

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 53.590, 155.774)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 53.590, 155.774)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(93, 40.289, 161.810)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DFED1
RGB	157, 254, 209
RGB Percent	62%, 100%, 82%
CMY	0.3827, 0.0024, 0.1787
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	152°, 99%, 81%
HSV	152°, 38%, 100%
XYZ	61.1122, 82.9670, 73.3867
YIQ	219.8670, -43.3670, -34.5590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

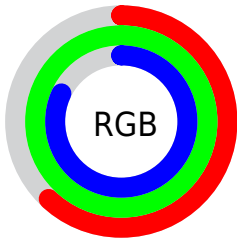
Format	Color
RYB	157, 220, 254
Decimal	10354385
CIELab	93.00, -38.28, 12.58
CIELCh	93, 40.289, 161.810
Yxy	82.9670, 0.2810, 0.3815
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288544465 (0xFF9DFED1)
YUV	219.8670, -5.3574, -55.1344
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -39.6405, 15.9914

Details

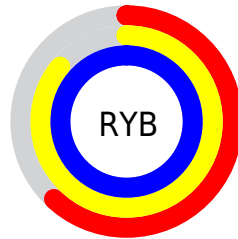
The CIELCh color **93, 40.289, 161.810** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **76, 42.596, 349.622**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 13.731, 198.590**, and **73, 40.222, 161.971** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 49.987, 160.489**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 30.067, 162.982**.

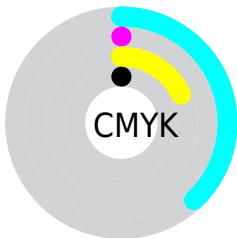
Distribution



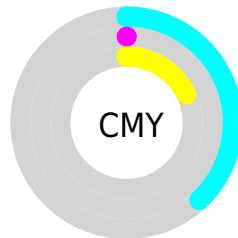
- Red (62%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 40.289, 161.810 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 40.289, 161.810 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 40.289,
161.810


 93, 40.289,
161.810


 100, 40.289,
161.810


 83, 40.289,
161.810

 73, 40.289,
161.810

 63, 40.289,
161.810

 53, 40.289,
161.810

 43, 40.289,
161.810

 33, 40.289,
161.810

 23, 40.289,

161.810

■ 13, 40.289,
161.810

■ 3, 40.289, 161.810

■ 93, 40.289,
161.810

■ 93, 40.289,
161.810

■ 92, 49.987,
160.489

■ 94, 30.067,
162.982

■ 91, 58.972,
158.996

■ 96, 19.499,
164.035

■ 90, 67.081,
157.304

■ 98, 8.754, 165.007

■ 89, 74.202,
155.398

100, 0.384,
323.648

■ 89, 80.303,
153.274

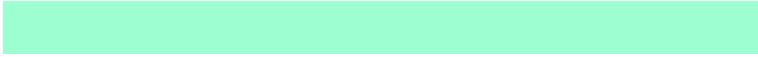
■ 88, 85.475,
150.974

■ 88, 86.393,
150.548

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



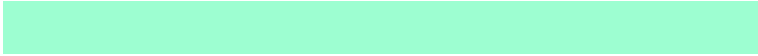
93, 40.289, 161.810



76, 42.596, 349.622

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 40.289, 161.810



93, 40.289, 211.810



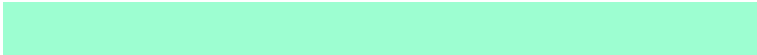
93, 40.289, 341.810



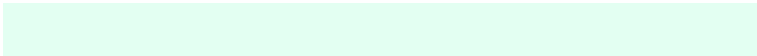
93, 40.289, 31.810

Sweetspot

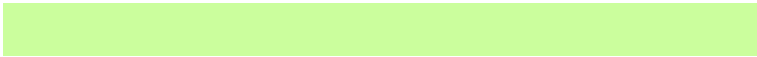
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 40.290, 161.809



98, 11.878, 164.731



94, 52.509, 128.438



52, 7.980, 164.601



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 40.290, 161.809



92, 48.073, 160.782



93, 28.873, 200.979



52, 6.139, 164.874



68, 69.111, 150.980



23, 29.869, 154.216

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 42.596, 349.622



72, 51.270, 350.754



75, 38.102, 25.415



50, 6.232, 346.433



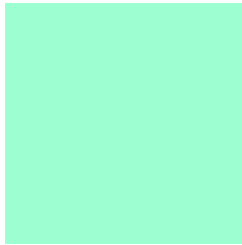
41, 68.010, 5.600



10, 31.574, 359.449

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 93, 40.289, 161.810 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

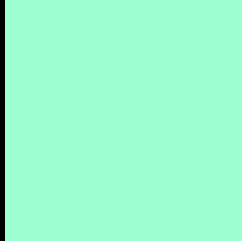
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 40.289, 161.810 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

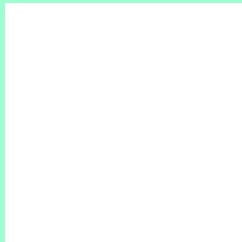
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 40.289, 161.810

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 40.289, 161.810.

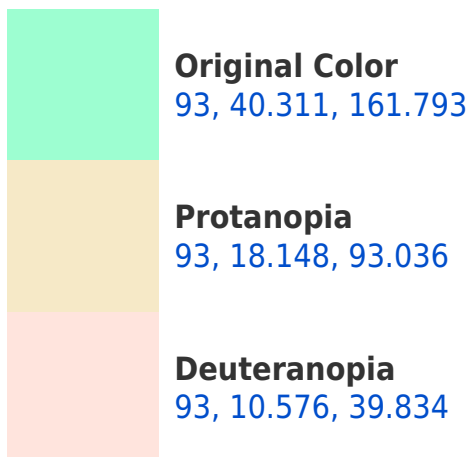


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 40.289, 161.810.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



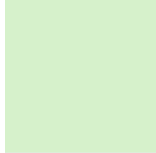


Tritanopia
93, 15.987, 223.537

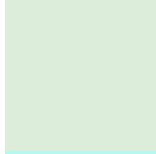
Trichromacy



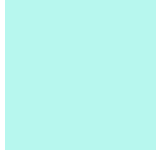
Original Color
93, 40.311, 161.793



Protanomaly
92, 21.946, 135.363

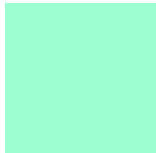


Deuteranomaly
92, 12.669, 140.078

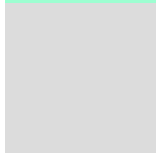


Tritanomaly
93, 21.870, 185.683

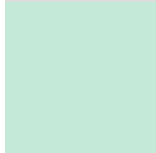
Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 40.311, 161.793



Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
89, 15.592, 163.839

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 40.289, 161.810 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 254, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 254, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 254, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 254, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 40.289, 161.810 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 254, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 254, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 254, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 254, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 254, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 254,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 40.289, 161.810 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 254, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
254, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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