

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 77.340, 45.359)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 77.340, 45.359)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 36.365, 76.333)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD297
RGB	255, 210, 151
RGB Percent	100%, 82%, 59%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1753, 0.4069
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.41, 0.00
HSL	34°, 100%, 80%
HSV	34°, 41%, 100%
XYZ	70.4775, 70.0064, 39.1773
YIQ	216.7290, 45.7590, -8.8090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

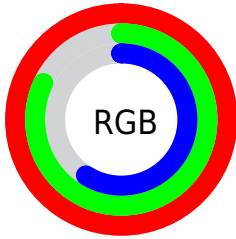
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 255, 151
Decimal	16765591
CIE Lab	87.00, 8.59, 35.34
CIE LCh	87, 36.365, 76.333
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3923, 0.3897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294955671 (0xFFFFD297)
YUV	216.7290, -32.4044, 33.5637
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 3.9335, 30.8071

# Details

The CIELCh color **87, 36.365, 76.333** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **78, 33.707, 269.764**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 24.734, 108.302**, and **67, 36.433, 77.083** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 45.607, 75.683**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 26.728, 78.478**.

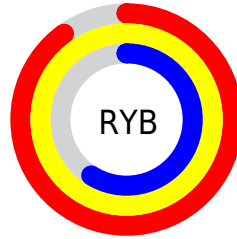
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (82%)

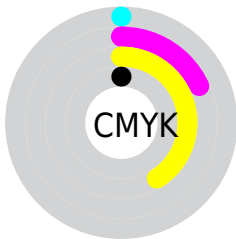
Blue (59%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (59%)

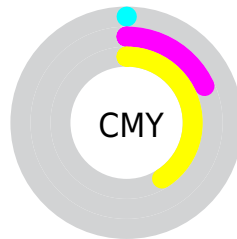


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 36.365, 76.333 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 36.365, 76.333 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 87, 36.365, 76.333

 87, 36.365, 76.333

 100, 36.365,  
76.333

 77, 36.365, 76.333

 67, 36.365, 76.333

 57, 36.365, 76.333

 47, 36.365, 76.333

 37, 36.365, 76.333

 27, 36.365, 76.333

 17, 36.365, 76.333

 7, 36.365, 76.333

 0, 36.365, 76.333

87, 36.365, 76.333

87, 36.365, 76.333

84, 45.607, 75.683

90, 26.728, 78.478

81, 55.237, 74.210

93, 17.699, 79.822

78, 64.608, 72.625

96, 8.980, 81.119

75, 73.090, 70.805

100, 0.561, 81.769

73, 79.668, 68.521

100, 0.012,  
296.813

71, 83.494, 65.816

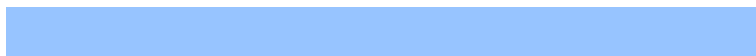
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 36.365, 76.333



78, 33.707, 269.764

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 36.365, 76.333



87, 36.365, 126.333



87, 36.365, 256.333



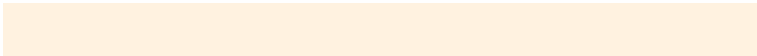
87, 36.365, 306.333

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 36.052, 77.099



96, 10.104, 80.953



74, 44.825, 351.893



51, 6.718, 80.786



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 36.052, 77.099



84, 43.981, 75.926



98, 51.606, 109.276



52, 4.765, 81.268



54, 67.121, 66.490



17, 27.176, 68.791



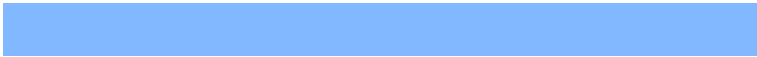


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 33.707, 269.764



74, 40.584, 271.931



67, 57.381, 297.683



50, 4.707, 263.858



38, 66.708, 290.249



10, 26.869, 284.267



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 36.365, 76.333 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 36.365, 76.333 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 36.365, 76.333

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 36.365, 76.333.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 36.365, 76.333.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87, 36.102, 76.903

### Protanopia

87, 33.823, 95.693

### Deuteranopia

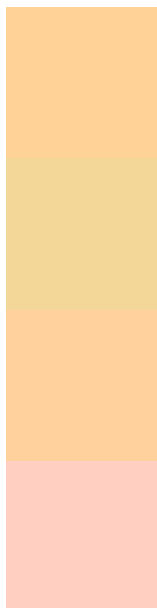
87, 31.623, 72.937



**Tritanopia**  
87, 19.464, 2.263



# Trichromacy



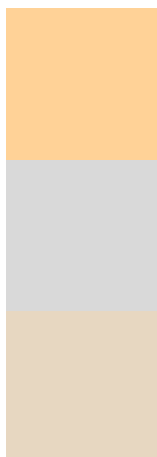
**Original Color**  
87, 36.102, 76.903

**Protanomaly**  
87, 34.053, 88.704

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 33.396, 74.668

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 19.978, 41.884

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 36.102, 76.903

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 12.986, 81.319

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 36.365, 76.333 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 210, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 210, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 210, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 210, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 36.365, 76.333 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 210, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 210, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 210, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 210, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 210, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 210,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 36.365, 76.333 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 210, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
210, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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