

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 6.101, 134.195)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 6.101, 134.195)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(99, 4.905, 130.870)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | F9FEF5                     |
| RGB         | 249, 254, 245              |
| RGB Percent | 98%, 100%, 96%             |
| CMY         | 0.0243, 0.0047, 0.0400     |
| CMYK        | 0.02, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00     |
| HSL         | 93°, 79%, 98%              |
| HSV         | 93°, 4%, 100%              |
| XYZ         | 90.8227, 97.4360, 100.2480 |
| YIQ         | 251.4790, -0.0910, -3.8590 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

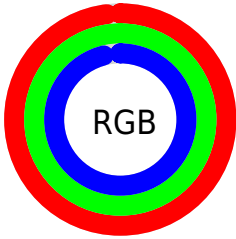
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 245, 254, 250                 |
| Decimal                             | 16383733                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 99.00, -3.21, 3.71            |
| CIE LCh                             | 99, 4.905, 130.870            |
| Yxy                                 | 97.4360, 0.3148,<br>0.3377    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294573813<br>(0xFFF9FEF5)    |
| YUV                                 | 251.4790, -3.1941,<br>-2.1741 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 98.7097, -8.5042,<br>8.8828   |

# Details

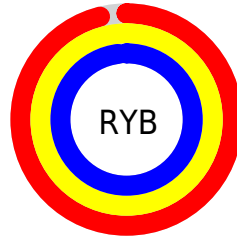
The CIELCh color 99, 4.905, 130.870 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 97, 4.949, 311.111, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 4.520, 128.919 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 97, 18.832, 130.408, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.754, 324.058.

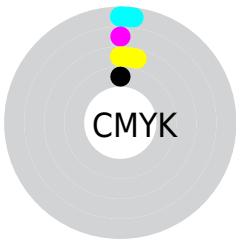
# Distribution



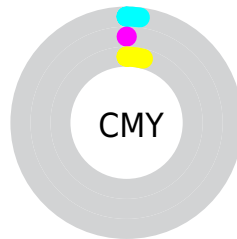
- Red (98%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 4.905, 130.870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 4.905, 130.870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 4.905, 130.870

 99, 4.905, 130.870

 100, 4.905,  
130.870

 89, 4.905, 130.870

 79, 4.905, 130.870

 69, 4.905, 130.870

 59, 4.905, 130.870

 49, 4.905, 130.870

 39, 4.905, 130.870

 29, 4.905, 130.870

 19, 4.905, 130.870

 9, 4.905, 130.870

99, 4.905, 130.870

99, 4.905, 130.870

97, 18.832,  
130.408

100, 0.754,  
324.058

96, 32.749,  
129.929

95, 46.523,  
129.436

93, 59.964,  
128.955

92, 72.796,  
128.533

91, 84.626,  
128.245

91, 94.922,  
128.200

90, 103.074,  
128.532

■ 89,108.616,  
129.348

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 4.905, 130.870



97, 4.949, 311.111

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 4.905, 130.870



99, 4.905, 180.870



99, 4.905, 310.870



99, 4.905, 0.870

# Sweetspot

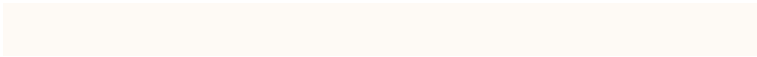
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 4.908, 130.878



100, 1.380, 131.071



98, 2.875, 80.051



53, 0.784, 131.079



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 4.908, 130.878



99, 5.562, 130.855



99, 5.398, 145.664



53, 3.955, 130.818



69, 89.455, 129.808



23, 39.746, 128.328



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 4.949, 311.111



97, 5.608, 311.134



97, 5.419, 325.949



51, 3.989, 311.171



31, 99.330, 313.214



7, 44.806, 314.426



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 4.905, 130.870 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

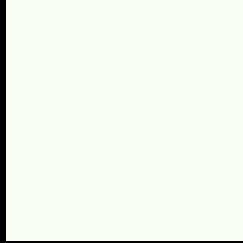
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 4.905, 130.870 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

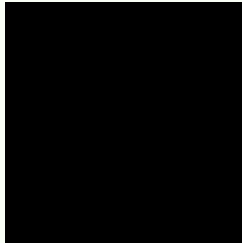
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 99, 4.905, 130.870**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 4.905, 130.870.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 4.905, 130.870.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

A vertical bar on the left side of the page is divided into three colored sections: a light green top section, a light orange middle section, and a light pink bottom section. These sections correspond to the 'Original Color', 'Protanopia', and 'Deuteranopia' labels respectively.

**Original Color**  
99, 4.909, 130.870

**Protanopia**  
99, 2.272, 82.227

**Deuteranopia**  
99, 1.502, 359.268



**Tritanopia**  
99, 1.537, 290.342

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

99, 4.909, 130.870

**Protanomaly**

99, 3.036, 109.925

**Deuteranomaly**

99, 1.550, 96.903

**Tritanomaly**

99, 1.232, 144.648

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

99, 4.909, 130.870

**Achromatopsia**

99, 0.012, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**

99, 1.677, 134.742

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 4.905, 130.870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 254, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 254, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 254, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 254, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 4.905, 130.870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 254, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 254, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 254, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 254, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 254, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 254,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 4.905, 130.870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 254, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
254, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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