

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 35.376, 353.377)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 35.376, 353.377)
contains.

CIELCh(94, 15.620, 324.964)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(94, 15.620, 324.964)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE6FF
RGB	255, 230, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0971, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 95%
HSV	300°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	87.7852, 85.2715, 106.6486
YIQ	240.3250, 6.8750, 13.0750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 230, 255
Decimal	16770815
CIE Lab	94.00, 12.79, -8.97
CIE LCh	94, 15.620, 324.964
Yxy	85.2715, 0.3138, 0.3049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960895 (0xFFFFE6FF)
YUV	240.3250, 7.2348, 12.8700
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, 8.0909, -3.8356

Details

The CIELCh color **94, 15.620, 324.964** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **98, 15.442, 143.883**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **74, 15.744, 325.086** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 31.512, 325.521**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 15.620, 324.964 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 15.620, 324.964 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 94, 15.620,
324.964


 94, 15.620,
324.964


 100, 15.620,
324.964


 84, 15.620,
324.964


 74, 15.620,
324.964

 64, 15.620,
324.964

 54, 15.620,
324.964

 44, 15.620,
324.964

 34, 15.620,
324.964

 24, 15.620,

324.964

■ 14, 15.620,
324.964

■ 4, 15.620, 324.964

■ 94, 15.620,
324.964

■ 94, 15.620,
324.964

■ 88, 31.512,
325.521

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 82, 47.431,
326.065

■ 77, 62.846,
326.580

■ 72, 77.262,
327.049

■ 68, 90.081,
327.456

■ 65, 100.672,
327.784

■ 62, 108.508,
328.022

■ 61, 113.339,
328.166

■ 60, 115.518,
328.231

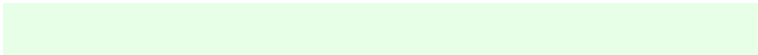
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 15.620, 324.964



98, 15.442, 143.883

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 15.620, 324.964



94, 15.620, 14.964



94, 15.620, 144.964



94, 15.620, 194.964

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 15.464, 324.959



98, 4.763, 324.543



92, 12.816, 291.196



52, 3.611, 324.601



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 15.464, 324.959



93, 19.141, 325.089



94, 10.900, 344.427



50, 9.057, 324.947



45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233

Inverse Universe

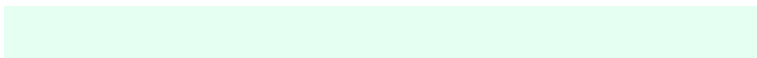
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 15.464, 324.959



93, 19.141, 325.089



98, 10.758, 162.875



50, 9.057, 324.947



45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 15.620, 324.964 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

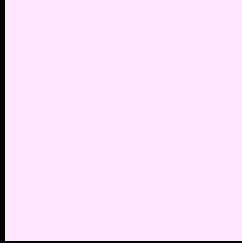
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 15.620, 324.964 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

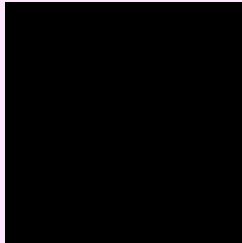
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 94, 15.620, 324.964

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 15.620, 324.964.

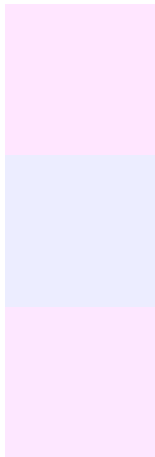


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 15.620, 324.964.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94, 15.620, 324.964

Protanopia

94, 9.274, 288.791

Deuteranopia

94, 14.614, 322.631



Tritanopia
94, 12.357, 331.690

Trichromacy



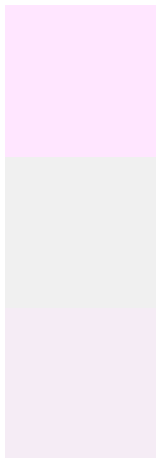
Original Color
94, 15.620, 324.964

Protanomaly
94, 10.711, 305.889

Deuteranomaly
94, 14.800, 323.800

Tritanomaly
94, 13.141, 328.726

Monochromacy



Original Color
94, 15.620, 324.964

Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
94, 5.647, 324.591

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 15.620, 324.964 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 230, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 230, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 230, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 230, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 15.620, 324.964 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 230, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 230, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 230, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 230, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 230, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 230,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 15.620, 324.964 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 230, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
230, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor