

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 61.946, 69.115)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 61.946, 69.115)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(93, 48.491, 97.645)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	20
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(93, 48.491, 97.645)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEEC8D
RGB	254, 236, 141
RGB Percent	100%, 93%, 55%
CMY	0.0042, 0.0745, 0.4469
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.44, 0.00
HSL	50°, 98%, 77%
HSV	50°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	75.6538, 82.9670, 37.2438
YIQ	230.5520, 41.2230, -25.7290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

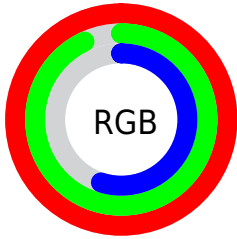
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	162, 254, 141
Decimal	16706701
CIE Lab	93.00, -6.45, 48.06
CIE LCh	93, 48.491, 97.645
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3863, 0.4236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294896781 (0xFFFEEC8D)
YUV	230.5520, -44.1491, 20.5639
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, -11.1436, 39.5176

# Details

The CIELCh color **93, 48.491, 97.645** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **68, 52.337, 289.758**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 29.728, 107.918**, and **73, 48.136, 97.648** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 58.824, 96.469**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 37.749, 98.828**.

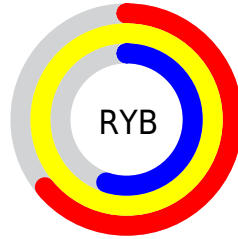
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (93%)

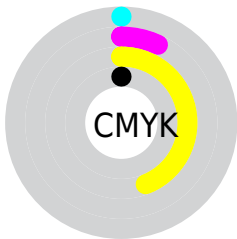
Blue (55%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (55%)

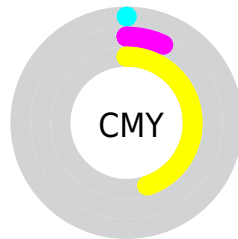


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 48.491, 97.645 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 48.491, 97.645 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93, 48.491, 97.645

93, 48.491, 97.645

100, 48.491,  
97.645

83, 48.491, 97.645

73, 48.491, 97.645

63, 48.491, 97.645

53, 48.491, 97.645

43, 48.491, 97.645

33, 48.491, 97.645

23, 48.491, 97.645

13, 48.491, 97.645

3, 48.491, 97.645

93, 48.491, 97.645

93, 48.491, 97.645

92, 58.824, 96.469

94, 37.749, 98.828

90, 68.377, 95.298

96, 26.819, 99.996

89, 76.582, 94.138

97, 15.831,  
101.142

88, 82.687, 92.978

99, 4.860, 102.239

87, 85.993, 91.780

100, 0.368,  
201.183

86, 86.785, 91.090

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 48.491, 97.645



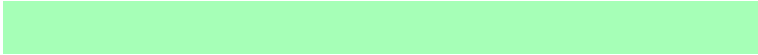
68, 52.337, 289.758

# Rectangle

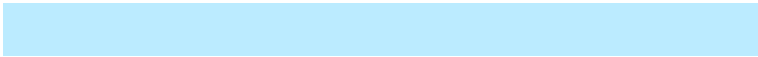
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 48.491, 97.645



93, 48.491, 147.645



93, 48.491, 277.645



93, 48.491, 327.645

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



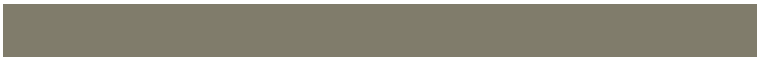
93, 48.492, 97.649



98, 14.279, 101.305



71, 45.501, 11.668



52, 9.997, 101.056



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

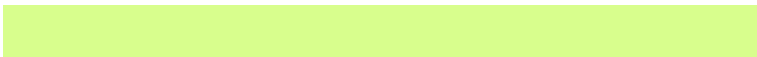
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 48.492, 97.649



92, 57.550, 96.639



95, 57.905, 120.605



52, 6.238, 101.695



67, 70.224, 91.316



23, 31.398, 92.988





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 52.337, 289.758



62, 63.611, 291.732



66, 63.496, 306.151



49, 6.328, 283.888



26, 98.365, 303.704



5, 39.067, 298.686



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 48.491, 97.645 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

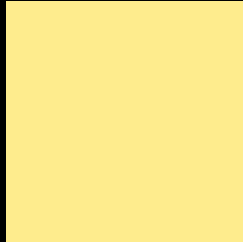
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 48.491, 97.645 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

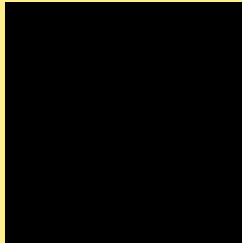
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 93, 48.491, 97.645

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 48.491, 97.645.

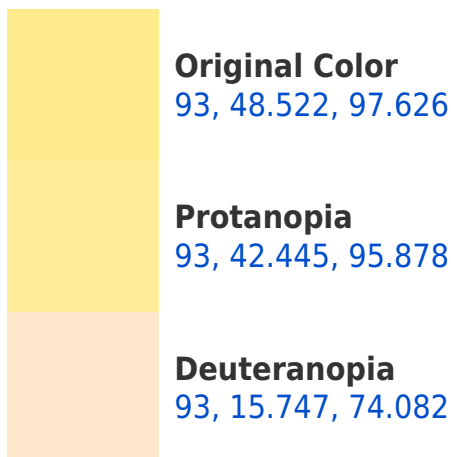


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 48.491, 97.645.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

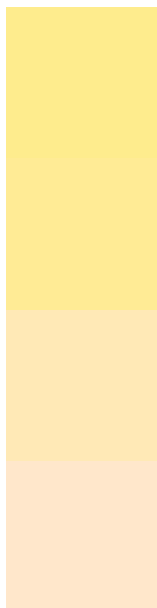




**Tritanopia**  
93, 11.221, 349.888



# Trichromacy



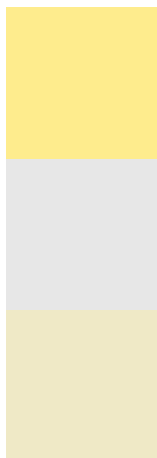
**Original Color**  
93, 48.522, 97.626

**Protanomaly**  
93, 44.381, 96.156

**Deuteranomaly**  
93, 27.550, 89.942

**Tritanomaly**  
93, 17.058, 76.832

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
93, 48.522, 97.626

**Achromatopsia**  
92, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 18.125, 101.548

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 48.491, 97.645 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 236, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 236, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 236, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 236, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 48.491, 97.645 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 236, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 236, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 236, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 236, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 236, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 236,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 48.491, 97.645 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 236, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
236, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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