

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 28.552, 267.509)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 28.552, 267.509)
contains.

CIELCh(98, 12.126, 198.696)	3
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Color

CIElCh(98, 12.126, 198.696)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCFFFF
RGB	220, 255, 255
RGB Percent	86%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.1362, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 93%
HSV	180°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	84.0354, 94.9163, 109.6010
YIQ	244.5350, -20.8600, -7.4200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	220, 238, 255
Decimal	14483455
CIE Lab	98.00, -11.49, -3.89
CIE LCh	98, 12.126, 198.696
Yxy	94.9163, 0.2912, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292673535 (0xFFDCFFFF)
YUV	244.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -16.5259, 1.4975

Details

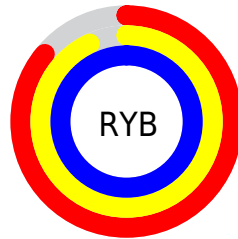
The CIELCh color **98, 12.126, 198.696** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **91, 12.792, 20.279**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 11.579, 198.571** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 19.681, 198.208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 3.191, 199.411**.

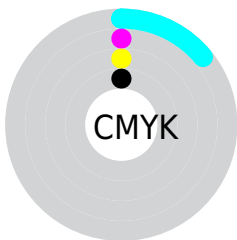
Distribution



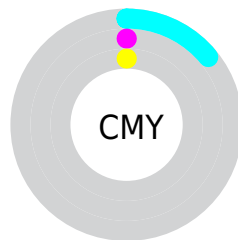
- Red (86%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 12.126, 198.696 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 12.126, 198.696 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 98, 12.126,
198.696


 98, 12.126,
198.696

 100, 12.126,
198.696


 88, 12.126,
198.696

 78, 12.126,
198.696

 68, 12.126,
198.696

 58, 12.126,
198.696

 48, 12.126,
198.696

 38, 12.126,
198.696

 28, 12.126,

198.696

■ 18, 12.126,
198.696

■ 8, 12.126, 198.696

■ 98, 12.126,
198.696

■ 98, 12.126,
198.696

■ 96, 19.681,
198.208

■ 99, 3.191, 199.411

■ 95, 26.949,
197.756

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 94, 33.372,
197.366

■ 93, 38.821,
197.042

■ 92, 43.200,
196.785

■ 92, 46.459,
196.596

■ 91, 48.617,
196.472

■ 91, 49.767,
196.406

■ 91, 50.115,
196.386

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 12.126, 198.696



91, 12.792, 20.279

Rectangle

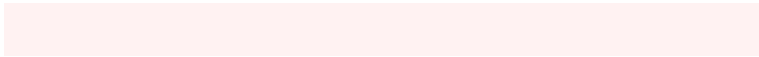
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 12.126, 198.696



98, 12.126, 248.696



98, 12.126, 18.696



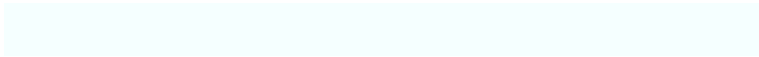
98, 12.126, 68.696

Sweetspot

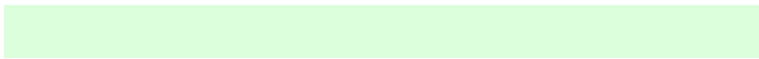
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 11.713, 198.724



99, 3.526, 199.370



97, 21.713, 143.616



53, 2.501, 199.299



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

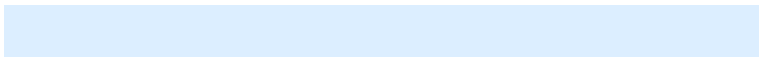
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 11.713, 198.724



97, 13.667, 198.594



93, 10.575, 257.317



52, 4.945, 198.963



70, 40.365, 196.386



24, 18.570, 196.386

Inverse Universe

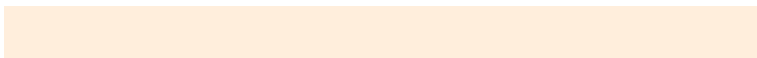
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 21.736, 325.181



90, 25.563, 325.315



95, 10.945, 73.700



50, 9.057, 324.947



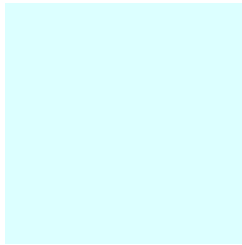
45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 12.126, 198.696 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

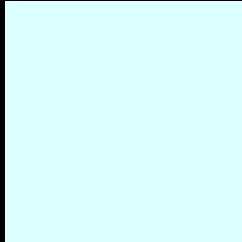
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 12.126, 198.696 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

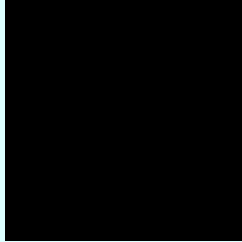
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 12.126, 198.696

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 12.126, 198.696.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 12.126, 198.696.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

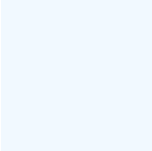
Dichromacy



Original Color
98, 11.803, 198.717

Protanopia
97, 2.717, 330.518

Deuteranopia
97, 5.042, 334.473



Tritanopia
97, 4.089, 248.068

Trichromacy



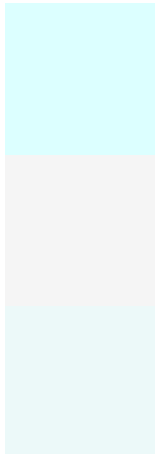
Original Color
98, 11.803, 198.717

Protanomaly
97, 3.448, 225.831

Deuteranomaly
98, 3.146, 240.042

Tritanomaly
97, 6.444, 217.659

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 11.803, 198.717

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 4.501, 199.259

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 12.126, 198.696 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 12.126, 198.696 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 255, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 255, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 255, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 255, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 12.126, 198.696 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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