

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 73.268, 64.572)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 73.268, 64.572)
contains.

CIELCh(91, 53.627, 94.249)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(91, 53.627, 94.249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE57D
RGB	255, 229, 125
RGB Percent	100%, 90%, 49%
CMY	0.0016, 0.1034, 0.5112
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.51, 0.00
HSL	48°, 99%, 74%
HSV	48°, 51%, 100%
XYZ	72.6847, 78.4833, 30.5996
YIQ	224.9180, 48.8800, -26.8320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

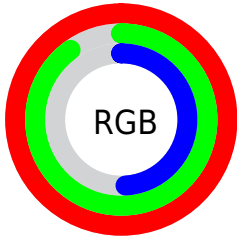
Format	Color
RYB	158, 255, 125
Decimal	16770429
CIELab	91.00, -3.97, 53.48
CIELCh	91, 53.627, 94.249
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3999, 0.4318
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960509 (0xFFFFE57D)
YUV	224.9180, -49.2596, 26.3819
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -8.5829, 41.5346

Details

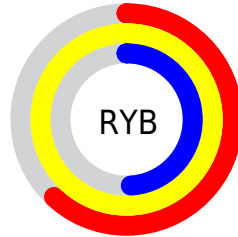
The CIELCh color **91, 53.627, 94.249** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **65, 57.859, 289.165**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 37.646, 107.307**, and **71, 53.892, 94.344** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 63.377, 92.985**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 43.340, 95.506**.

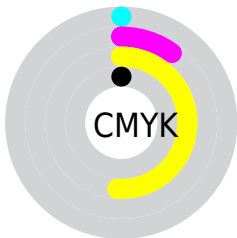
Distribution



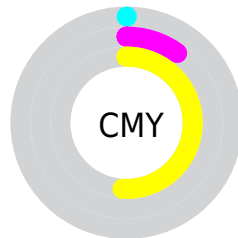
- Red (100%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 53.627, 94.249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 53.627, 94.249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 53.627, 94.249

 91, 53.627, 94.249

 100, 53.627,
94.249

 81, 53.627, 94.249

 71, 53.627, 94.249

 61, 53.627, 94.249

 51, 53.627, 94.249

 41, 53.627, 94.249

 31, 53.627, 94.249

 21, 53.627, 94.249

 11, 53.627, 94.249

 1, 53.627, 94.249

■ 91, 53.627, 94.249

■ 91, 53.627, 94.249

■ 89, 63.377, 92.985

■ 93, 43.340, 95.506

■ 88, 72.104, 91.699

■ 94, 32.805, 96.742

■ 87, 79.100, 90.371

■ 96, 22.195, 97.954

■ 85, 83.541, 88.946

■ 98, 11.603, 99.131

■ 84, 85.206, 87.543

■ 100, 1.081,
100.121

■ 100, 0.140,
204.146

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 53.627, 94.249



65, 57.859, 289.165

Rectangle

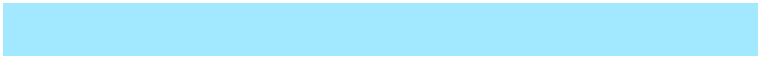
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 53.627, 94.249



91, 53.627, 144.249



91, 53.627, 274.249



91, 53.627, 324.249

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



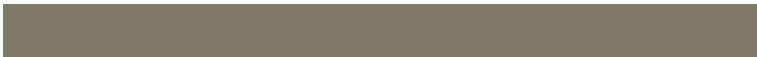
91, 53.628, 94.252



97, 15.808, 98.670



68, 52.744, 10.569



52, 10.794, 98.422



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

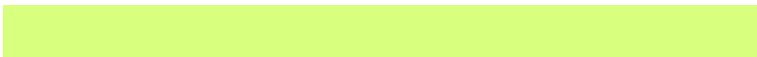
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 53.628, 94.252



90, 63.417, 92.990



95, 65.545, 118.920



52, 5.977, 99.307



65, 68.817, 87.844



22, 30.472, 89.903

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 57.859, 289.165



58, 70.450, 291.768



61, 73.531, 305.747



49, 6.046, 281.579



27, 94.478, 302.507



6, 37.658, 297.614

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 53.627, 94.249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 53.627, 94.249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 53.627, 94.249

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 53.627, 94.249.

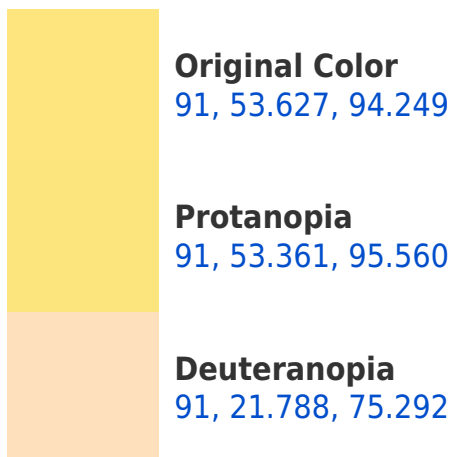


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 53.627, 94.249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

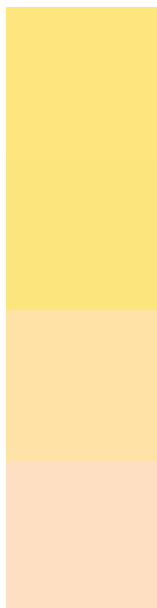




Tritanopia

91, 14.095, 354.359

Trichromacy



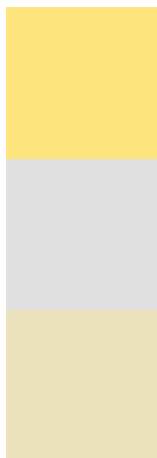
Original Color
91, 53.627, 94.249

Protanomaly
91, 53.446, 95.122

Deuteranomaly
91, 33.055, 87.160

Tritanomaly
91, 19.889, 70.661

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 53.627, 94.249

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 19.491, 97.286

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 53.627, 94.249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 229, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 229, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 229, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 229, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 53.627, 94.249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 229, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 229, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 229, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 229, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 229, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 229,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 53.627, 94.249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 229, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
229, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor