

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 39.020, 30.685)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 39.020, 30.685)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(93, 11.126, 53.440)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | FFE6DA |
| RGB | 255, 230, 218 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 90%, 85% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.0978, 0.1448 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.10, 0.14, 0.00 |
| HSL | 20°, 100%, 93% |
| HSV | 20°, 14%, 100% |
| XYZ | 82.2420, 82.9670, 78.0526 |
| YIQ | 236.1070, 18.7520, 1.5680 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

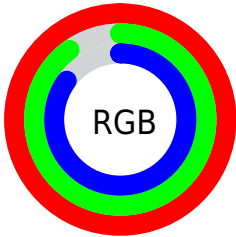
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 255, 236, 218 |
| Decimal | 16770778 |
| CIE Lab | 93.00, 6.63, 8.94 |
| CIE LCh | 93, 11.126, 53.440 |
| Yxy | 82.9670, 0.3381, 0.3411 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294960858 (0xFFFFE6DA) |
| YUV | 236.1070, -8.9268, 16.5692 |
| Hunter-Lab | 91.0862, 1.7673, 12.9542 |

Details

The CIELCh color **93, 11.126, 53.440** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **94, 10.281, 236.055**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **73, 11.145, 55.412** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 19.488, 52.858**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 3.313, 54.145**.

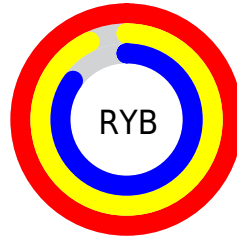
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (90%)

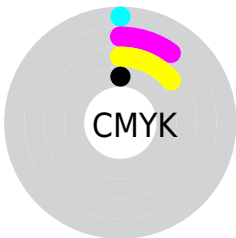
Blue (85%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (85%)

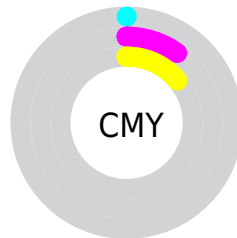


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (14%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 11.126, 53.440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 11.126, 53.440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 93, 11.126, 53.440

 93, 11.126, 53.440

 100, 11.126,
53.440

 83, 11.126, 53.440

 73, 11.126, 53.440

 63, 11.126, 53.440

 53, 11.126, 53.440

 43, 11.126, 53.440

 33, 11.126, 53.440

 23, 11.126, 53.440

 13, 11.126, 53.440

 3, 11.126, 53.440

93, 11.126, 53.440

93, 11.126, 53.440

88, 19.488, 52.858

98, 3.313, 54.145

84, 28.513, 52.251

100, 0.012,
296.813

79, 38.210, 51.731

75, 48.566, 51.311

71, 59.472, 50.979

67, 70.627, 50.659

64, 81.327, 50.138

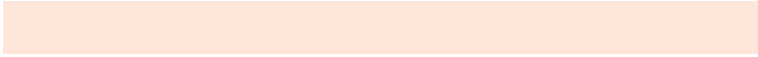
61, 90.164, 48.947

59, 93.957, 47.999

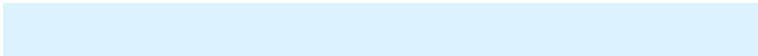
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



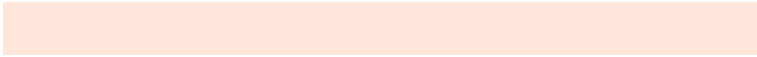
93, 11.126, 53.440



94, 10.281, 236.055

Rectangle

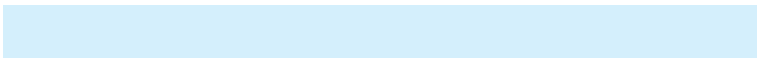
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 11.126, 53.440



