 20.35
CIE _{LCh}	97, 20.614, 99.157
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3433, 0.3685
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965199 (0xFFFFF7CF)
YUV	244.8320, -18.6512, 8.9173
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -8.4091, 22.7231

Details

The CIELCh color **97, 20.614, 99.157** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **87, 21.095, 284.709**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 20.431, 100.430** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 31.492, 99.002**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 9.625, 101.303**.

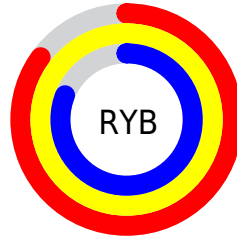
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (97%)

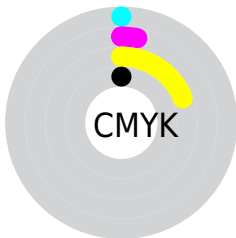
Blue (81%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (81%)

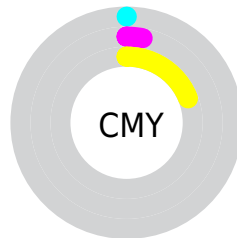


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (19%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 20.614, 99.157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 20.614, 99.157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 97, 20.614, 99.157

 97, 20.614, 99.157

 100, 20.614,
99.157

 87, 20.614, 99.157

 77, 20.614, 99.157

 67, 20.614, 99.157

 57, 20.614, 99.157

 47, 20.614, 99.157

 37, 20.614, 99.157

 27, 20.614, 99.157

 17, 20.614, 99.157

 7, 20.614, 99.157

97, 20.614, 99.157

97, 20.614, 99.157

95, 31.492, 99.002

99, 9.625, 101.303

94, 42.329, 97.816

100, 0.012,
296.813

92, 52.908, 96.621

91, 62.951, 95.426

90, 72.008, 94.236

89, 79.418, 93.046

88, 84.388, 91.829

86, 86.512, 90.539

86, 86.675, 90.388

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 20.614, 99.157



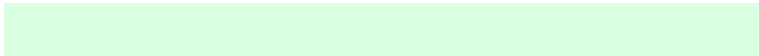
87, 21.095, 284.709

Rectangle

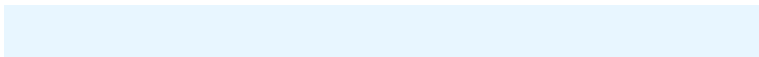
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 20.614, 99.157



97, 20.614, 149.157



97, 20.614, 279.157



97, 20.614, 329.157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 20.559, 100.169



99, 6.516, 101.615



87, 18.359, 6.410



53, 4.323, 101.544



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

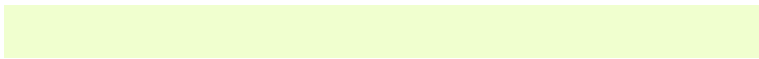
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 20.559, 100.169



96, 25.100, 99.688



98, 24.985, 121.359



52, 6.184, 101.231



67, 69.917, 90.631



22, 31.205, 92.385

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 21.095, 284.709



84, 25.912, 285.339



86, 25.899, 303.596



49, 6.271, 283.439



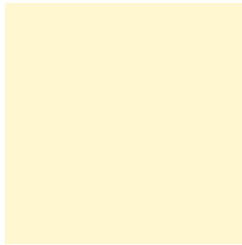
26, 97.627, 303.483



5, 38.800, 298.491

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 20.614, 99.157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

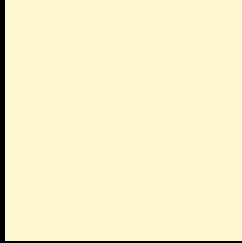
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 20.614, 99.157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

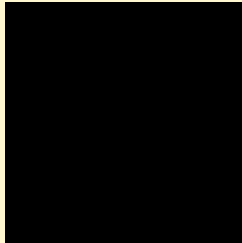
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 20.614, 99.157

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 20.614, 99.157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 20.614, 99.157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


97, 20.541, 100.204

Protanopia

97, 13.139, 94.601

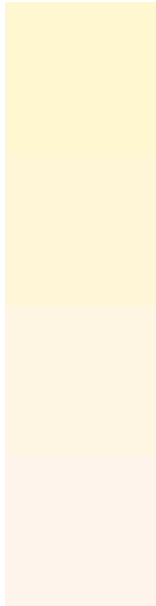
Deuteranopia

97, 4.969, 57.434



Tritanopia
97, 6.660, 329.623

Trichromacy



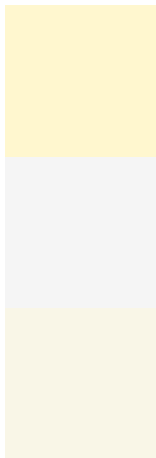
Original Color
97, 20.541, 100.204

Protanomaly
97, 15.619, 96.669

Deuteranomaly
97, 9.853, 87.751

Tritanomaly
97, 5.660, 65.525

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 20.541, 100.204

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 7.710, 101.513

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 20.614, 99.157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 247, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(255, 247, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 247, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 247, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 20.614, 99.157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 247, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 247, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 247, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 247, 207); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 247, 207); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 247, 207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 20.614, 99.157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 247, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
247, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor