

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 36.487, 10.398)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 36.487, 10.398)
contains.

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Color

CIECh(93, 12.073, 340.490)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEE4F3
RGB	254, 228, 243
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 95%
CMY	0.0043, 0.1061, 0.0474
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	325°, 92%, 94%
HSV	325°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	84.7277, 82.9670, 96.2771
YIQ	237.4840, 10.6810, 10.1770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

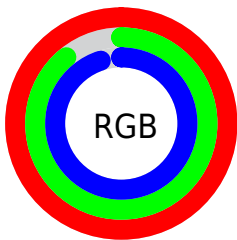
Format	Color
R_{YB}	254, 228, 243
Decimal	16704755
CIE _{Lab}	93.00, 11.38, -4.03
CIE _{LCh}	93, 12.073, 340.490
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3210, 0.3143
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294894835 (0xFFFE4F3)
YUV	237.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, 6.6383, 1.0915

Details

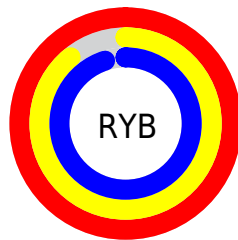
The CIELCh color **93, 12.073, 340.490** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **97, 11.954, 158.952**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and **73, 11.772, 340.330** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 24.069, 341.368**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99, 0.275, 338.099.

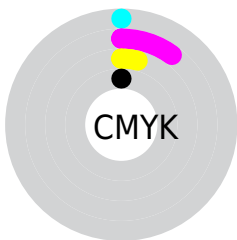
Distribution



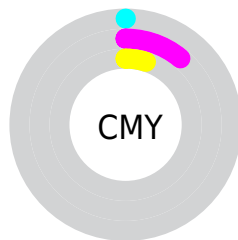
- Red (100%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (5%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 12.073, 340.490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 12.073, 340.490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 93, 12.073,
340.490

 93, 12.073,
340.490

 100, 12.073,
340.490

 83, 12.073,
340.490

 73, 12.073,
340.490

 63, 12.073,
340.490

 53, 12.073,
340.490

 43, 12.073,
340.490

 33, 12.073,
340.490

 23, 12.073,

340.490

■ 13, 12.073,
340.490

■ 3, 12.073, 340.490

■ 93, 12.073,
340.490

■ 93, 12.073,
340.490

■ 87, 24.069,
341.368

■ 99, 0.275, 338.099

■ 81, 36.091,
342.320

100, 0.380,
201.127

■ 75, 47.854,
343.383

■ 70, 58.944,
344.595

■ 65, 68.821,
346.013

■ 61, 76.858,
347.720

■ 58, 82.484,
349.828

■ 56, 85.397,
352.476

■ 55, 86.013,
355.653

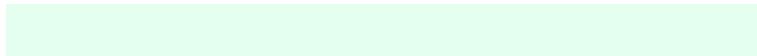
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 12.073, 340.490



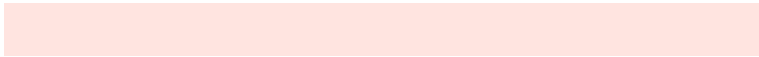
97, 11.954, 158.952

Rectangle

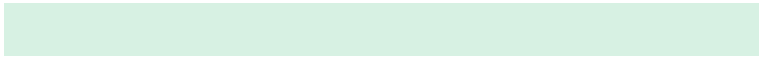
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



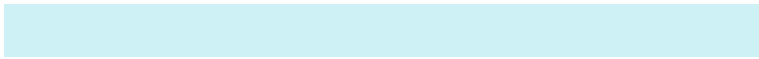
93, 12.073, 340.490



93, 12.073, 30.490



93, 12.073, 160.490



93, 12.073, 210.490

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 12.070, 340.493



98, 3.529, 339.829



92, 14.013, 306.611



52, 2.676, 339.918



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

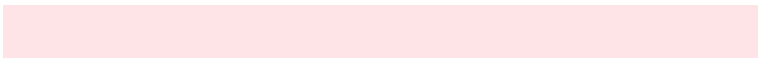
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 12.070, 340.493



92, 14.234, 340.645



93, 9.483, 13.286



50, 6.727, 340.431



42, 69.693, 355.004



11, 32.798, 350.621

Inverse Universe

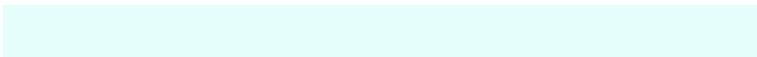
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 12.070, 340.493



92, 14.234, 340.645



98, 8.974, 191.816



50, 6.727, 340.431



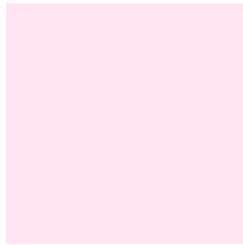
42, 69.693, 355.004



11, 32.798, 350.621

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 12.073, 340.490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

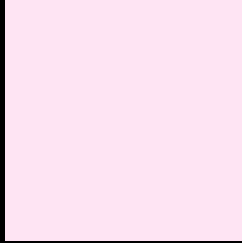
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 12.073, 340.490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

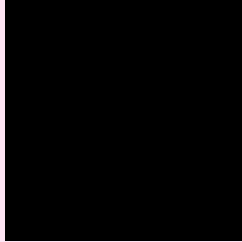
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 12.073, 340.490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 12.073, 340.490.

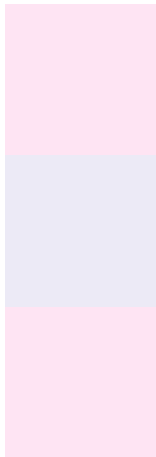


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 12.073, 340.490.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93, 12.083, 340.493

Protanopia

93, 6.249, 297.066

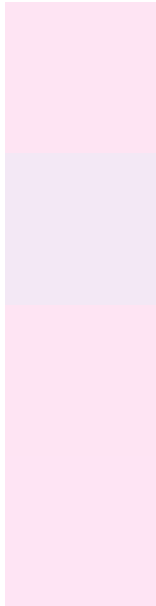
Deuteranopia

93, 12.083, 340.493



Tritanopia
93, 12.755, 336.922

Trichromacy



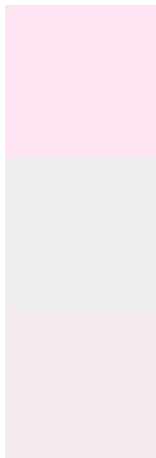
Original Color
93, 12.083, 340.493

Protanomaly
93, 7.786, 320.385

Deuteranomaly
93, 12.083, 340.493

Tritanomaly
93, 12.412, 338.658

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 12.083, 340.493

Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
94, 4.128, 340.956

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 12.073, 340.490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 228, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 228, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 228, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 228, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 12.073, 340.490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 228, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 228, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 228, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 228, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 228, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 228,  
243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 12.073, 340.490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 228, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
228, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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