

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 71.690, 344.403)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 71.690, 344.403)
contains.

CIELCh(87, 34.496, 325.624)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(87, 34.496, 325.624)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC8FF
RGB	255, 200, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 78%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2145, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 89%
HSV	300°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	80.1788, 70.0064, 104.1569
YIQ	222.7150, 15.1250, 28.7650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 200, 255
Decimal	16763135
CIE Lab	87.00, 28.47, -19.48
CIE LCh	87, 34.496, 325.624
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3152, 0.2752
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953215 (0xFFFFC8FF)
YUV	222.7150, 15.9165, 28.3139
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 24.6301, -15.2386

Details

The CIELCh color $87, 34.496, 325.624$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $95, 34.285, 143.035$, and the grayscale version is $89, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $67, 34.192, 325.859$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81, 50.166, 326.157$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $93, 18.258, 325.058$.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 34.496, 325.624 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 34.496, 325.624 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87, 34.496,
325.624

 87, 34.496,
325.624


 100, 34.496,
325.624


 77, 34.496,
325.624

 67, 34.496,
325.624

 57, 34.496,
325.624

 47, 34.496,
325.624

 37, 34.496,
325.624

 27, 34.496,
325.624

 17, 34.496,

325.624

■ 7, 34.496, 325.624

■ 0, 34.496, 325.624

■ 87, 34.496,
325.624

■ 87, 34.496,
325.624

■ 81, 50.166,
326.157

■ 93, 18.258,
325.058

■ 76, 65.446,
326.665

■ 99, 2.303, 324.388

■ 71, 79.629,
327.125

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 67, 92.104,
327.519

■ 64, 102.247,

327.832

■ 62, 109.567,
328.054

■ 61, 113.879,
328.183

■ 60, 115.567,
328.233

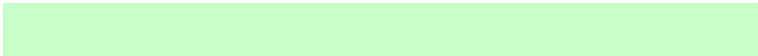
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 34.496, 325.624



95, 34.285, 143.035

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 34.496, 325.624



87, 34.496, 15.624



87, 34.496, 145.624



87, 34.496, 195.624

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 34.305, 325.617



96, 9.538, 324.741



82, 29.009, 292.660



51, 6.329, 324.780



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 34.305, 325.617



84, 41.567, 325.866



86, 24.379, 345.561



50, 9.057, 324.947



45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233

Inverse Universe

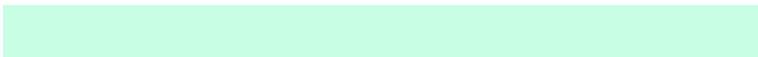
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 34.305, 325.617



84, 41.567, 325.866



96, 23.728, 161.741



50, 9.057, 324.947



45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 34.496, 325.624 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 34.496, 325.624 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

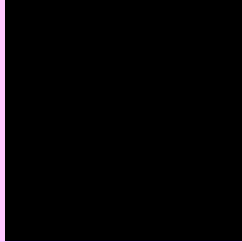
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 34.496, 325.624

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 34.496, 325.624.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 34.496, 325.624.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87, 34.496, 325.624

Protanopia

87, 19.973, 285.158

Deuteranopia

87, 21.302, 300.995



Tritanopia
87, 18.097, 353.415

Trichromacy



Original Color
87, 34.496, 325.624



Protanomaly
87, 23.715, 304.344



Deuteranomaly
87, 25.932, 312.834



Tritanomaly
87, 23.257, 338.937

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 34.496, 325.624



Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
88, 12.681, 324.887

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 34.496, 325.624 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 200, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 200, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 200, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 200, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 34.496, 325.624 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 200, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 200, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 200, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 200, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 200, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 200,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 34.496, 325.624 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 200, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
200, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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