

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 6.470, 109.682)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 6.470, 109.682)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(100, 6.073, 109.711)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FFFFF4 |
| RGB | 255, 255, 244 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 100%, 96% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0438 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00 |
| HSL | 60°, 100%, 98% |
| HSV | 60°, 4%, 100% |
| XYZ | 93.8837, 100.0000, 99.8099 |
| YIQ | 253.7460, 3.5310, -3.4210 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 244, 255, 244 |
| Decimal | 16777204 |
| CIE Lab | 100.00, -2.05, 5.72 |
| CIE LCh | 100, 6.073, 109.711 |
| Yxy | 100.0000, 0.3197, 0.3405 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294967284 (0xFFFFFFFF4) |
| YUV | 253.7460, -4.8048, 1.0998 |
| Hunter-Lab | 100.0000, -7.4176, 10.8227 |

Details

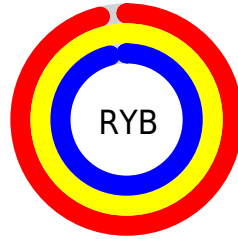
The CIELCh color 100, 6.073, 109.711 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 96, 5.725, 290.628, and the grayscale version is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 80, 5.308, 109.686 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 99, 18.537, 108.775, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

Distribution



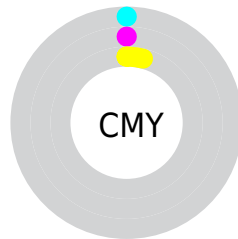
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 100, 6.073, 109.711 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 100, 6.073, 109.711 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 100, 6.073,
109.711

 100, 6.073,
109.711

 90, 6.073, 109.711

 99, 18.537,
108.775

 80, 6.073, 109.711


 99, 31.302,
107.797

 70, 6.073, 109.711

 60, 6.073, 109.711

 98, 43.826,
106.830

 50, 6.073, 109.711

 98, 55.925,
105.897

 40, 6.073, 109.711

 30, 6.073, 109.711

 98, 67.316,
105.028

 20, 6.073, 109.711

 97, 77.578,
104.257

 10, 6.073, 109.711

 97, 86.144,

103.626

■ 97, 92.390,
103.174

■ 97, 95.905,
102.923

■ 100, 6.073,
109.711

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 6.073, 109.711



96, 5.725, 290.628

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 6.073, 109.711



100, 6.073, 159.711



100, 6.073, 289.711



100, 6.073, 339.711

Sweetspot

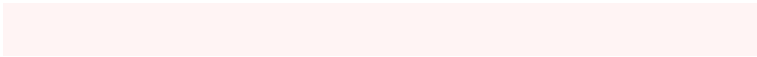
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 5.649, 109.742



100, 1.282, 110.022



97, 3.964, 19.506



53, 0.729, 110.023



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 5.649, 109.742



100, 6.453, 109.683



99, 6.010, 128.900



53, 4.403, 109.617



75, 78.056, 102.852



26, 35.525, 102.993

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 5.725, 290.628



96, 6.545, 290.691



97, 6.066, 309.238



51, 4.470, 290.763



23, 107.781, 306.287



3, 44.127, 301.758

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 100, 6.073, 109.711 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

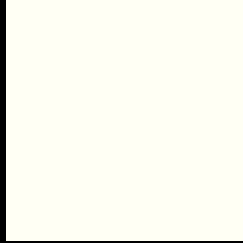
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 100, 6.073, 109.711 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 100, 6.073, 109.711

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 100, 6.073, 109.711.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 100, 6.073, 109.711.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
100, 5.566, 109.748

Protanopia
100, 0.604, 74.594

Deuteranopia
100, 0.351, 17.546

Tritanopia
100, 0.519, 290.364

Trichromacy

Original Color

100, 5.566, 109.748

Protanomaly

100, 2.045, 100.090

Deuteranomaly

100, 2.045, 100.090

Tritanomaly

100, 1.511, 110.014

Monochromacy

Original Color

100, 5.566, 109.748

Achromatopsia

100, 0.012, 296.813

Achromatomaly

100, 2.019, 109.989

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 100, 6.073, 109.711 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 244) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 100, 6.073, 109.711 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

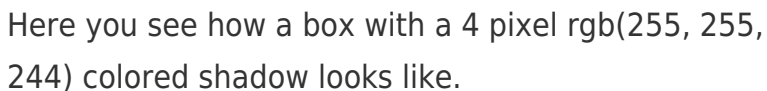
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 244); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 244); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 244) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 100, 6.073, 109.711 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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