

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 47.548, 52.061)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 47.548, 52.061)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(93, 26.733, 88.580)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE9B8
RGB	255, 233, 184
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 72%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0874, 0.2796
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.28, 0.00
HSL	41°, 100%, 86%
HSV	41°, 28%, 100%
XYZ	79.1917, 82.9670, 57.0185
YIQ	233.9920, 28.8410, -10.5750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

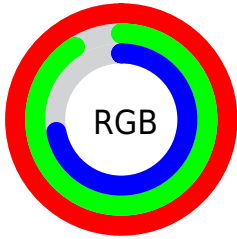
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	216, 255, 184
Decimal	16771512
CIE Lab	93.00, 0.66, 26.72
CIE LCh	93, 26.733, 88.580
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3613, 0.3785
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294961592 (0xFFFFE9B8)
YUV	233.9920, -24.6461, 18.4240
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -4.2104, 26.6458

# Details

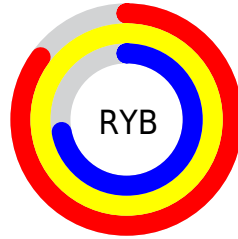
The CIELCh color **93, 26.733, 88.580** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **83, 26.657, 277.018**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 7.593, 109.599**, and **73, 26.336, 88.368** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 36.433, 87.818**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 16.955, 90.487**.

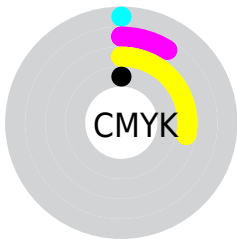
# Distribution



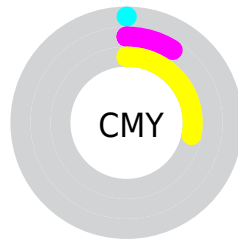
- Red (100%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 26.733, 88.580 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 26.733, 88.580 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 93, 26.733, 88.580

 93, 26.733, 88.580

 100, 26.733,  
88.580

 83, 26.733, 88.580

 73, 26.733, 88.580

 63, 26.733, 88.580

 53, 26.733, 88.580

 43, 26.733, 88.580

 33, 26.733, 88.580

 23, 26.733, 88.580

 13, 26.733, 88.580

 3, 26.733, 88.580

93, 26.733, 88.580

93, 26.733, 88.580

91, 36.433, 87.818

95, 16.955, 90.487

88, 46.254, 86.421

98, 7.440, 91.743

86, 55.907, 84.974

100, 0.012,  
296.813

84, 65.039, 83.452

82, 73.041, 81.793

80, 79.020, 79.876

78, 82.169, 77.536

77, 82.633, 77.035

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 26.733, 88.580



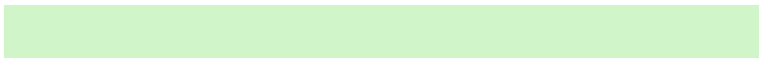
83, 26.657, 277.018

# Rectangle

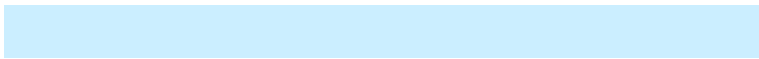
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 26.733, 88.580



93, 26.733, 138.580



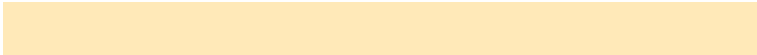
93, 26.733, 268.580



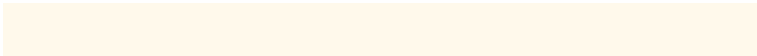
93, 26.733, 318.580

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 26.634, 89.174



98, 7.474, 91.739



82, 29.013, 357.868



52, 5.321, 91.556



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

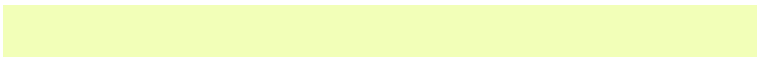
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 26.634, 89.174



91, 32.540, 88.360



98, 36.217, 115.358



52, 5.321, 91.556



59, 66.597, 77.547



20, 28.390, 80.289





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 26.657, 277.018



79, 32.600, 278.205



78, 38.592, 299.746



50, 5.331, 274.034



32, 81.593, 297.812



8, 32.748, 292.853



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 26.733, 88.580 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

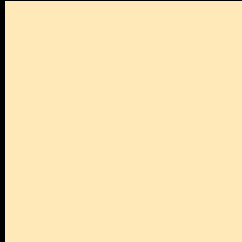
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 26.733, 88.580 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

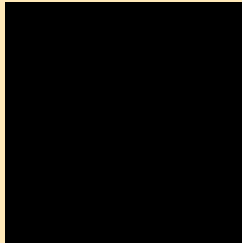
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 93, 26.733, 88.580

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 26.733, 88.580.

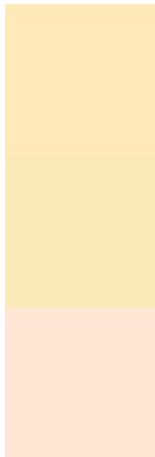


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 26.733, 88.580.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93, 26.577, 89.388

### Protanopia

93, 26.370, 94.519

### Deuteranopia

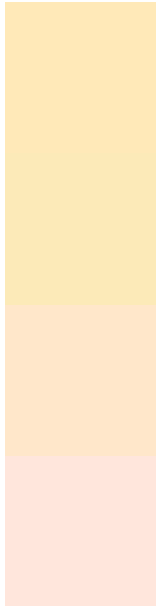
93, 13.170, 64.277



**Tritanopia**  
93, 11.481, 347.659



# Trichromacy



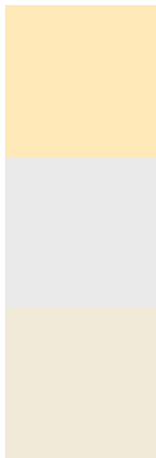
**Original Color**  
93, 26.577, 89.388

**Protanomaly**  
93, 26.571, 92.883

**Deuteranomaly**  
93, 17.503, 77.652

**Tritanomaly**  
93, 10.560, 48.936

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 26.577, 89.388

**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
93, 9.695, 91.768

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 26.733, 88.580 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 233, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 233, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 233, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 233, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 26.733, 88.580 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 233, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 233, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 233, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 233, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 233, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 233,  
184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 26.733, 88.580 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 233, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
233, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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