93, 11.126, 103.440



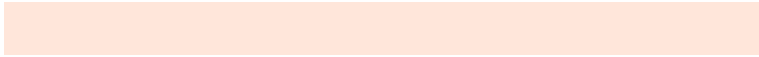
93, 11.126, 233.440



93, 11.126, 283.440

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 11.105, 53.526



98, 2.949, 54.160



91, 18.547, 335.977



52, 2.102, 54.135



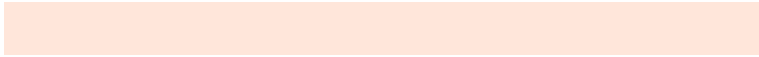
0, 0.000, 0.000



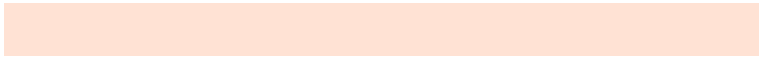
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 11.105, 53.526



92, 13.156, 53.355



97, 15.522, 99.729



51, 4.279, 53.862



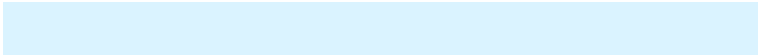
45, 75.194, 48.601



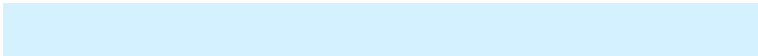
13, 28.238, 45.769

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 10.281, 236.055



93, 12.001, 236.326



90, 15.805, 283.196



51, 4.077, 235.575



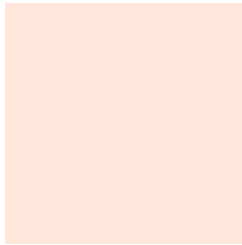
51, 41.180, 260.776



16, 17.778, 253.584

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 11.126, 53.440 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

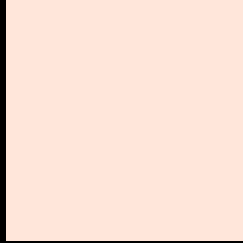
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 11.126, 53.440 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

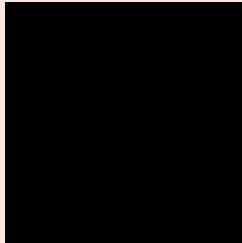
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 11.126, 53.440

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 11.126, 53.440.

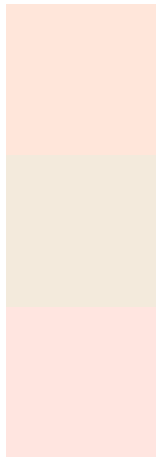


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 11.126, 53.440.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93, 11.126, 53.440

Protanopia

93, 7.895, 84.962

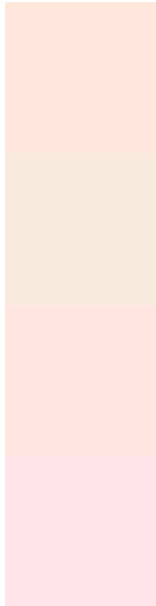
Deuteranopia

93, 9.866, 35.032



Tritanopia
93, 12.358, 341.588

Trichromacy



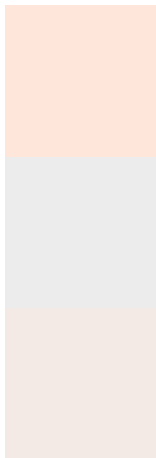
Original Color
93, 11.126, 53.440

Protanomaly
93, 8.831, 73.978

Deuteranomaly
93, 10.214, 40.529

Tritanomaly
93, 9.729, 4.743

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 11.126, 53.440

Achromatopsia
93, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
93, 4.118, 58.007

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 11.126, 53.440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 230, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 230, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 230, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 230, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 11.126, 53.440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

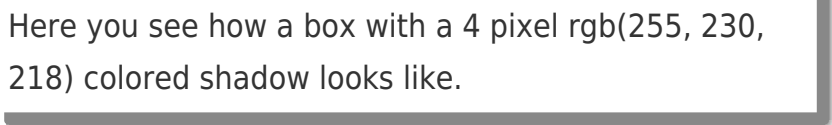
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 230, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 230, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 230, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 230, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 230, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 230,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 11.126, 53.440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 230, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
230, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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