

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 7.149, 46.865)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 7.149, 46.865) contains.

<b>CIELCh(99, 3.691, 93.151)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(99, 3.691, 93.151)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFCF5
RGB	255, 252, 245
RGB Percent	100%, 99%, 96%
CMY	0.0002, 0.0119, 0.0394
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	42°, 99%, 98%
HSV	42°, 4%, 100%
XYZ	92.4963, 97.4360, 100.2847
YIQ	252.0990, 4.0350, -1.5410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

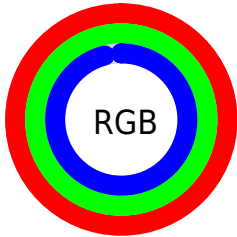
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	249, 255, 245
Decimal	16776437
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	99.00, -0.20, 3.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	99, 3.691, 93.151
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3187, 0.3357
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294966517 (0xFFFFFCF5)
YUV	252.0990, -3.4998, 2.5442
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -5.4777, 8.8608

# Details

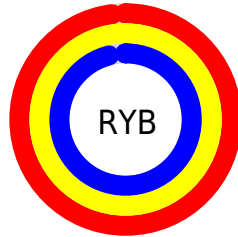
The CIELCh color 99, 3.691, 93.151 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98, 3.715, 274.289, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 3.370, 90.499 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 97, 13.253, 91.988, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.017, 241.196.

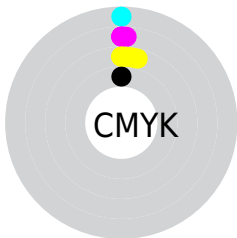
# Distribution



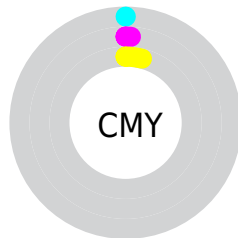
- Red (100%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 3.691, 93.151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 3.691, 93.151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 3.691, 93.151

 99, 3.691, 93.151

 100, 3.691, 93.151

 89, 3.691, 93.151

 79, 3.691, 93.151

 69, 3.691, 93.151

 59, 3.691, 93.151

 49, 3.691, 93.151

 39, 3.691, 93.151

 29, 3.691, 93.151

 19, 3.691, 93.151

 9, 3.691, 93.151

99, 3.691, 93.151

99, 3.691, 93.151

97, 13.253, 91.988

100, 0.017,  
241.196

94, 22.972, 90.703

92, 32.815, 89.374

89, 42.707, 88.006

87, 52.494, 86.595

85, 61.892, 85.126

83, 70.399, 83.558

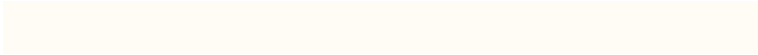
81, 77.226, 81.804

79, 81.435, 79.717

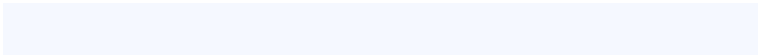
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 3.691, 93.151



98, 3.715, 274.289

# Rectangle

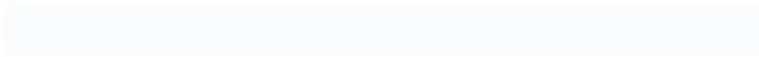
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 3.691, 93.151



99, 3.691, 143.151



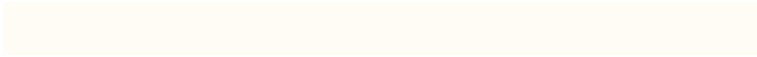
99, 3.691, 273.151



99, 3.691, 323.151

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 3.693, 93.185



100, 0.931, 93.331



97, 3.864, 356.177



53, 0.529, 93.322



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

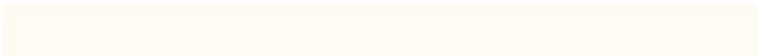


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 3.693, 93.185



99, 4.716, 93.068



100, 5.117, 117.731



53, 3.221, 92.988



60, 66.719, 78.758



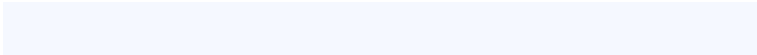
20, 28.587, 81.464





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98, 3.715, 274.289



97, 4.739, 274.413



97, 5.180, 298.262



51, 3.235, 274.498



31, 83.173, 298.459

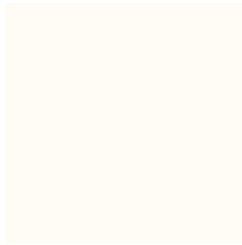


8, 33.382, 293.577



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 3.691, 93.151 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

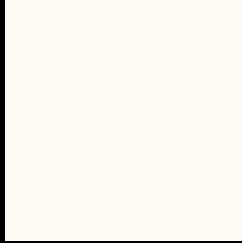
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 3.691, 93.151 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

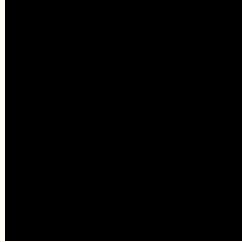
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 99, 3.691, 93.151

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 3.691, 93.151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 3.691, 93.151.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

**Original Color**  
99, 3.691, 93.151

**Protanopia**  
99, 1.836, 74.893

**Deuteranopia**  
99, 1.502, 359.268

**Tritanopia**  
99, 1.581, 303.066



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

99, 3.691, 93.151

**Protanomaly**

99, 2.272, 82.227

**Deuteranomaly**

99, 1.723, 55.170

**Tritanomaly**

99, 0.856, 54.923

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

99, 3.691, 93.151



**Achromatopsia**

99, 0.012, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**

99, 1.550, 96.903

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 3.691, 93.151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 252, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 252, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 252, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 252, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 3.691, 93.151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 252, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 252, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 252, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 252, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 252, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 252,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 3.691, 93.151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 252, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
252, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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