

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 4.228, 135.132)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 4.228, 135.132)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(100, 3.359, 134.634)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCFFFA
RGB	252, 255, 250
RGB Percent	99%, 100%, 98%
CMY	0.0107, 0.0000, 0.0186
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	95°, 100%, 99%
HSV	95°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	93.7075, 100.0000, 105.0255
YIQ	253.5330, -0.1830, -2.1910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

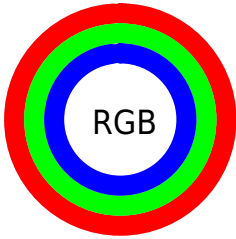
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	250, 255, 253
Decimal	16580602
CIE Lab	100.00, -2.36, 2.39
CIE LCh	100, 3.359, 134.634
Yxy	100.0000, 0.3137, 0.3347
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294770682 (0xFFFCFFFA)
YUV	253.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444
Hunter-Lab	100.0000, -7.7321, 7.7304

# Details

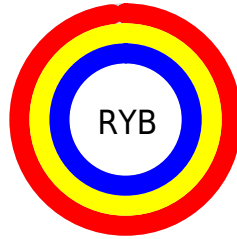
The CIELCh color 100, 3.359, 134.634 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 99, 2.612, 311.719, and the grayscale version is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 80, 2.402, 137.290 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 98, 16.629, 131.204, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

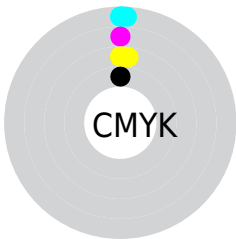
# Distribution



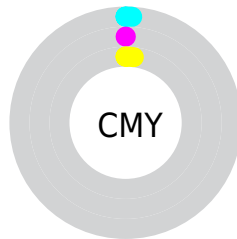
- Red (99%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 100, 3.359, 134.634 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 100, 3.359, 134.634 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



100, 3.359,  
134.634

100, 3.359,  
134.634

90, 3.359, 134.634

98, 16.629,  
131.204

80, 3.359, 134.634

97, 30.691,  
130.728

70, 3.359, 134.634

60, 3.359, 134.634

95, 44.640,  
130.233

50, 3.359, 134.634

94, 58.293,  
129.741

40, 3.359, 134.634

30, 3.359, 134.634

93, 71.386,  
129.294

20, 3.359, 134.634

92, 83.543,  
128.962

10, 3.359, 134.634

91, 94.249,

128.848

■ 90, 102.893,  
129.084

■ 90, 108.952,  
129.787

■ 100, 3.359,  
134.634

100, 0.012,  
296.813

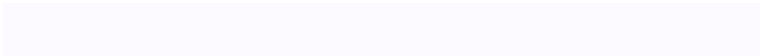
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 3.359, 134.634



99, 2.612, 311.719

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 3.359, 134.634



100, 3.359, 184.634

100, 3.359, 314.634



100, 3.359, 4.634

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 2.585, 131.697



100, 1.387, 131.789



99, 1.523, 81.795



53, 0.788, 131.798



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 2.585, 131.697



100, 2.787, 131.686



100, 2.795, 146.296



53, 1.584, 131.693



69, 90.021, 130.396



23, 39.986, 128.954



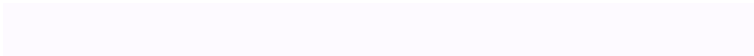


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 2.612, 311.719



99, 2.815, 311.729



99, 2.815, 326.274



53, 1.601, 311.722



32, 98.884, 313.759



7, 44.746, 315.016



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 100, 3.359, 134.634 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 100, 3.359, 134.634 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

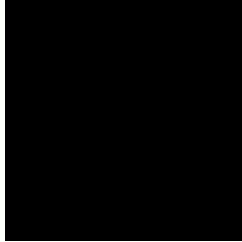
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 100, 3.359, 134.634

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 100, 3.359, 134.634.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 100, 3.359, 134.634.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

100, 2.748, 132.469

### Protanopia

100, 0.604, 74.594

### Deuteranopia

100, 0.351, 17.546

# Tritanopia

100, 0.519, 290.364



# Trichromacy

## Original Color

100, 2.748, 132.469

## Protanomaly

100, 1.004, 110.026

## Deuteranomaly

100, 0.496, 109.985

## Tritanomaly

100, 0.610, 144.926

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

100, 2.748, 132.469

## Achromatopsia

100, 0.012, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

100, 0.610, 144.926

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 100, 3.359, 134.634 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 255, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 255, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 255, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 255, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 100, 3.359, 134.634 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 255, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 255, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 255, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 255, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 255, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 255,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 100, 3.359, 134.634 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 255, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
255, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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