

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 34.199, 196.465)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 34.199, 196.465)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(94, 29.391, 197.607)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FFEFE
RGB	159, 254, 254
RGB Percent	62%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.3771, 0.0046, 0.0046
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 98%, 81%
HSV	180°, 37%, 100%
XYZ	67.5141, 85.2715, 106.5248
YIQ	225.5950, -56.6200, -20.1400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 207, 254
Decimal	10485502
CIE _{Lab}	94.00, -28.01, -8.89
CIE _{LCh}	94, 29.391, 197.607
Yxy	85.2715, 0.2604, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288675582 (0xFF9FFEFE)
YUV	225.5950, 14.0037, -58.4038
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, -31.0935, -3.7561

Details

The CIELCh color **94, 29.391, 197.607** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **75, 38.345, 22.972**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 12.771, 198.653**, and **74, 29.320, 197.233** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 35.436, 197.239**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 22.454, 198.032**.

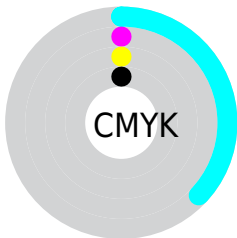
Distribution



- Red (62%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 29.391, 197.607 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 29.391, 197.607 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 94, 29.391,
197.607

 94, 29.391,
197.607

 100, 29.391,
197.607

 84, 29.391,
197.607

 74, 29.391,
197.607

 64, 29.391,
197.607

 54, 29.391,
197.607

 44, 29.391,
197.607

 34, 29.391,
197.607

 24, 29.391,

197.607

■ 14, 29.391,
197.607

■ 4, 29.391, 197.607

■ 94, 29.391,
197.607

■ 94, 29.391,
197.607

■ 93, 35.436,
197.239

■ 95, 22.454,
198.032

■ 92, 40.469,
196.941

■ 97, 14.764,
198.522

■ 92, 44.411,
196.710

■ 98, 6.467, 199.100

100, 0.409, 17.836

■ 91, 47.236,
196.546

100, 0.409, 17.901

■ 91, 48.989,
196.446

100, 0.409, 17.967

100, 0.408, 18.032

■ 91, 49.807,
196.399

100, 0.408, 18.098

■ 91, 49.938,
196.392

100, 0.408, 18.163

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



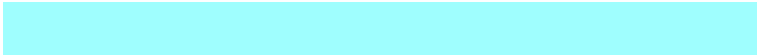
94, 29.391, 197.607



75, 38.345, 22.972

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 29.391, 197.607



94, 29.391, 247.607



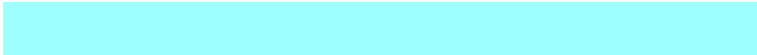
94, 29.391, 17.607



94, 29.391, 67.607

Sweetspot

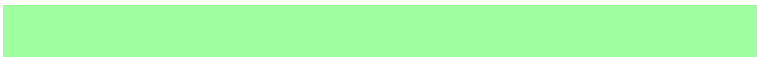
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 29.391, 197.604



98, 9.530, 198.876



92, 59.264, 141.621



52, 6.380, 198.798



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 29.391, 197.604



94, 34.185, 197.321



81, 28.500, 261.805



52, 4.945, 198.966



70, 40.363, 196.392



24, 18.569, 196.391

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 59.174, 326.466



74, 70.636, 326.836



86, 31.728, 70.706



50, 9.057, 324.948



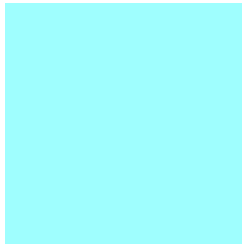
45, 93.080, 328.234



12, 42.821, 328.234

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 29.391, 197.607 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

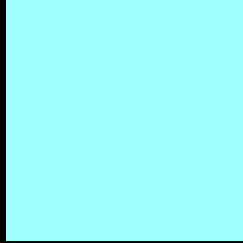
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 29.391, 197.607 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

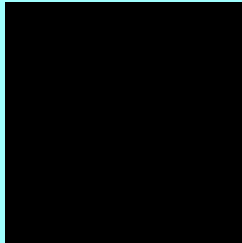
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 94, 29.391, 197.607

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 29.391, 197.607.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 29.391, 197.607.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



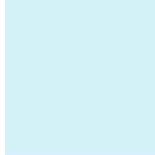


Tritanopia
94, 14.510, 221.752

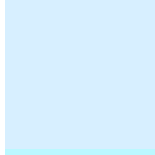
Trichromacy



Original Color
94, 29.394, 197.601



Protanomaly
93, 11.052, 212.322



Deuteranomaly
93, 11.363, 245.821

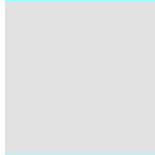


Tritanomaly
94, 19.908, 208.729

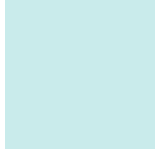
Monochromacy



Original Color
94, 29.394, 197.601



Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
91, 11.621, 198.680

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 29.391, 197.607 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 254, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 254, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 254, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 254, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 29.391, 197.607 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 254, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 254, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 254, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 254, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 254, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 254,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 29.391, 197.607 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 254, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
254, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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