

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 3.582, 106.643)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 3.582, 106.643)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIElCh(100, 3.539, 109.892)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFF8
RGB	255, 255, 248
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 97%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0255
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.03, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 99%
HSV	60°, 3%, 100%
XYZ	94.3620, 100.0000, 103.5377
YIQ	254.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

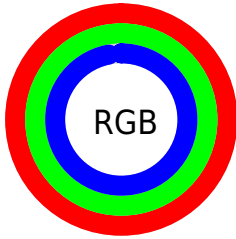
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">248, 255, 248</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16777208</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">100.00, -1.20, 3.33</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">100, 3.539, 109.892</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">100.0000, 0.3168, 0.3357</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294967288</a> (0xFFFFFFFF8)
YUV	<a href="#">254.2020, -3.0576, 0.6998</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">100.0000, -6.5639, 8.6125</a>

# Details

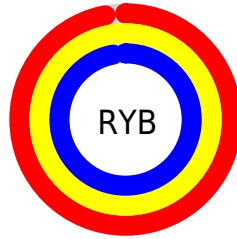
The CIELCh color 100, 3.539, 109.892 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98, 3.328, 290.451, and the grayscale version is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 80, 3.182, 109.870 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 99, 16.189, 108.954, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

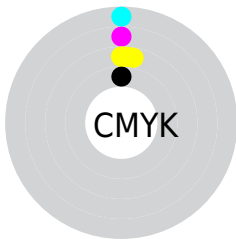
# Distribution



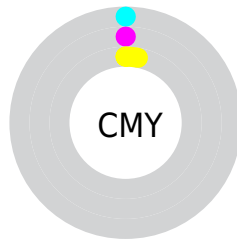
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 100, 3.539, 109.892 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 100, 3.539, 109.892 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



100, 3.539,  
109.892

100, 3.539,  
109.892

90, 3.539, 109.892

99, 16.189,  
108.954

80, 3.539, 109.892

99, 28.983,  
107.975

70, 3.539, 109.892

60, 3.539, 109.892

98, 41.562,  
107.004

50, 3.539, 109.892

98, 53.757,  
106.064

40, 3.539, 109.892

30, 3.539, 109.892

98, 65.304,  
105.181

20, 3.539, 109.892

97, 75.811,  
104.389

10, 3.539, 109.892

97, 84.734,

103.729

■ 97, 91.446,  
103.242

■ 97, 95.469,  
102.954

■ 100, 3.539,  
109.892

100, 0.012,  
296.813

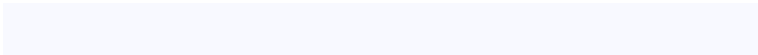
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 3.539, 109.892



98, 3.328, 290.451

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 3.539, 109.892



100, 3.539, 159.892

100, 3.539, 289.892

100, 3.539, 339.892

# Sweetspot

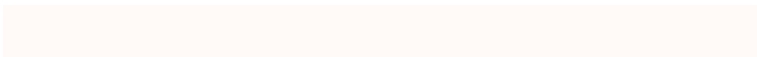
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 3.287, 109.909



100, 1.282, 110.022



98, 2.294, 19.272



53, 0.729, 110.023



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 3.287, 109.909



100, 3.868, 109.869



100, 3.495, 128.998



53, 2.934, 109.796



75, 78.056, 102.852



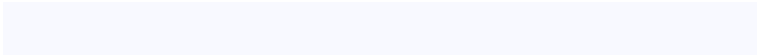
26, 35.525, 102.993





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98, 3.328, 290.451



98, 3.916, 290.493



98, 3.529, 309.140



52, 2.971, 290.570



23, 107.781, 306.287



3, 44.127, 301.758



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 100, 3.539, 109.292 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

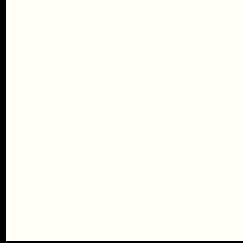
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 100, 3.539, 109.892 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

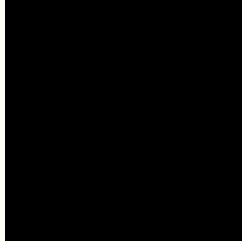
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 100, 3.539, 109.892

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 100, 3.539, 109.892.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 100, 3.539, 109.892.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

**Original Color**  
100, 3.539, 109.892

**Protanopia**  
100, 0.351, 17.546

**Deuteranopia**  
100, 0.351, 17.546

**Tritanopia**  
100, 0.630, 323.973



# Trichromacy

**Original Color**  
100, 3.539, 109.892

**Protanomaly**  
100, 1.059, 90.707

**Deuteranomaly**  
100, 1.059, 90.707

**Tritanomaly**  
100, 0.604, 74.594

# Monochromacy

**Original Color**  
100, 3.539, 109.892

**Achromatopsia**  
100, 0.012, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
100, 1.004, 110.026

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 100, 3.539, 109.892 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 100, 3.539, 109.892 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 100, 3.539, 109.892 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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