

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 38.596, 285.695)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 38.596, 285.695)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(98, 5.992, 213.991)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBFCFF
RGB	235, 252, 255
RGB Percent	92%, 99%, 100%
CMY	0.0766, 0.0099, 0.0000
CMYK	0.08, 0.01, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	188°, 100%, 96%
HSV	188°, 8%, 100%
XYZ	87.5063, 94.9163, 108.7224
YIQ	247.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	235, 244, 255
Decimal	15465727
CIE Lab	98.00, -4.97, -3.35
CIE LCh	98, 5.992, 213.991
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3006, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293655807 (0xFFEBFCFF)
YUV	247.2590, 3.8163, -10.7511
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -10.1666, 2.0322

# Details

The CIELCh color **98, 5.992, 213.991** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **95, 6.245, 31.572**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 5.913, 214.887** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 13.321, 211.619**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

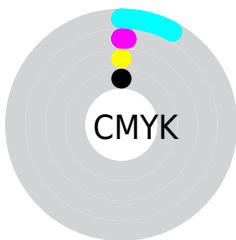
# Distribution



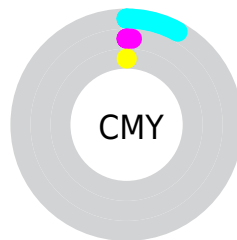
- Red (92%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 5.992, 213.991 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 5.992, 213.991 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 98, 5.992, 213.991

 98, 5.992, 213.991

 100, 5.992,  
213.991

 88, 5.992, 213.991

 78, 5.992, 213.991

 68, 5.992, 213.991

 58, 5.992, 213.991

 48, 5.992, 213.991

 38, 5.992, 213.991

 28, 5.992, 213.991

 18, 5.992, 213.991

 8, 5.992, 213.991

98, 5.992, 213.991

98, 5.992, 213.991

95, 13.321,  
211.619

100, 0.012,  
296.813

93, 20.152,  
211.768

91, 26.306,  
212.089

89, 31.656,  
212.618

87, 36.084,  
213.398

86, 39.504,  
214.483

84, 41.880,  
215.930

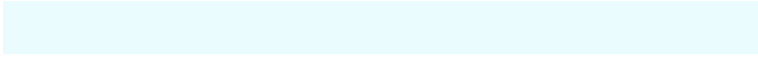
83, 43.250,  
217.791

■ 82, 43.760,  
220.098

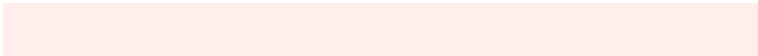
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



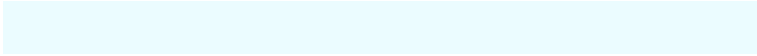
98, 5.992, 213.991



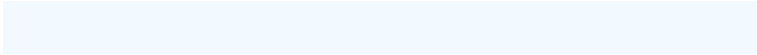
95, 6.245, 31.572

# Rectangle

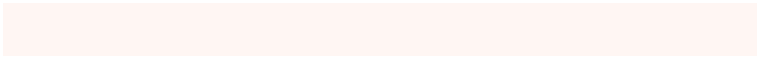
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



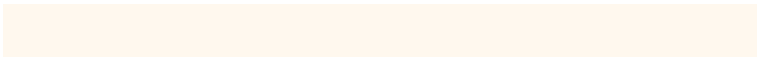
98, 5.992, 213.991



98, 5.992, 263.991



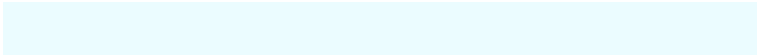
98, 5.992, 33.991



98, 5.992, 83.991

# Sweetspot

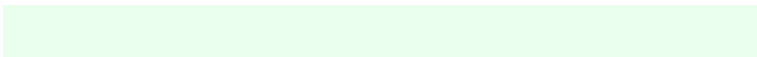
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 5.944, 211.645



99, 1.575, 211.981



98, 11.218, 147.343



53, 0.896, 212.004



0, 0.000, 0.000



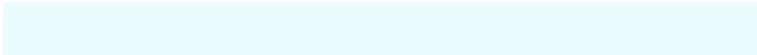
53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

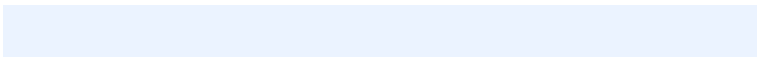
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 5.944, 211.645



98, 6.963, 211.627



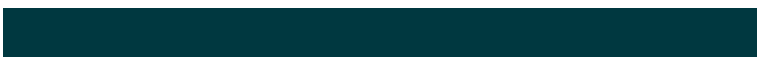
96, 6.646, 267.982



52, 4.392, 211.622



63, 35.329, 220.200



21, 16.385, 216.962



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 11.149, 328.586



94, 13.117, 328.671



98, 6.671, 85.896



50, 8.289, 328.703



44, 84.129, 334.143

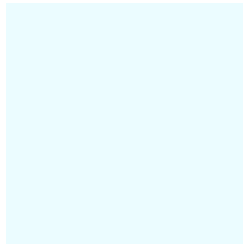


12, 39.174, 333.341



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 5.992, 213.991 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

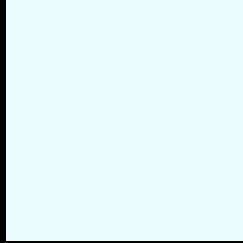
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 5.992, 213.991 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

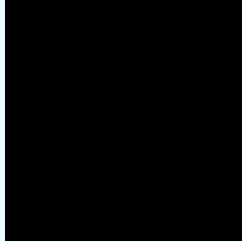
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 98, 5.992, 213.991**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 5.992, 213.991.

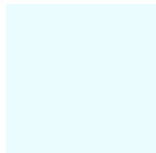


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 5.992, 213.991.

# Color Blindness Simulation

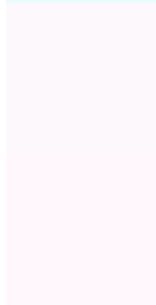
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

98, 5.992, 213.991



### Protanopia

98, 2.498, 324.407

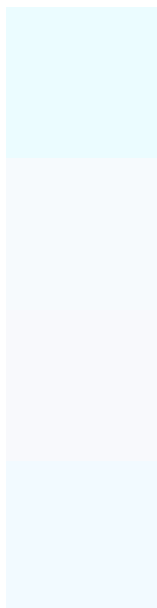
### Deuteranopia

98, 3.497, 343.770



**Tritanopia**  
98, 3.225, 271.658

# Trichromacy



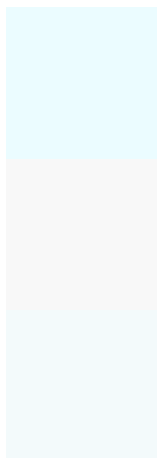
**Original Color**  
98, 5.992, 213.991

**Protanomaly**  
98, 2.056, 247.866

**Deuteranomaly**  
98, 1.574, 277.558

**Tritanomaly**  
98, 3.729, 242.696

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
98, 5.992, 213.991

**Achromatopsia**  
98, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
98, 2.478, 211.410

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 5.992, 213.991 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 252, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 252, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 252, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 252, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 5.992, 213.991 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 252, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 252, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 252, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 252, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 252, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 252,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 5.992, 213.991 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 252, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
252, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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