

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 50.696, 34.154)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 50.696, 34.154)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 16.306, 59.144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDFCB
RGB	255, 223, 203
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1258, 0.2043
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	23°, 100%, 90%
HSV	23°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	78.7280, 78.4833, 67.4414
YIQ	230.2880, 25.4920, 0.5640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

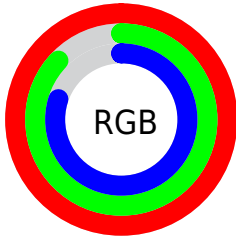
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 236, 203
Decimal	16768971
CIE Lab	91.00, 8.36, 14.00
CIE LCh	91, 16.306, 59.144
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3504, 0.3494
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959051 (0xFFFFDFCB)
YUV	230.2880, -13.4530, 21.6724
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, 3.5937, 16.8780

Details

The CIELCh color **91, 16.306, 59.144** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **91, 14.575, 244.503**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 16.022, 60.005** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 24.684, 59.068**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 7.911, 60.905**.

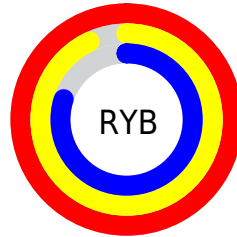
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (87%)

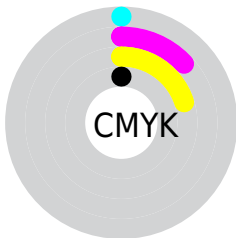
Blue (80%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (80%)

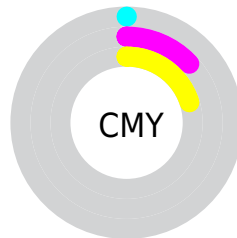


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (20%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 16.306, 59.144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 16.306, 59.144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 16.306, 59.144

 91, 16.306, 59.144

 100, 16.306,
59.144

 81, 16.306, 59.144

 71, 16.306, 59.144

 61, 16.306, 59.144

 51, 16.306, 59.144

 41, 16.306, 59.144

 31, 16.306, 59.144

 21, 16.306, 59.144

 11, 16.306, 59.144

 1, 16.306, 59.144

91, 16.306, 59.144

91, 16.306, 59.144

87, 24.684, 59.068

95, 7.911, 60.905

82, 33.938, 58.197

100, 0.308, 60.179

78, 43.781, 57.378

100, 0.012,
296.813

74, 54.143, 56.602

71, 64.804, 55.819

67, 75.244, 54.880

64, 84.396, 53.459

62, 90.879, 51.363

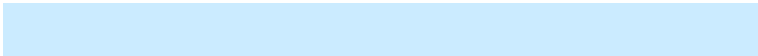
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



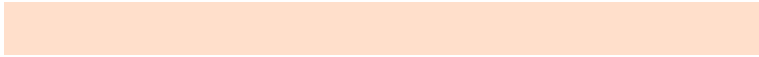
91, 16.306, 59.144



91, 14.575, 244.503

Rectangle

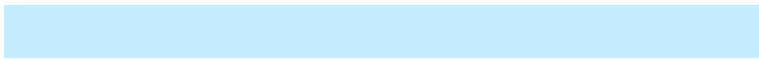
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 16.306, 59.144



91, 16.306, 109.144



91, 16.306, 239.144



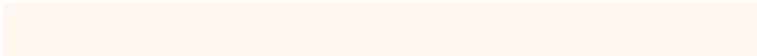
91, 16.306, 289.144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 16.020, 59.981



97, 4.485, 61.283



87, 25.058, 339.448



52, 2.981, 61.232



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 16.020, 59.981



89, 19.910, 59.560



97, 23.440, 102.770



51, 4.300, 60.987



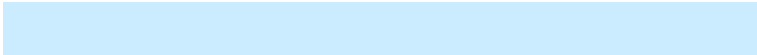
47, 72.766, 52.030



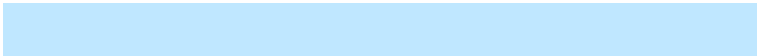
14, 27.598, 50.789

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 14.575, 244.503



89, 17.687, 245.205



85, 24.276, 287.524



51, 4.130, 243.095



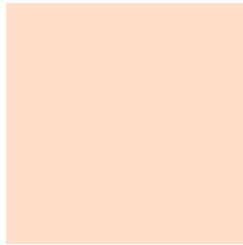
48, 46.075, 270.259



15, 19.395, 263.019

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 16.306, 59.144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

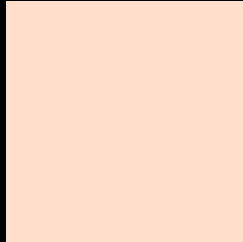
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 16.306, 59.144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

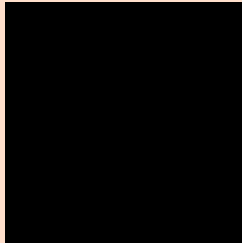
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 16.306, 59.144

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 16.306, 59.144.

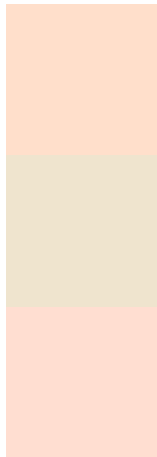


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 16.306, 59.144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


91, 15.990, 60.017

Protanopia

91, 12.067, 89.366

Deuteranopia

91, 14.127, 48.368



Tritanopia
91, 14.550, 350.672

Trichromacy



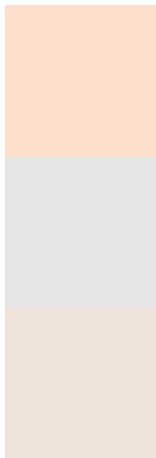
Original Color
91, 15.990, 60.017

Protanomaly
91, 12.989, 75.988

Deuteranomaly
91, 14.691, 51.776

Tritanomaly
91, 12.511, 15.548

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 15.990, 60.017

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 5.658, 59.214

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 16.306, 59.144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 223, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 223, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 223, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 223, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 16.306, 59.144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 223, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 223, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 223, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 223, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 223, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 223,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 16.306, 59.144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 223, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
223, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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