

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 3.357, 335.904)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 3.357, 335.904)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(100, 1.250, 324.238)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	19
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	22
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	25

# Color

**CIELCh(100, 1.250, 324.238)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFEFF
RGB	255, 254, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0022, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 100%
HSV	300°, 0%, 100%
XYZ	95.6266, 100.0000, 110.0805
YIQ	254.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 254, 255
Decimal	16776959
CIE Lab	100.00, 1.01, -0.73
CIE LCh	100, 1.250, 324.238
Yxy	100.0000, 0.3128, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967039 (0xFFFFFFFF)
YUV	254.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	100.0000, -4.3065, 4.7333

# Details

The CIELCh color 100, 1.250, 324.238 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 100, 0.341, 145.339, and the grayscale version is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 80, 0.659, 324.081 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 94, 16.290, 324.988, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

# Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 100, 1.250, 324.238 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 100, 1.250, 324.238 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




100, 1.250,  
324.238

100, 1.250,  
324.238

 90, 1.250, 324.238


 94, 16.290,  
324.988

 80, 1.250, 324.238

 88, 32.339,  
325.550

 70, 1.250, 324.238

 60, 1.250, 324.238


 82, 48.242,  
326.092

 50, 1.250, 324.238


 77, 63.619,  
326.605

 40, 1.250, 324.238


 30, 1.250, 324.238

 72, 77.968,  
327.072

 20, 1.250, 324.238

 68, 90.686,  
327.475

 10, 1.250, 324.238

 65, 101.147,

327.799

■ 62, 108.831,  
328.032

■ 61, 113.507,  
328.172

100, 1.250,  
324.238

100, 0.012,  
296.813

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.

100, 1.250, 324.238

100, 0.341, 145.339

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.

100, 1.250, 324.238

100, 1.250, 14.238

100, 1.250, 144.238

100, 1.250, 194.238

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.

100, 0.361, 323.597

100, 0.012, 296.813

100, 0.299, 290.457



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.

100, 0.361, 323.597

100, 0.012, 296.813

100, 0.254, 341.751



53, 0.007, 296.813



45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.

100, 0.361, 323.597

100, 0.012, 296.813

100, 0.238, 165.680



53, 0.007, 296.813



45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233



# Previews

## White Background

### Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 100, 1.250, 324.238 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 100, 1.250, 324.238

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 100, 1.250, 324.238.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

100, 0.630, 323.973

### Protanopia

100, 0.630, 323.973

### Deuteranopia

100, 0.630, 323.973

**Tritanopia**  
100, 0.012, 296.813

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

100, 0.630, 323.973

## Protanomaly

100, 0.630, 323.973

## Deuteranomaly

100, 0.630, 323.973

## Tritanomaly

100, 0.012, 296.813

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

100, 0.630, 323.973

## Achromatopsia

100, 0.012, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

100, 0.012, 296.813



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 100, 1.250, 324.238 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 254, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 100, 1.250, 324.238 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 254, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 254, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 254, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 254, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 254,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 100, 1.250, 324.238 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
254, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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