

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 38.558, 353.238)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 38.558, 353.238)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(93, 16.877, 325.009)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	FEE3FE
RGB	254, 227, 254
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.0050, 0.1107, 0.0050
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 91%, 94%
HSV	300°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	86.0266, 82.9670, 105.0246
YIQ	238.1510, 7.4250, 14.1210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

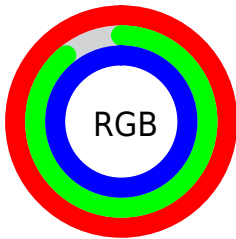
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">254, 227, 254</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16704510</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">93.00, 13.83, -9.68</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">93, 16.877, 325.009</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">82.9670, 0.3139, 0.3028</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294894590</a> (0xFFFE3FE)
YUV	<a href="#">238.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">91.0862, 9.1837, -4.6024</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color 93, 16.877, 325.009 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFCCFF. A complement of this color would be 97, 16.852, 143.819, and the grayscale version is 94, 0.011, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 73, 16.420, 325.118 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 87, 32.858, 325.570, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99, 1.001, 324.167.

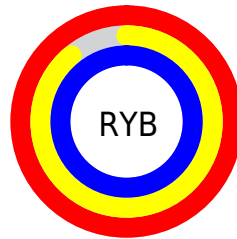
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (89%)

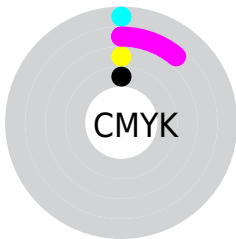
Blue (100%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (100%)

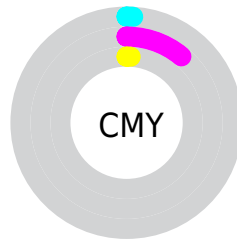


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (11%)


Yellow (1%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 16.877, 325.009 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 16.877, 325.009 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 93, 16.877,  
325.009


 93, 16.877,  
325.009


 100, 16.877,  
325.009


 83, 16.877,  
325.009

 73, 16.877,  
325.009

 63, 16.877,  
325.009


 53, 16.877,  
325.009

 43, 16.877,  
325.009


 33, 16.877,  
325.009


 23, 16.877,


325.009

 13, 16.877,  
325.009


 3, 16.877, 325.009

 93, 16.877,  
325.009


 93, 16.877,  
325.009

 87, 32.858,  
325.570


 99, 1.001, 324.167

 81, 48.684,  
326.111

100, 0.772,  
144.776






 76, 63.969,  
326.622

100, 0.771,  
144.734

 71, 78.208,  
327.087

100, 0.771,  
144.691

100, 0.771,

 67, 90.799, 327.487	144.649
 64, 101.118, 327.807	100, 0.770, 144.607
 62, 108.658, 328.036	100, 0.770, 144.564
 61, 113.202, 328.172	100, 0.769, 144.522
 60, 115.133, 328.229	100, 0.769, 144.479

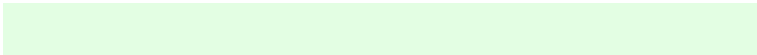
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 16.877, 325.009



97, 16.852, 143.819

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 16.877, 325.009



93, 16.877, 15.009



93, 16.877, 145.009



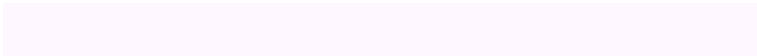
93, 16.877, 195.009

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 16.874, 325.009



98, 4.763, 324.541



91, 13.764, 290.646



52, 3.611, 324.599



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 16.874, 325.009



92, 20.745, 325.144



93, 12.034, 343.613



50, 9.057, 324.945



45, 93.083, 328.229



12, 42.823, 328.230



# Inverse Universe

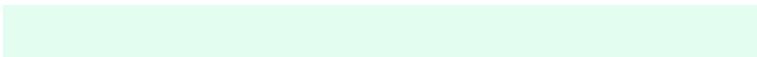
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 9.827, 20.027



91, 12.182, 20.221



97, 11.878, 161.913



49, 5.254, 19.937



40, 84.226, 39.997



10, 33.367, 27.173



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 16.877, 325.009 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

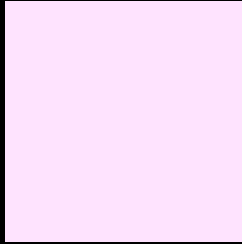
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 16.877, 325.009 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

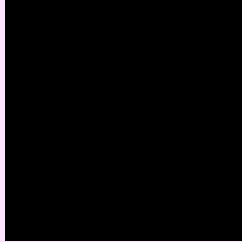
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

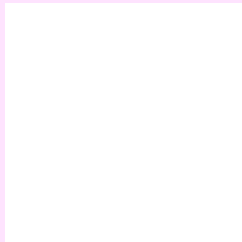
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 93, 16.877, 325.009**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 16.877, 325.009.

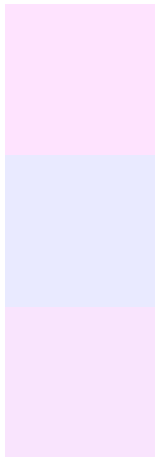


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 16.877, 325.009.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93, 16.890, 325.011

### Protanopia

93, 10.843, 289.231

### Deuteranopia

93, 14.911, 320.431









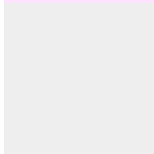
## Tritanopia

93, 12.862, 334.128

# Trichromacy

	<b>Original Color</b> 93, 16.890, 325.011
	<b>Protanomaly</b> 93, 12.922, 306.567
	<b>Deuteranomaly</b> 93, 15.265, 322.750
	<b>Tritanomaly</b> 93, 14.007, 329.745

# Monochromacy

	<b>Original Color</b> 93, 16.890, 325.011
	<b>Achromatopsia</b> 94, 0.011, 296.813
	<b>Achromatomaly</b> 94, 6.280, 324.620

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 16.877, 325.009 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 227, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 227, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 227, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 227, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIElCh 93, 16.877, 325.009 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 227, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 227, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 227, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 227, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 227, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 227,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 16.877, 325.009 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 227, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
227, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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